# COUNTY OF KING & QUEEN, VIRGINIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

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John R. Charboneau
Dr. Carol B. Carter
Betty Dougherty
Thomas J. Swartzwelder
Thomas J. Swartzwelder

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### ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of King and Queen King and Queen, Virginia

### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of King and Queen, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties*, *Cities*, *and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

### **Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of King and Queen, Virginia, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

### Change in Accounting Principle

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement Nos. 84, *Fiduciary Activities*, and 90, *Majority Equity Interests*. Our opinion is not modified with respect to these matters.

### Restatement of Beginning Balances

As described in Note 21 to the financial statements, in 2021, the County restated beginning balances to reflect the requirements of GASB Statement No. 84. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

### Other Matters

### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, and schedules related to pension and OPEB funding on pages 4-9, 92-93 and 94-114 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance. The budgetary comparison information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

### Supplementary and Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise County of King and Queen, Virginia's basic financial statements. The other supplementary information and statistical information are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U. S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

### Supplementary and Other Information (Continued)

The other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the other supplementary information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The statistical information has not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on it.

### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

Robinson, Farma Cox associte

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 3, 2021, on our consideration of County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Richmond, Virginia

December 3, 2021

### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors To the Citizens of King and Queen County County of King and Queen, Virginia

As management of the County of King and Queen, Virginia we offer readers of the County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. Please read it in conjunction with the County's basic financial statements, which follow this section.

### **Financial Highlights**

### **Government-wide Financial Statements**

The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the County exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$33,888,908 (net position).

### Fund Financial Statements

The Governmental Funds, on a current financial resource basis, reported revenues and other financing sources in excess of expenditures and other financing uses of \$183,422 (Exhibit 5) after making contributions totaling \$4,009,523 to the School Board.

- < As of the close of the current fiscal year; the County's funds reported ending fund balances of \$27,755,832, an increase of \$183,422 in comparison with the prior year.
- < At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance for the general fund was \$13,344,920, or 83% of total general fund expenditures and other uses.
- The combined long-term obligations increased \$360,077 during the current fiscal year.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the County's basic financial statements. The County's basic financial statements comprise three components:

- 1. Government-wide financial statements.
- 2. Fund financial statements, and
- 3. Notes to the financial statements.

This report also contains required and other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

The statement of net position presents information on all of the County's assets/deferred outflows of resources and liabilities/deferred inflows of resources with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the County is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the County's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in the statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the County include general government, courts, police protection, sanitation, social services, education, cultural events, and recreation.

The Government-wide financial statements include not only the County of King and Queen, Virginia itself (known as the primary government), but also for a legally separate school district and an Industrial Development Authority for which the County of King and Queen, Virginia is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units are reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

<u>Fund financial statements</u> - A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The County of King and Queen, Virginia, like other local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the County can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds - Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions or services reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Whereas the government-wide financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, the governmental fund financial statements are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting. The focus of modified accrual reporting is on near-term inflows and outflows of financial resources and the balance of financial resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Since the governmental funds focus is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements a reconciliation between the two methods is provided at the bottom of the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances. The County has three major governmental funds – the General Fund, the Special Revenue Fund and the Capital Projects Fund.

Proprietary funds – Proprietary funds consist of enterprise funds. Enterprise funds are established to account for the delivery of goods and services to the general public and use the accrual basis of accounting, similar to private sector business.

The Wireless Service Authority Fund provides a centralized source for wireless services to County residents.

<u>Fiduciary funds</u> - The County is the trustee, or fiduciary, for the County's agency funds. It is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of the County's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position.

### **Overview of the Financial Statements (Continued)**

<u>Fiduciary funds (Continued)</u> - The County excludes these activities from the County's government-wide financial statements because the County cannot use these assets to finance its operations. Agency funds are County custodial funds used to provide accountability of client monies for which the County is custodian.

<u>Notes to the financial statements</u> - The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information - In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain required supplementary information for budgetary comparison schedules and schedules of pension and OPEB funding progress. Other supplementary information includes the presentation of combining financial statements for the discretely presented component unit - School Board and Industrial Development Authority and budgetary schedules. The School Board and Industrial Development Authority do not issue separate financial statements.

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a County's financial position. In the case of the County, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$33,888,908 at the close of the most recent fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Net Position:

		County	OT P	(ing and Que	en,	-	s-type				
		Governme	ntal	Activities		Act	7.		Т	otal	s
		2021		2020		2021	2020		2021		2020
Current and other assets	\$	29,914,520	\$	29,397,330	\$	69,807	\$ 119,628	\$	29,984,327	\$	29,516,958
Capital assets	_	6,555,515	_	6,686,685		313,546	 326,198		6,869,061	_	7,012,883
Total assets	\$_	36,470,035	\$_	36,084,015	\$_	383,353	\$ 445,826	\$	36,853,388	\$_	36,529,841
Deferred outflows											
of resources	\$_	728,296	\$_	493,218	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	728,296	\$_	493,218
Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$	1,727,145	\$	1,364,993	\$	-	\$ -	\$	1,727,145	\$	1,364,993
outstanding	_	1,773,551		1,413,474		-	 -		1,773,551		1,413,474
Total liabilities	\$_	3,500,696	\$	2,778,467	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	3,500,696	\$	2,778,467
Deferred inflows											
of resources	\$_	192,080	\$_	193,231	\$_	-	\$ -	\$	192,080	\$_	193,231
Net position: Investment in											
capital assets	\$	6,555,515	\$	6,686,685	\$	313,546	\$ 326,198	\$	6,869,061	\$	7,012,883
Restricted		222,353		188,550		-	-		222,353		188,550
Unrestricted	_	26,727,687		26,730,300		69,807	 119,628		26,797,494		26,849,928
Total net position	\$_	33,505,555	\$	33,605,535	\$_	383,353	\$ 445,826	\$_	33,888,908	\$_	34,051,361

### **Government-wide Financial Analysis (Continued)**

The County's net position decreased \$162,453 during the current fiscal year. The following table summarizes the County's Statement of Activities:

	Governme	ntal	Activities		Business-typ	oe A	ctivities		Tot	als	
	2021		2020		2021		2020		2021	20	20
Revenues:											
Program revenues:											
Charges for services	\$ 2,792,053	\$	2,767,542	\$	121,920	\$	143,223	\$	2,913,973 \$	2,91	0,765
Operating grants and											
contributions	4,021,283		2,564,893		-		-		4,021,283	2,56	4,893
General revenues:											
General property taxes	7,637,383		7,525,429		-		-		7,637,383	7,52	5,429
Other local taxes	838,416		719,051		-		-		838,416	71	9,051
Grants and other contri-											
butions not restricted	1,014,949		1,119,293		-		-		1,014,949	1,11	9,293
Other general revenues	257,541		727,250		38		97		257,579	72	7,347
Total revenues	\$ 16,561,625	\$	15,423,458	\$	121,958	\$	143,320	\$	16,683,583 \$	15,56	6,778
Expenses:				_				•			
General government											
administration	\$ 2,733,985	\$	1,245,092	\$	-	\$	-	\$	2,733,985 \$	1,24	5,092
Judicial administration	703,618		660,957		-		-		703,618	66	0,957
Public safety	5,255,477		4,990,245		-		-		5,255,477	4,99	0,245
Public works	759,400		671,619		-		-		759,400	67	1,619
Health and welfare	1,761,474		1,732,518		-		-		1,761,474	1,73	2,518
Education	4,018,594		4,640,286		-		-		4,018,594	4,64	0,286
Parks, recreation, and											
cultural	194,414		171,742		-		-		194,414	17	1,742
Community development	1,234,643		367,425		-		-		1,234,643	36	7,425
Wireless service authority	-		-		184,431	_	191,040		184,431	19	1,040
Total expenses	\$ 16,661,605	\$_	14,479,884	\$_	184,431	\$_	191,040	\$	16,846,036 \$	14,67	0,924
Change in net position	\$ (99,980)	\$	943,574	\$	(62,473)	\$	(47,720)	\$	(162,453) \$	89	5,854
Beginning of year	33,605,535		32,661,961		445,826		493,546		34,051,361	33,15	5,507
End of year	\$ 33,505,555	\$	33,605,535	-\$-	383,353	- s -	445,826	\$	33,888,908 \$	34,05	1 361

### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds

As noted earlier, the County used fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

<u>Governmental Funds</u> - The focus of the County's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of available resources. Such information is useful in assessing the County's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a County's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the County's governmental funds reported fund balances of \$27,755,832, an increase of \$183,422 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 48% of this total amount constitutes unassigned General Fund balance, which is available for spending at the County's discretion.

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - The County's proprietary funds provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail. Unrestricted net position at the end of the year amounted to \$69,807. The total decrease in net position was \$62,473. Other factors concerning the finances of this fund have already been addressed in the discussion of the County's business-type activities.

### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

During the year, revenues and other sources were greater than budgetary estimates by \$736,236. Expenditures and other uses were less than budgetary estimates by \$1,134,345, resulting in a positive variance of \$1,870,581.

### **Capital Asset and Debt Administration**

< <u>Capital assets</u> - The County's investment in capital assets for its governmental operations as of June 30, 2021 amounts to \$6,555,515 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and system, and machinery and equipment.

Additional information on the County's capital assets can be found in the notes of this report.

Long-term debt - At the end of the current fiscal year, the County had no debt outstanding.

Additional information on the County of King and Queen, Virginia's long-term obligations can be found in Note 7 of this report.

### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates**

< Inflationary trends in the region compare to national indices.

All of these factors were considered in preparing the County's budget for the 2022 fiscal year.

The fiscal year 2022 general fund budget increased approximately 5.8%. All tax rates remained the same as in 2021.

### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the County of King and Queen, Virginia's finances for all those with an interest in the County's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the County Administrator, Allen's Circle and Courthouse Landing Road, King and Queen Courthouse, Virginia 23085.

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

		Pri	imary	Governme	nt			Component Units				
								•		ndustrial		
	Go	overnmental	Bus	iness-type				School	De	velopment		
		<u>Activities</u>	<u>A</u>	ctivities		<u>Total</u>		<u>Board</u>	4	Authority		
ASSETS												
Cash and investments	\$	28,632,045	\$	50,196	\$	28,682,241	\$	803,124	\$	243,808		
Receivables (net of allowance for												
uncollectibles):												
Taxes receivable		441,792		-		441,792		-		-		
Accounts receivable		114,289		19,611		133,900		-		-		
Due from other governmental units		693,711		-		693,711		544,053		-		
Prepaid items		32,683		-		32,683		-		-		
Net pension asset		-		-		-		541,579		-		
Capital assets (net of accumulated												
depreciation):												
Land and land improvements		208,298		-		208,298		39,639		516,019		
Buildings and improvements		2,723,929		-		2,723,929		4,924,827		11,962		
Machinery and equipment		2,772,322		-		2,772,322		926,579		-		
Infrastructure		609,134		273,906		883,040		-		-		
Construction in progress		241,832		39,640		281,472		80,042		-		
Total assets	\$	36,470,035	\$	383,353	\$	36,853,388	\$	7,859,843	\$	771,789		
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
OPEB related items	\$	66,396	\$	-	\$	66,396	\$	285,549	\$	-		
Pension related items		661,900		-		661,900		2,101,884				
Total deferred outflows of resources	\$	728,296	\$	-	\$	728,296	\$		\$	-		
LIABILITIES												
Accounts payable	\$	556,037	\$	-	\$	556,037	\$	312,099	\$	-		
Accrued liabilities		400,162		-		400,162		939,867		75,000		
Accrued interest payable		· -		-		-		12,489		-		
Unearned revenue		770,946		-		770,946		-		-		
Long-term liabilities:												
Due within one year		30,263		-		30,263		95,859		-		
Due in more than one year		1,743,288		-		1,743,288		10,736,452		-		
Total liabilities	\$	3,500,696	\$	-	\$	3,500,696	\$	12,096,766	\$	75,000		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES												
Deferred revenue - property taxes	\$	71,757	\$	-	\$	71,757	\$		\$	-		
OPEB related items		7,087	•	-	·	7,087	·	73,325	·	-		
Pension related items		113,236		-		113,236		704,164		-		
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	192,080	\$	-	\$	192,080	\$		\$	-		
NET POSITION		·				·						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	6,555,515	\$	313,546	\$	6,869,061	\$	4,879,167	\$	527,981		
Restricted:	•	2,222,212	•		•	2,227,227	,	.,,	•	,,,,,,,,,		
Asset forfeiture		5,100		_		5,100		_		_		
Court security		84,662		-		84,662		-		_		
Various public safety programs		33,287		_		33,287		_		_		
School food services		13,495		_		13,495		_				
CDBG		85,809		_		85,809		_		_		
Net pension asset		-		_		-		541,579				
Unrestricted (deficit)		26,727,687		69,807		26,797,494		(8,047,725)		168,808		
Total net position	ς	33,505,555	\$	383,353	\$	33,888,908	\$		ς	696,789		
rotat net position	٠	33,303,333	~	303,333	۲	33,000,700	ڔ	(2,020,777)	٧	0,0,707		

		Program Revenues								
					Operating	Capital				
			Charges for		Grants and	<b>Grants and</b>				
Functions/Programs	<u>Expenses</u>		<u>Services</u>	<b>Contributions</b>		<b>Contributions</b>				
PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:										
Governmental activities:										
General government administration	\$ 2,733,985	\$	-	\$	311,433	-				
Judicial administration	703,618		228,589		317,508	-				
Public safety	5,255,477		424,277		732,638	-				
Public works	759,400		2,139,187		70,141	-				
Health and welfare	1,761,474		-		1,254,236	-				
Education	4,018,594		-		54,544	-				
Parks, recreation, and cultural	194,414		-		1,000	-				
Community development	1,234,643		-		1,279,783	-				
Total governmental activities	\$ 16,661,605	\$	2,792,053	\$	4,021,283	\$ -				
Business-type activities:										
Wireless Service Authority	\$ 184,431	\$	121,920	\$	-	\$ -				
Total business-type activities	\$ 184,431	\$	121,920	\$	-	\$ -				
Total primary government	\$ 16,846,036	\$	2,913,973	\$	4,021,283	\$ -				
COMPONENT UNITS:										
School Board	\$ 12,403,578	\$	13,628	\$	8,147,607	\$ -				
Industrial Development Authority	88,806		30,052		57,032	-				
Total component units	\$ 12,492,384	\$	43,680	\$	8,204,639	\$ -				

### General revenues:

General property taxes

Other local taxes:

Local sales and use taxes

Consumers' utility taxes

Motor vehicle licenses

Other local taxes

Unrestricted revenues from use of money and property

Miscellaneous

Payments from King and Queen County

Grants and contributions not restricted to specific programs

Total general revenues

Change in net position

Net position - beginning, as restated

Net position - ending

### Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

		Pr	imary Government	t		Component Units					
	Governmental		Business-type								
	<u>Activities</u>		<u>Activities</u>		<u>Total</u>		School Board		<u>IDA</u>		
\$	(2,422,552)	\$	-	\$	(2,422,552)	\$	-	\$	-		
	(157,521)		-		(157,521)		-		-		
	(4,098,562)		-		(4,098,562)		-		-		
	1,449,928		-		1,449,928		-		-		
	(507,238)		-		(507,238)		-		-		
	(3,964,050)		-		(3,964,050)		-		-		
	(193,414)		-		(193,414)		-		-		
	45,140		-		45,140		-		-		
\$	(9,848,269)	\$	-	\$	(9,848,269)	\$	-	\$	-		
\$	-	\$	(62,511)		(62,511)		-	\$	-		
\$ \$ \$	-	\$	(62,511)		(62,511)		-	\$	-		
\$	(9,848,269)	\$	(62,511)	\$	(9,910,780)	\$	-	\$	-		
						\$	(4,242,343)	\$	-		
							-		(1,722		
					:	\$	(4,242,343)	\$	(1,722		
\$	7,637,383	\$	-	\$	7,637,383	\$	-	\$	-		
	332,861		_		332,861		-		_		
	189,860		-		189,860		_		-		
	211,527		-		211,527		_		-		
	104,168		-		104,168		_		-		
	215,284		38		215,322		27		292		
	42,257		-		42,257		39,359		70		
	-		-		-		4,009,523		-		
	1,014,949		-		1,014,949		-		-		
\$	9,748,289	\$	38	\$	9,748,327	\$	4,048,909	\$	362		
\$ \$		\$	(62,473)		(162,453)		(193,434)		(1,360		
-	33,605,535	•	445,826	-	34,051,361	•	(2,433,545)	•	698,149		
\$	33,505,555	\$	383,353	\$	33,888,908	\$	(2,626,979)	\$	696,789		

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Balance Sheet Governmental Funds June 30, 2021

		<u>General</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>		Special <u>Revenue</u>	<u>Total</u>
ASSETS							
Cash and investments	\$	24,544,198	\$	847,725	\$	3,240,122	\$ 28,632,045
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):							
Taxes receivable		441,792		-		-	441,792
Accounts receivable		106,431		-		7,858	114,289
Due from other funds		-		-		5,838	5,838
Due from other governmental units		321,810		293,436		78,465	693,711
Prepaid items		32,683		-		-	32,683
Total assets	\$	25,446,914	\$	1,141,161	\$	3,332,283	\$ 29,920,358
LIABILITIES							
Accounts payable	\$	334,473	\$	121,039	\$	100,525	\$ 556,037
Accrued liabilities		83,939		309,500		6,723	400,162
Due to other funds		5,838		-		-	5,838
Unearned revenue		770,946		-		-	770,946
Total liabilities	\$	1,195,196	\$	430,539	\$	107,248	\$ 1,732,983
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES							
Unavailable revenue - property taxes	\$	431,543	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 431,543
Total deferred inflows of resources	\$	431,543	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 431,543
FUND BALANCES							
Nonspendable	\$	32,683	\$	_	\$	_	\$ 32,683
Restricted	•	99,304	•	_	·	123,049	222,353
Committed		7,930,530		710,622		3,101,986	11,743,138
Assigned		2,412,738		-		-	2,412,738
Unassigned		13,344,920		-		-	13,344,920
Total fund balances	\$	23,820,175	\$	710,622	\$	3,225,035	\$ 27,755,832
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of							
resources and fund balances	\$	25,446,914	\$	1,141,161	\$	3,332,283	\$ 29,920,358

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Fosition are differen	it be	cause.	
Total fund balances per Exhibit 3 - Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds			\$ 27,755,832
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore,			
are not reported in the funds.	,	4.4.055.407	
Capital assets, cost	\$	14,055,496	
Accumulated depreciation		(7,499,981)	6,555,515
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
Unavailable revenue - property taxes			359,786
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current period expenditures			
and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
OPEB related items	\$	66,396	
Pension related items		661,900	728,296
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable, are not due and payable in the current			
period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds. The following is a summary of			
items supporting this adjustment:			
Net pension liability	\$	(630,900)	
Net OPEB liabilities	•	(840,017)	
Compensated absences		(302,634)	(1,773,551)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the current period and,			
therefore, are not reported in the funds.			
OPEB related items	\$	(7,087)	
Pension related items	ڔ	(113,236)	(120,323)
rension retated items		(113,230)	(120,323)
Net Position of governmental activities		<u>-</u>	\$ 33,505,555

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

DEVENUES		<u>General</u>		Capital <u>Projects</u>		Special <u>Revenue</u>		<u>Total</u>
REVENUES	\$	7 (() 77)	٠		۲		\$	7 (() 77)
General property taxes Other local taxes	Ş	7,663,772 838,416	\$	-	\$	-	Ş	7,663,772 838,416
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		118,812		-		-		118,812
Fines and forfeitures		218,547		-		-		218,547
Revenue from the use of money and property		210,547		1,474		4,256		215,284
Charges for services		2,398,614		1,474		56,080		2,454,694
Miscellaneous		16,871		_		25,386		42,257
Recovered costs		5,450		-		23,300		5,450
Intergovernmental:		3,430		_		_		3,430
Commonwealth		2,521,778		344,553		282,474		3,148,805
Federal		1,884,989		J <del>11</del> ,JJJ		2,438		1,887,427
Total revenues	Ś	15,876,803	\$	346,027	\$	370,634	Ś	16,593,464
Total revenues		13,070,003	٠,	340,027	ڔ	370,034	ڔ	10,373,404
EXPENDITURES								
Current:	_		_					
General government administration	\$	1,508,732	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,508,732
Judicial administration		584,665		-		-		584,665
Public safety		4,758,167		-		81,707		4,839,874
Public works		757,363		-		-		757,363
Health and welfare		1,311,784		-		414,511		1,726,295
Education		4,015,943		-		-		4,015,943
Parks, recreation, and cultural		194,266		-		-		194,266
Community development		1,237,169		-		-		1,237,169
Nondepartmental		48,748		-		-		48,748
Capital projects		-		1,496,987		-		1,496,987
Total expenditures	\$	14,416,837	\$	1,496,987	\$	496,218	\$	16,410,042
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over								
(under) expenditures	\$	1,459,966	\$	(1,150,960)	\$	(125,584)	\$	183,422
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	48,396	\$	1,430,043	\$	279,599	\$	1,758,038
Transfers out		(1,709,642)		(48,396)		-		(1,758,038)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(1,661,246)	\$	1,381,647	\$	279,599	\$	-
Not change in fund balances	¢	(204-200)	¢	220 407	ċ	154.045	ċ	102 422
Net change in fund balances Fund balances - beginning	\$	(201,280) 24,021,455	Ş	230,687 479,935	\$	154,015	\$	183,422
• •	<u> </u>		٠		<u>,</u>	3,071,020	Ċ	27,572,410
Fund balances - ending	\$	23,820,175	\$	710,622	\$	3,225,035	\$	27,755,832

# County of King and Queen, Virginia Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ 183,422

Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation expense exceeded capital outlays in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Capital asset additions	\$ 643,258	
Depreciation expense	 (774,428)	(131,170)

Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.

Property taxes (26,389)

Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures in governmental funds. The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment:

Change in OBEB related items	\$ 65,020	
Change in Pension related items	(163,624)	
Decrease (increase) in compensated absences	 (27,239)	(125,843)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (99,980)

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Net Position Proprietary Fund June 30, 2021

		Enterprise Fund Wireless Service Authority	
ASSETS			
Current assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,196	
Accounts receivable		19,611	
Total current assets	\$	69,807	
Noncurrent assets:	_	_	
Capital assets:			
Construction in progress	\$	39,640	
Machinery and equipment		120,107	
Infrastructure		353,226	
Accumulated depreciation		(199,427)	
Total net capital assets	\$	313,546	
Total noncurrent assets	\$	313,546	
Total assets	\$	383,353	
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	\$	313,546	
Unrestricted		69,807	
Total net position	\$	383,353	

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Proprietary Fund

### For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Fund Wireless Service Authority
OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Internet subscriber revenues	\$ 121,920
Total operating revenues	\$ 121,920
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Management services	\$ 103,643
Telecommunications	60,056
Other charges	8,081
Depreciation	 12,651
Total operating expenses	\$ 184,431
Operating income (loss)	\$ (62,511)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	\$ 38
Change in net position	\$ (62,473)
Total net position - beginning	445,826
Total net position - ending	\$ 383,353

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows Proprietary Fund For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Enterprise Fund
	Wireless Service
	Authority
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Receipts from customers and users \$	113,835
Payments to suppliers	(163,699)
Payments for operating activities	(8,081)
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$	(57,945)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	
Interest income \$	38
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities \$	38
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents \$	(57,907)
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning	108,103
Cash and cash equivalents - ending \$	50,196
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash	
provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Operating income (loss) \$	(62,511)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	(02,0)
provided by (used for) operating activities:	
Depreciation \$	12,651
(Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(8,085)
Total adjustments \$	4,566
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities \$	(57,945)

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2021

		Custodial <u>Fund</u>		
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,307		
NET POSITION Restricted for individuals	\$	13,307		

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position Fiduciary Fund June 30, 2021

	_	Custodial Fund
ADDITIONS		
Miscellaneous:		
Collections	\$	39,388
Total additions	\$ _	39,388
DEDUCTIONS		
Recipient payments	\$	40,977
Total deductions	\$ _	40,977
Net increase (decrease) in fiduciary net position	\$	(1,589)
Net position, beginning - as restated	_	14,896
Net position, ending	\$ _	13,307

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies:

The County of King & Queen, Virginia (the "County") is governed by an elected five-member Board of Supervisors. The County provides a full range of services for its citizens. These services include police and fire protection, sanitation services, recreational activities, cultural events, education, and social services.

The financial statements of the County of King & Queen, Virginia have been prepared in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States as specified by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and the specifications promulgated by the Auditor of Public Accounts (APA) of the Commonwealth of Virginia. The more significant of the government's accounting policies are described below.

### Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

<u>Government-wide financial statements</u> - The reporting model includes financial statements prepared using full accrual accounting for all of the government's activities. This approach includes not just current assets and liabilities but also capital assets and long-term liabilities (such as buildings and general obligation debt).

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government and its component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

<u>Statement of Net Position</u> - The Statement of Net Position is designed to display the financial position of the primary government (governmental and business-type activities) and its discretely presented component units. Governments will report all capital assets in the government-wide Statement of Net Position and will report depreciation expense - the cost of "using up" capital assets - in the Statement of Activities. The net position of a government will be broken down into three categories - 1) net investment in capital assets; 2) restricted; and 3) unrestricted.

<u>Statement of Activities</u> - The government-wide Statement of Activities reports expenses and revenues in a format that focuses on the cost of each of the government's functions. The expense of individual functions is compared to the revenues generated directly by the function (for instance, through user charges or intergovernmental grants).

The Statement of Activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

<u>Budgetary Comparison Schedules</u> - Demonstrating compliance with the adopted budget is an important component of a government's accountability to the public. Many citizens participate in one way or another in the process of establishing the annual operating budgets of state and local governments, and have a keen interest in following the actual financial progress of their governments over the course of the year. Many governments revise their original budgets over the course of the year for a variety of reasons. The budgetary comparison schedules present the original budget, the final budget, and the actual activity of the major governmental funds.

### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The basic criterion for determining whether a governmental department, agency, institution, commission, public authority, or other governmental organization should be included in a primary governmental unit's reporting entity for the basic financial statements is financial accountability. Financial accountability includes the appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body and the ability of the primary government to impose its will on the organization or if there is a financial benefit/burden relationship. In addition, an organization which is fiscally dependent on the primary government should be included in its reporting entity. These financial statements present the County of King & Queen (the primary government) and its component units. Blended component units, although legally separate entities, are, in substance, part of the government's operations and so data from these units are combined with data of the primary government. Each discretely presented component unit, on the other hand, is reported in a separate column in the combined financial statements to emphasize it is legally separate from the government.

### B. Individual Component Unit Disclosures

Blended Component Unit. The County has no blended component units at June 30, 2021.

Discretely Presented Component Units. The School Board members are elected by the citizens of King & Queen County. The School Board is responsible for the operations of the County's School System within the County boundaries. The School Board is fiscally dependent on the County. The County has the ability to approve its budget and any amendments. The primary funding is from the General Fund of the County. The School Fund does not issue a separate financial report. The financial statements of the School Board are presented as a discrete presentation of the County financial statements for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021.

The King and Queen County Industrial Development Authority (IDA) is responsible for promoting industry and developing trade within King and Queen County. The Authority consists of seven members appointed by the Board of Supervisors. The Authority is fiscally dependent on the County and therefore, it is included in the County's financial statements as a discrete presentation for the year ended June 30, 2021. The Authority does not issue a separate financial report.

### C. Other Related Organizations Included in the County's Financial Report

None

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

The accompanying financial statements are prepared in accordance with pronouncements issued by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The principles prescribed by GASB represent generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governmental units.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reflects both the gross and net cost per functional category (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) which are otherwise being supported by general government revenues, (property, sales and use taxes, certain intergovernmental revenues, fines, permits and charges, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants, and contributions. The program revenues must be directly associated with the function (public safety, public works, health and welfare, etc.) or a business-type activity.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. This is the manner in which these funds are normally budgeted. Revenues are recognized when they have been earned and they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the government considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service principal and interest expenditures on general long-term debt as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

The County's fiduciary funds are presented in the fund financial statements by type. Since by definition these assets are being held for the benefit of a third party and cannot be used to address activities or obligations of the government, these funds are not incorporated into the government-wide statements.

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Accordingly, real and personal property taxes are recorded as revenues and receivables when billed, net of allowances for uncollectible amounts. Property taxes not collected within 60 days after year-end are reflected as unavailable revenues. Sales and utility taxes, which are collected by the state or utilities and subsequently remitted to the County, are recognized as revenues and receivables upon collection by the state or utility, which is generally within two months preceding receipt by the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

Licenses, permits, fines and rents are recorded as revenues when received. Intergovernmental revenues, consisting primarily of federal, state and other grants for the purpose of funding specific expenditures, are recognized when earned or at the time of the specific expenditure. Revenues from general purpose grants are recognized in the period to which the grant applies. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the government.

In the fund financial statements, financial transactions and accounts of the County are organized on the basis of funds. The operation of each fund is considered to be an independent fiscal and separate accounting entity, with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash and/or other financial resources together with all related liabilities and residual equities or balances, and changes therein, which are segregated for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining certain objectives in accordance with special regulations, restrictions, or limitations.

### Governmental Funds

Governmental Funds are those through which most governmental functions typically are financed. The County reports the General Fund, Capital Projects Fund and the Special Revenue Fund as major governmental funds.

<u>General Fund</u> - is the primary operating fund of the County. This fund is used to account for and report all financial transactions and resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues are derived primarily from property and other local taxes, state and federal distributions, licenses, permits, charges for service, and interest income. A significant part of the General Fund's revenues is used principally to finance the operations of the Component Unit School Board.

<u>Capital Projects Fund</u> - accounts for and reports financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays except for those financed by proprietary funds or for assets held in trust for individuals, private organizations or other governments.

<u>Special Revenue Fund</u> - accounts for and reports the proceeds of revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects requiring separate accounting because of legal or regulatory provisions or administrative action. The Special Revenue Fund accounts for the activities of the Comprehensive Services Act, forfeited assets and court security funds.

### Additionally, the County also reports the following fund types:

<u>Fiduciary Funds - (Trust and Custodial Funds)</u> - account for assets held by the County in a trustee capacity or as a custodian for individuals, private organizations, other governmental units, or other funds. These funds include Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds. Private Purpose Trust and Custodial Funds utilize the accrual basis of accounting. Custodial funds do not have a measurement focus. Fiduciary funds are not included in the government-wide financial statements. The County's Custodial Funds include amounts held for others in a fiduciary capacity, which includes the following fund: Special Welfare.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### D. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation (continued)

<u>Proprietary Funds</u> - account for operations that are financed in a manner similar to private business enterprises. The Proprietary Fund measurement focus is upon determination of net income, financial position, and changes in financial position. Proprietary Funds consist of Enterprise Funds.

<u>Enterprise Funds</u> - Enterprise funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses. The County's major Enterprise Fund consists of the Wireless Service Authority Fund which provides wireless internet service to citizens for a fee.

### E. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, amounts in demand deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity date within three months of the date acquired by the government. For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the government's proprietary funds consider their demand deposits and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash equivalents.

### F. Investments

Investments with a maturity of less than one year when purchased, non-negotiable certificates of deposit, other nonparticipating investments, and external investment pools are stated at cost or amortized cost. Investments with a maturity greater than one year when purchased are stated at fair value. Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an investment in an orderly transaction at year end.

### G. Receivables and payables

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds" (i.e. the current portions of the interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "advances to/from other funds."

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles. The County calculates its allowance for uncollectible accounts using historical collection data and, in certain cases, specific account analysis. The allowance amounted to \$137,649 at June 30, 2021 and is comprised solely of property taxes.

### Real and Personal Property Tax Data:

The tax calendars for real and personal property taxes are summarized below.

	Real Property	Personal Property
Levy	January 1	January 1
Due Date	December 5	December 5
Lien Date	January 1	January 1

The County bills and collects its own property taxes.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### H. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the County as land, buildings, and equipment with an initial individual cost of more than \$5,000 (amount not rounded) and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed. No interest was capitalized for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

Property, plant and equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as the component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives.

Assets	Years
Buildings	40
Building Improvements	40
Furniture, Vehicles, Office and Computer Equipment	5-20
Buses	10

### I. Compensated Absences

Vested or accumulated vacation leave that is expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources is reported as an expenditure and a fund liability of the governmental fund that will pay it. Amounts of vested or accumulated vacation leave that are not expected to be liquidated with expendable available financial resources are reported as an expense in the Statement of Activities and a long-term obligation in the Statement of Net Position. No liability is recorded for nonvesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. However, a liability is recognized for that portion of accumulating sick leave benefits that is estimated will be taken as "terminal leave" prior to retirement.

### J. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### K. Net Position

For government-wide reporting as well as in proprietary funds, the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources is called net position. Net position is comprised of three components: net investment in capital assets, restricted, and unrestricted.

- Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances of bonds, notes, and other debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets. Deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt are included in this component of net position.
- Restricted net position consists of restricted assets reduced by liabilities and deferred inflows of resources related to those assets. Assets are reported as restricted when constraints are placed on asset use either by external parties or by law through constitutional provision or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted net position is the net amount of the assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources that does not meet the definition of the two preceding categories.

Sometimes the County will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g. restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the County's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

### L. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan and the additions to/deductions from the County's and School Board's Retirement Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS). For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### M. Other Postemployment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net VRS related OPEB liabilities, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB, and OPEB expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the VRS GLI, HIC (nonprofessional) and Teacher HIC OPEB Plans and the additions to/deductions from the VRS OPEB Plans' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they were reported by VRS. In addition, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

### N. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### N. Long-term Obligations (Continued)

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts during the current period. The face amount of debt issued and premiums on issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses.

### O. Fund Balance

The following classifications of fund balance describe the relative strength of the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:

- Nonspendable fund balance amounts that are not in spendable form (such as inventory and prepaids) or are required to be maintained intact (corpus of a permanent fund);
- Restricted fund balance amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers such as grantors or enabling federal, state, or local legislation. Restrictions may be changed or lifted only with the consent of the resource providers;
- Committed fund balance amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by the adoption of an ordinance committing fund balance for a specified purpose by the Board of Supervisors prior to the end of the fiscal year. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until the resources have been spent for the specified purpose or the Board adopts another ordinance to remove or revise the limitation;
- Assigned fund balance amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed; intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority. Unlike commitments, assignments general only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment;
- Unassigned fund balance amounts that are available for any purpose; positive amounts are only reported in the general fund. Additionally, any deficit fund balance within the other governmental fund types is reported as unassigned.

When fund balance resources are available for a specific purpose in more than one classification, it is the County's policy to use the most restrictive funds first in the following order: restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned as they are needed.

The Board of Supervisors establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by passage of a resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the Treasurer, who has been given the delegated authority to assign amounts by the Board of Supervisors.

The County Board of Supervisors adopted a minimum required unassigned fund balance of \$7,500,000 on October 12, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### O. Fund Balance (Continued)

The details of governmental fund balances, as presented in aggregate on Exhibit 3, are as follows:

	General Fund		Capital Projects Fund	Special Revenue Fund	Total
Fund Balances:	Tund	•	Tuna	Tunu	
Nonspendable:					
Prepaid items	\$ 32,683	\$	-	\$ - \$	32,683
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance	\$ 32,683	\$		\$ - \$	32,683
Restricted:					
Asset forfeiture	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 5,100 \$	5,100
Court security	-		-	84,662	84,662
Electronic summons	-		-	27,641	27,641
Project lifesaver	-		-	1,630	1,630
Dare	-		-	300	300
Sheriff K-9 and auxiliary funds	-		-	3,716	3,716
School food services	13,495		-	-	13,495
CDBG	85,809				85,809
Total Restricted Fund Balance	\$ 99,304	\$	-	\$ 123,049 \$	222,353
Committed:					
Capital projects - school	\$ 105,408	\$	710,622	\$ - \$	816,030
Landfill contingency	11,876		-	3,101,986	3,113,862
Budgeted use of fund balance EDA projects:	657,913		-	-	657,913
Route 360 corridor	250,000		-	-	250,000
Route 33 corridor	250,000		-	-	250,000
Broadband	2,533,333		-	-	2,533,333
Rescue services	200,000		-	-	200,000
County capital projects	2,922,000		-	-	2,922,000
School construction projects	1,000,000				1,000,000
Total Committed Fund Balance	\$ 7,930,530	\$	710,622	\$ 3,101,986 \$	11,743,138
Assigned:					
Future expenditures	\$ 2,412,738	\$		\$ \$	2,412,738
Total Assigned Fund Balance	\$ 2,412,738	\$	-	\$ - \$	2,412,738
Unassigned	\$ 13,344,920	\$	-	\$ - \$	13,344,920
Total Fund Balances	\$ 23,820,175	\$	710,622	\$ 3,225,035 \$	27,755,832

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

### Note 1—Summary of Significant Accounting Policies: (Continued)

### P. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The County has one item that qualifies for reporting in this category. It is comprised of certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liabilities and contributions to the pension and OPEB plans made during the current year and subsequent to the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liability measurement date. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The County has multiple items that qualify for reporting in this category. Under a modified accrual basis of accounting, unavailable revenue representing property taxes receivable is reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. This amount is comprised of uncollected property taxes due prior to June 30 and amounts prepaid on next year's taxes and is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available. Under the accrual basis, amounts prepaid on next year's taxes are reported as deferred inflows of resources. In addition, certain items related to the measurement of the net pension asset/liability and net OPEB liabilities are reported as deferred inflows of resources. For more detailed information on these items, reference the related notes.

### Note 2—Stewardship, Compliance, and Accounting:

The following procedures are used by the County in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. On or before March 30<sup>th</sup>, the County Administrator submits to the Board of Supervisors a proposed operating and capital budget for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. The operating and capital budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- 2. Public hearings are conducted to obtain citizen comments.
- 3. Prior to June 30, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an Appropriations Resolution.
- 4. The Appropriations Resolution places legal restrictions on expenditures at the fund level. The appropriation for each department or category can be revised only by the Board of Supervisors. The County Administrator is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within general government departments; however, the School Board is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within the school system's categories.
- 5. All budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).
- 6. Appropriations lapse on June 30, for all County units.

### **Expenditures and Appropriations**

Expenditures did not exceed appropriations in any fund at June 30, 2021.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 3—Deposits and Investments:

#### Deposits

Deposits with banks are covered by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) and collateralized in accordance with the Virginia Security for Public Deposits Act (the "Act") Section 2.2-4400 et. seq. of the Code of Virginia. Under the Act, banks and savings institutions holding public deposits in excess of the amount insured by the FDIC must pledge collateral to the Commonwealth of Virginia Treasury Board. Financial Institutions may choose between two collateralization methodologies and depending upon that choice, will pledge collateral that ranges in the amounts from 50% to 130% of excess deposits. Accordingly, all deposits are considered fully collateralized.

#### Investments

Statutes authorize local governments and other public bodies to invest in obligations of the United States or agencies thereof, obligations of the Commonwealth of Virginia or political subdivisions thereof, obligations of the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development (World Bank), the Asian Development Bank, the African Development Bank, "prime quality" commercial paper that has received at least two of the following ratings: P-1 by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; A-1 by Standard and Poor's; or F1 by Fitch Ratings, Inc. (Section 2.2-4502), banker's acceptances, repurchase agreements, and the State Treasurer's Local Government Investment Pool (LGIP).

#### Credit Risk of Debt Securities

The County's rated debt investments as of June 30, 2021 were rated by Standard & Poor's and the ratings are presented below using Standard & Poor's rating scale. The County's investment policy has an emphasis on high credit quality and known marketability. Holdings of commercial paper are not allowed to exceed thirty-five percent of the investment portfolio.

County's	Dated	Dobt	Investments'	Values
COUNTVS	Kated	Debt	investments	values

Rated Debt Investments	Fair Quality Ratings								
		AAAm	AA+f/S1						
Governmental Activities:									
Local Government Investment Pool	\$	15,553,493	\$	-					
Virginia Investment Pool		2,087,014		2,162,523					
Total	\$	17,640,507	\$	2,162,523					
Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:									
Virginia Investment Pool	\$	153,861	\$	-					
Total	\$	153,861	\$	-					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 3—Deposits and Investments: (Continued)

#### Interest Rate Risk

According to the County's investment policy, no more than 50% of the portfolio may be invested in securities maturing in greater than 1 year.

Investment Maturities (in years)										
Investment Type	Fair Value	Less Than 1 Year	1-5 Years							
Governmental Activities:										
Local Government Investment Pool	\$ 15,553,493	\$ 15,553,493	-							
Virginia Investment Pool	4,249,537	2,087,014	2,162,523							
Total	\$ 19,803,030	\$ 17,640,507	\$ 2,162,523							
Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority: Virginia Investment Pool	\$ 153,861	\$ 153.861	_							

#### External Investment Pool

Total

The value of the positions in the external investment pool (Local Government Investment Pool) is the same as the value of pool shares. As LGIP is not SEC registered, regulatory oversight of the pool rests with the Virginia State Treasury. LGIP is an amortized cost basis portfolio. There are no withdrawal limitations or restrictions imposed on participants.

\$

153,861

153,861

#### Fair Value Measurements

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. The County has measured fair value of the above Virginia Investment Pool Investment at the net asset value (NAV). VML/VaCO Virginia Investment Pool allows the County to have the option to have access to withdraw funds twice a month, with a five-day period notice. Additionally, funds are available to meet unexpected needs such as fluctuations in revenue sources with one-time outlays (disasters, immediate capital needs, state budget cuts, etc.).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# *Note 4—Due to/from Other Governments:*

At June 30, 2021, the County has receivables from other governments as follows:

	Primary Government	omponent Unit nool Board
Commonwealth of Virginia:		
State sales tax	\$ -	\$ 146,336
Security grant	-	32,147
Welfare	28,638	-
ATV & moped	86	-
Telework	293,438	-
Communications tax	20,165	-
Local sales tax	63,506	-
Constitutional officer reimbursements	81,815	-
Mobile home titling tax	5,222	-
Forestry payment	39,437	-
Wireless grant	3,800	-
School resource officer grant	17,224	-
Games of skill	144	-
Auto rental tax	73	-
Medicaid reimbursements	-	4,661
Children's Services Act	78,465	-
Federal Government:		
School fund grants	-	360,909
Emergency management	2,615	-
COVID19 public safety	6,040	-
Sheriff's DMV grant	4,545	-
Welfare	48,498	 -
Total due from other governments	\$ 693,711	\$ 544,053

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 5—Capital Assets:

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

		Balance		nerosee	Doo		1.	Balance ne 30, 2021	
Drimary Covernment		uly 1, 2020		ncreases	Dec	reases		ine 30, 2021	
Primary Government:									
Governmental Activities:									
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:	,	200 200	,		<b>.</b>		,	200 200	
Land	\$	208,298	\$	-	\$	-	\$	208,298	
Construction in progress		50,020		191,812				241,832	
Total capital assets not subject to									
depreciation	\$	258,318	\$	191,812	\$	-	\$	450,130	
								_	
Capital assets subject to depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	5,847,028	\$	-	\$	-	\$	5,847,028	
Machinery and equipment		6,506,426		451,446		-		6,957,872	
Infrastructure		800,466		-		-		800,466	
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	13,153,920	\$	451,446	\$		\$	13,605,366	
		_							
Accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings and improvements	\$	2,975,913	\$	147,186	\$	-	\$	3,123,099	
Machinery and equipment		3,607,718		577,832		-		4,185,550	
Infrastructure		141,922		49,410				191,332	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	6,725,553	\$	774,428	\$	_	\$	7,499,981	
·									
Total capital assets subject to									
depreciation, net	\$	6,428,367	\$	(322,982)	\$	-	\$	6,105,385	
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	6,686,685	\$	(131,170)	\$		\$	6,555,515	

# NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

A summary of proprietary fund property, plant and equipment at June 30, 2021 follows:

	I	Balance					Balance		
	Jul	ly 1, 2020	Increases		Decreases		June 30, 2021		
Primary Government:									
Business-type Activities:									
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:									
Construction in progress	\$	39,640	\$		\$	-	\$	39,640	
Capital assets subject to depreciation:									
Machinery and equipment	\$	120,107	\$	-	\$	-	\$	120,107	
Infrastructure		353,226		-		-		353,226	
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	473,333	\$		\$		\$	473,333	
Accumulated depreciation:									
Machinery and equipment	\$	120,107	\$	-	\$	-	\$	120,107	
Infrastructure		66,668		12,652		-		79,320	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	186,775	\$	12,652	\$		\$	199,427	
Total capital assets subject to									
depreciation, net	\$	286,558	\$	(12,652)	\$	-	\$	273,906	
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	326,198	\$	(12,652)	\$	-	\$	313,546	

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs as follows:

Primary Government:	
Governmental activities:	
General government administration	\$ 86,129
Judicial administration	107,208
Public safety	564,959
Public works	1,761
Health and welfare	14,223
Parks, recreation and cultural	148
Total Governmental activities	\$ 774,428
Business-type Activities	\$ 12,652
Component Unit School Board	\$ 489,892
Component Unit Industrial Development Authority	\$ 3,987

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021:

	Balance July 1, 2020			ncreases	Decreases			Balance une 30, 2021
Component Unit-School Board: Capital assets not subject to depreciation:								
Land	\$	39,639	\$	-	\$	-	\$	39,639
Construction in progress	_	77,391		2,651				80,042
Total capital assets not subject to								
depreciation	\$	117,030	\$	2,651	\$		\$	119,681
Capital assets subject to depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	11,758,341	\$	-	\$	-	\$	11,758,341
Machinery and equipment		2,493,237		266,545				2,759,782
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$	14,251,578	\$	266,545	\$		\$	14,518,123
Accumulated depreciation:								
Buildings and improvements	\$	6,526,726	\$	306,788	\$	-	\$	6,833,514
Machinery and equipment		1,650,099		183,104				1,833,203
Total accumulated depreciation	\$	8,176,825	\$	489,892	\$		\$	8,666,717
Total capital assets subject to								
depreciation, net	\$	6,074,753	\$	(223,347)	\$		\$	5,851,406
Component Unit School Board capital								
assets, net	\$	6,191,783	\$	(220,696)	\$	-	\$	5,971,087

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 5—Capital Assets: (Continued)

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2021:

	Balance ly 1, 2020	Increases		Decreases		Balance e 30, 2021	
Component Unit-Industrial Development Authority:							
Capital assets not subject to depreciation:							
Land and land improvements	\$ 516,019	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 516,019	
Capital assets subject to depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 39,872	\$	-	\$	_	\$ 39,872	
Total capital assets subject to depreciation	\$ 39,872	\$		\$	_	\$ 39,872	
Accumulated depreciation:							
Buildings and improvements	\$ 23,923	\$	3,987	\$	_	\$ 27,910	
Total accumulated depreciation	\$ 23,923	\$	3,987	\$	_	\$ 27,910	
Total capital assets subject to							
depreciation, net	\$ 15,949	\$	(3,987)	\$	_	\$ 11,962	
Component Unit Industrial Development Authority							
capital assets, net	\$ 531,968	\$	(3,987)	\$	_	\$ 527,981	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 6—Interfund Transfers and Due To/From Other Funds:

Interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Fund	T	ransfers In	Transfers Out		
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	48,396	\$	1,709,642	
Capital projects fund		1,430,043		48,396	
Special Revenue Fund		279,599		-	
Total Primary Government	\$	1,758,038	\$	1,758,038	
Component Unit School Board: School Operating Fund School Cafeteria Fund	\$	- 50,000	\$	50,000 -	
Total Component Unit School Board	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them and (2) use unrestricted revenues collected in the General Fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgeting authorization.

Amounts due to and due from other funds at year ended June 30, 2021, consisted of the following:

Fund		ue To	Due From		
Primary Government:					
General Fund	\$	5,838	\$	-	
Special Revenue Fund - Children's Services Act		-		5,838	
Total Primary Government	\$	5,838	\$	5,838	
Component Unit School Board: School Activity Fund	\$	3,300	\$	_	
School Operating Fund	٠ 			3,300	
Total Primary Government	\$	3,300	\$	3,300	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# *Note 7—Long-Term Obligations:*

# **Primary Government:**

The following is a summary of long-term obligation transactions for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021:

	J	Balance uly 1, 2020	ssuances/ Increases	 tirements/ ecreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021	Dι	amounts le Within lne Year
Governmental Activities Obligations:								
Incurred by County:								
Compensated absences	\$	275,395	\$ 54,779	\$ 27,540	\$	302,634	\$	30,263
Net OPEB liabilities		893,648	130,328	183,959		840,017		-
Net pension liability		244,431	 930,582	 544,113		630,900		
Total Governmental Activities Obligations	\$	1,413,474	\$ 1,115,689	\$ 755,612	\$	1,773,551	\$	30,263

Details of long-term indebtedness are as follows:

# Long-Term Obligations:

	Total Amount
Incurred by County:	 
Net OPEB liabilities (payable from the General Fund)	\$ 840,017
Net pension liability (payable from the General Fund)	630,900
Compensated absences (payable from the General Fund)	302,634
Total Long-Term Obligations, Primary Government	\$ 1,773,551

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# <u>Component Unit - School Board:</u>

		Balance ly 1, 2020	-	ssuances/ Increases	 etirements/ Decreases	Ju	Balance ne 30, 2021	Du	mounts e Within ne Year
Component Unit-School Board:									
Compensated absences	\$	115,323	\$	29,295	\$ 11,532	\$	133,086	\$	13,309
Net pension liability		7,275,162		2,867,753	2,185,539		7,957,376		-
Capital lease		1,169,003		-	77,083		1,091,920		82,550
Net OPEB liabilities		1,535,044		463,365	348,480		1,649,929		-
Total Component Unit-School Board	\$ 1	0,094,532	\$	3,360,413	\$ 2,622,634	\$	10,832,311	\$	95,859

# Component Unit-School Board

Year Ending	Capital Lease			
June 30		Principal		nterest
2022	\$	82,550	\$	33,304
2023		88,247		30,786
2024		94,180		28,094
2025		100,424		25,222
2026	106,958		22,159	
2027		108,913		18,897
2028		116,073		15,575
2029		123,565		12,034
2030		131,405		8,266
2031		139,605		4,258
Total	\$	1,091,920	\$	198,595

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

# **Long-Term Obligations:**

	Total Amount
Incurred by Component Unit-School Board:	
Net OPEB liabilities (payable from the School Operating Fund)	\$ 1,649,929
\$1,420,781 capital lease issued December 15, 2015, secured by HVAC equipment, due in combined annual installments of principal and interest varying from \$101,270 to	
\$143,863 through February 15, 2031, including interest at 3.05%.	1,091,920
Net pension liability (payable from the School Operating Fund)	7,957,376
Compensated absences (payable from the School Operating Fund)	 133,086
Total Long-Term Obligations, Component Unit-School Board	\$ 10,832,311

The School Board has entered into a lease agreement for financing the acquisition of HVAC equipment. The lease agreement qualifies as a capital lease for accounting purposes and, therefore, have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through the capital lease are as follows:

Λ	cc	Ω.	г	•

HVAC Equipment Less: accumulated depreciation	\$ 1,441,955 (128,174)
Total	\$ 1,313,781

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 7—Long-Term Obligations: (Continued)

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2021 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30		
2022	\$	115,854
2023		119,032
2024		122,274
2025		125,645
2026		129,117
2027		127,810
2028		131,647
2029		135,600
2030		139,671
2031		143,864
Total minimum lease payments	\$	1,290,514
Less: amount respresenting interest		(198,594)
Present value of minimum lease payme	ents \$	1,091,920

#### **Note 8—Landfill Postclosure Costs:**

The County stopped accepting waste at two County landfills, Mascott and Dahlgren Sanitary Landfills, in October 1993. Both landfills have been subject to groundwater remediation and testing by the Virginia Department of Environment Quality (DEQ). The County has been required to report a \$2,000,000 post-closure care liability and submit an annual landfill financial assurance to the Virginia DEQ. In March 2020, the Virginia DEQ terminated the County's requirement to report a post-closure care liability or submit an annual landfill financial assurance for these two County landfills. No amounts have been reported in the June 30, 2021 financial statements for post-closure care liability for these landfills.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 9—Unearned and Deferred/Unavailable Revenue:

Unearned and deferred/unavailable revenue represents amounts for which asset recognition criteria have been met, but for which revenue recognition criteria have not been met. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, such amounts are measurable, but not available. Under the accrual basis of accounting, assessments for future periods are deferred. Unearned and deferred/unavailable is comprised of the following:

		Government-wide		Balance
		Statements		Sheet
		Governmental	_	Governmental
		Activities		Funds
Unavailable property tax revenue representing uncollected property tax billings that are not available for the funding of current expenditures	\$	- :	\$	359,786
Prepaid property taxes due in December 2021 but paid in advance by taxpayers	,	71,757	_	71,757
Total	\$	71,757	\$ <u>_</u>	431,543

At June 30, 2021, unearned revenue totaled \$770,946, which consisted of \$56,662 of PPTRA reimbursements, \$682,262 of American Rescue Plan Act funding, and \$32,022 of CARES Act funding.

# Note 10—Commitments and Contingencies:

Federal programs in which the County and discretely presented component units participate were audited in accordance with the provisions of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards. Pursuant to the provisions of the Uniform Guidance all major programs and certain other programs were tested for compliance with applicable grant requirements.

While no matters of noncompliance were disclosed by audit, the Federal Government may subject grant programs to additional compliance tests which may result in disallowed expenditures. In the opinion of management, any future disallowance of current grant program expenditures, if any, would be immaterial.

The County has entered a contract with a vendor to provide and/or expand broadband internet access to home and businesses in King and Queen County. The total contract amount is \$17,261,693. As of June 30, 2021, \$15,780,082 remains outstanding, including \$114,343 payable at June 30, 2021. Sources of funding for the project include multiple local, state, and federal sources without the use of additional County debt.

## *Note 11—Litigation:*

At June 30, 2021, there were no matters of litigation involving the County or which would materially affect the County's financial position should any court decisions on pending matters not be favorable to the County.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 12-Risk Management:

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the government carries insurance.

The County is a member of the Virginia Municipal Group Self Insurance Association for workers' compensation. This program is administered by a servicing contractor, which furnishes claims review and processing. Each Association member jointly and severally agrees to assume, pay and discharge any liability. The County pays Virginia Municipal Group contributions and assessments based upon classifications and rates into a designated cash reserve fund out of which expenses of the Association and claims and awards are to be paid. In the event of a loss deficit and depletion of all available excess insurance, the Association may assess all members in the proportion which the premium of each bears to the total premiums of all members in the year in which such deficit occurs.

The County continues to carry commercial insurance for all other risks of loss. During the last three fiscal years, settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial coverage.

#### Note 13—Pension Plans:

## **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the County and (nonprofessional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by a VRS Retirement Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System) along with plans for other employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit for each month they are employed and for which they and their employer pay contributions to VRS. Members are eligible to purchase prior service, based on specific criteria as defined in the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended. Eligible prior service that may be purchased includes prior public service, active military service, certain periods of leave, and previously refunded service.

# **Benefit Structures**

The System administers three different benefit structures for covered employees - Plan 1, Plan 2 and Hybrid. Each of these benefit structures has different eligibility criteria, as detailed below.

a. Employees with a membership date before July 1, 2010, vested as of January 1, 2013, and have not taken a refund, are covered under Plan 1, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced retirement benefit beginning at age 65 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 30 years of service credit. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 55 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 10 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees (law enforcement officers, firefighters, and sheriffs) are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# **Benefit Structures (Continued)**

- b. Employees with a membership date from July 1, 2010 to December 31, 2013, that have not taken a refund or employees with a membership date prior to July 1, 2010 and not vested before January 1, 2013, are covered under Plan 2, a defined benefit plan. Non-hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Non-hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit or age 50 with at least 25 years of service credit. Hazardous duty employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 50 with at least 5 years of service credit.
- c. Non-hazardous duty employees with a membership date on or after January 1, 2014 are covered by the Hybrid Plan combining the features of a defined benefit plan and a defined contribution plan. Plan 1 and Plan 2 members also had the option of opting into this plan during the election window held January 1 April 30, 2014 with an effective date of July 1, 2014. Employees covered by this plan are eligible for an unreduced benefit beginning at their normal social security retirement age with at least 5 years of service credit, or when the sum of their age plus service credit equals 90. Employees may retire with a reduced benefit as early as age 60 with at least 5 years of service credit. For the defined contribution component, members are eligible to receive distributions upon leaving employment, subject to restrictions.

#### Average Final Compensation and Service Retirement Multiplier

The VRS defined benefit is a lifetime monthly benefit based on a retirement multiplier as a percentage of the employee's average final compensation multiplied by the employee's total service credit. Under Plan 1, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 36 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.70% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under Plan 2, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the retirement multiplier is 1.65% for non-hazardous duty employees, 1.85% for sheriffs and regional jail superintendents, and 1.70% or 1.85% for hazardous duty employees as elected by the employer. Under the Hybrid Plan, average final compensation is the average of the employee's 60 consecutive months of highest compensation and the multiplier is 1.00%. For members who opted into the Hybrid Retirement Plan from Plan 1 or Plan 2, the applicable multipliers for those plans will be used to calculate the retirement benefit for service credited in those plans.

# Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits

Retirees with an unreduced benefit or with a reduced benefit with at least 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning July 1 after one full calendar year from the retirement date. Retirees with a reduced benefit and who have less than 20 years of service credit are eligible for an annual COLA beginning on July 1 after one calendar year following the unreduced retirement eligibility date. Under Plan 1, the COLA cannot exceed 5.00%. Under Plan 2 and the Hybrid Plan, the COLA cannot exceed 3.00%. The VRS also

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Cost-of-Living Adjustment (COLA) in Retirement and Death and Disability Benefits (Continued)

provides death and disability benefits. Title 51.1 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, assigns the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the General Assembly of Virginia.

## Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the pension plan:

	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Inactive members or their beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	37	24
Inactive members:  Vested inactive members	12	9
Non-vested inactive members	27	13
Inactive members active elsewhere in VRS	52	10
Total inactive members	91	32
Active members	61	33
Total covered employees	189	89

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

The County's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 8.63% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the County were \$260,350 and \$212,990 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

The Component Unit School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for nonprofessional employees for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.77% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Contributions (Continued)

This rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the Component Unit School Board's nonprofessional employees were \$0 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

#### Net Pension Liability (Asset)

The net pension liability (asset) (NPL(A)) is calculated separately for each employer and represents that particular employer's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 68, less that employer's fiduciary net position. The County's and Component Unit Schools Board's nonprofessional employees net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

#### Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees

The total pension liability for General Employees in the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

#### Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty: 15% of deaths are assumed to be service related

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020 males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Lowered rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Actuarial Assumptions - Public Safety Employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits

The total pension liability for Public Safety employees with Hazardous Duty Benefits in the County's Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 4.75%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of pension plan investment

expenses, including inflation\*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Mortality rates:

All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty: 45% of deaths are assumed to be service related Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year, 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

# All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
Withdrawal Rates	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on pension System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.14%

<sup>\*</sup> The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that System member contributions will be made per the VRS Statutes and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Consistent with the phased-in funding provided by the General Assembly for state and teacher employer contributions; the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) was also provided with an opportunity to use an alternative employer contribution rate. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the alternate rate was the employer contribution rate used in FY 2012 or 100% of the actuarially determined

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Discount Rate (Continued)

employer contribution rate from the June 30, 2017 actuarial valuations, whichever was greater. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the school division for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 10051% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, participating employers and school divisions are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

# Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

	_	Primary Government									
		Increase (Decrease)									
		Total Plan Ne									
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension					
		Liability		<b>Net Position</b>		Liability (Asset)					
		(a)		(b)		(a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	11,604,654	\$	11,360,223	\$	244,431					
Changes for the year:											
Service cost	\$	379,642	\$	-	\$	379,642					
Interest		761,938		-		761,938					
Difference between expected											
and actual experience		(190,267)		-		(190,267)					
Contributions - employer		-		213,219		(213,219)					
Contributions - employee		-		140,718		(140,718)					
Net investment income		-		218,608		(218,608)					
Benefit payments, including refunds		(633,361)		(633,361)		-					
Administrative expenses		-		(7,446)		7,446					
Other changes		-		(255)		255					
Net changes	\$	317,952	\$	(68,517)	\$	386,469					
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	11,922,606	\$	11,291,706	\$	630,900					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13-Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset)

		Component School Board (nonprofessional)									
		Increase (Decrease)									
	_	Total Pension Liability (a)		Plan Fiduciary Net Position (b)		Net Pension Liability (Asset) (a) - (b)					
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	2,655,216	\$	3,362,678	\$_	(707,462)					
Changes for the year:											
Service cost	\$	56,231	\$	-	\$	56,231					
Interest		174,712		-		174,712					
Difference between expected											
and actual experience		30,150		-		30,150					
Assumption changes		-		-		-					
Contributions - employer		-		2,381		(2,381)					
Contributions - employee		-		31,302		(31,302)					
Net investment income		-		63,820		(63,820)					
Benefit payments, including refunds		(133,794)		(133,794)		-					
Administrative expenses		-		(2,218)		2,218					
Other changes		-		(75)		75					
Net changes	\$_	127,299	\$	(38,584)	\$	165,883					
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	2,782,515	\$	3,324,094	\$	(541,579)					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the net pension liability (asset) of the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

			Rate	
	-	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	-	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)
County's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	2,129,801	\$ 630,900 \$	(615,395)
Component Unit School Board's (nonpro Net Pension Liability (Asset)	fessio \$	nal) (240,748)	\$ (541,579) \$	(795,912)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) recognized pension expense of \$424,203 and \$33,609 respectively. At June 30, 2021, the County and Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional) reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

Campanant Huit Cabaal

	Component Unit Schoo									
		Primary G	O١	vernment	_	Board (nonprofessional				
	Deferred Deferred					Deferred Outflows of	Deferred			
	,	Outflows of Resources		Inflows of Resources		Resources	Inflows of Resources			
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	8,340	\$	113,236	\$	17,944 \$	22,400			
Change in assumptions		57,109		-		14,245	-			
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	al	336,101		-		99,516	-			
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	,	260,350		-						
Total	\$	661,900	\$	113,236	\$	131,705 \$	22,400			

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$260,350 and \$0 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the County's and Component Unit School Board's (nonprofessional) contributions, respectively, subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of (increase to) the Net Pension Liability (Asset) in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	_	Primary Government		Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2022	ς_	(2,830)	ς	6,542
2023	7	69,220	7	36,872
2024		114,219		33,950
2025		107,705		31,941
2026		-		-
Thereafter		-		_

#### Pension Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision Retirement Plan is also available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA 23218-2500.

# **Component Unit School Board (professional)**

#### **Plan Description**

All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the system). Additional information related to the plan description is included the first section of this note.

## **Contributions**

The contribution requirement for active employees is governed by §51.1-145 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Employees are required to contribute 5.00% of their compensation toward their retirement.

Each School Division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 16.62% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the pension plan from the school division were \$783,067 and \$726,655 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$7,957,376 for its proportionate share of the Net Pension Liability. The Net Pension Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total pension liability used to calculate the Net Pension Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019 and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net Pension Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the pension plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion was 0.05470% as compared to 0.05528% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized pension expense of \$733,165. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the pension expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion and from differences between employer contributions and the proportionate share of employer contributions.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	- \$	466,426
Change in assumptions		543,191	-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		605,247	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		38,674	215,338
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	783,067	<u> </u>
Total	\$_	1,970,179 \$	681,764

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

\$783,067 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Pension Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year ended June 30	
2022	\$ (60,480)
2023	176,614
2024	224,926
2025	176,906
2026	(12,618)

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50% - 5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup> Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of pension liabilities.

# Mortality rates:

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 75 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

Mortality rates: (Continued)

Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with Scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Retirement rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age
Withdrawal Rates	and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# **Net Pension Liability**

The net pension liability (NPL) is calculated separately for each system and represents that particular system's total pension liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 67, less that system's fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NPL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee Retirement Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	_	Teacher Employee Retirement Plan
Total Pension Liability Plan Fiduciary Net Position	\$	51,001,855 36,449,229
Employer's Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	14,552,626
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%

The total pension liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net pension liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 67 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 13—Pension Plans: (Continued)

# Component Unit School Board (professional) (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return and discount rate information previously described also apply to this plan.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate								
		1% Decrease	Cı	urrent Discount	: '	1% Increase				
	_	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)				
School division's proportionate										
share of the VRS Teacher										
Employee Retirement Plan										
Net Pension Liability (Asset)	\$	11,675,258	\$	7,957,376	\$	4,882,218				

#### Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Retirement Plan's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

# Aggregate Pension Information

		Primary Government								Component Unit School Board							
	-	Net Pension												Net Pension			
		Deferred		Deferred		Liability		Pension		Deferred		Deferred		Liability	Pension		
	-	Outflows		Inflows		(Asset)		Expense	_	Outflows	_	Inflows	_	(Asset)	Expense		
VRS Pension Plans:																	
Primary Government	\$	661,900	\$	113,236	\$	630,900	\$	424,203	\$	-	\$	-	\$	- \$	-		
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-		-		131,705		22,400		(541,579)	33,609		
School Board Professional		-		-		-		-		1,970,179		681,764		7,957,376	733,165		
Totals	\$	661,900	\$	113,236	\$	630,900	\$	424,203	\$	2,101,884	\$	704,164	\$	7,415,797 \$	766,774		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## *Note 14—Surety Bonds:*

	Amount
Division of Risk Management Surety Bond:	
Commonwealth Funds	
Vanessa D. Porter, Clerk of the Circuit Court	\$ 555,000
Irene B. Longest, Treasurer	300,000
Kelly N. Lumpkin, Commissioner of the Revenue	3,000
John R. Charboneau, Sheriff	30,000
Department of Risk Management-Public Official Liability:	
General Government Employees	1,000,000
Department of General Services - State Department-Surety:	
All Social Services Employees-blanket bond	100,000
VACo Insurance - Surety:	
All School Board Employees-blanket bond	1,000,000

# Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan):

# **Plan Description**

The Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan was established pursuant to \$51.1-500 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of the state agencies, teachers, and employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS GLI Plan upon employment. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pensions and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

In addition to the Basic GLI benefit, members are also eligible to elect additional coverage for themselves as well as a spouse or dependent children through the Optional GLI Plan. For members who elect the optional group life insurance coverage, the insurer bills employers directly for the premiums. Employers deduct these premiums from members' paychecks and pay the premiums to the insurer. Since this is a separate and fully insured program, it is not included as part of the GLI Plan OPEB.

The specific information for GLI OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

# Eligible Employees

The GLI Plan was established July 1, 1960, for state employees, teachers, and employees of political subdivisions that elect the plan. Basic GLI coverage is automatic upon employment. Coverage ends for employees who leave their position before retirement eligibility or who take a refund of their accumulated retirement member contributions and accrued interest.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## **Benefit Amounts**

The GLI Plan is a defined benefit plan with several components. The natural death benefit is equal to the employee's covered compensation rounded to the next highest thousand and then doubled. The accidental death benefit is double the natural death benefit. In addition to basic natural and accidental death benefits, the plan provides additional benefits provided under specific circumstances that include the following: accidental dismemberment benefit, safety belt benefit, repatriation benefit, felonious assault benefit, and accelerated death benefit option. The benefit amounts are subject to a reduction factor. The benefit amount reduces by 25% on January 1 following one calendar year of separation. The benefit amount reduces by an additional 25% on each subsequent January 1 until it reaches 25% of its original value. For covered members with at least 30 years of service credit, the minimum benefit payable was set at \$8,000 by statute in 2015. This will be increased annually based on the VRS Plan 2 cost-of-living calculation. The minimum benefit adjusted for the COLA was \$8,616 as of June 30, 2021.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for the GLI Plan are governed by \$51.1-506 and \$51.1-508 of the Code of Virginia, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to state agencies and school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The total rate for the GLI Plan was 1.34% of covered employee compensation. This was allocated into an employee and an employer component using a 60/40 split. The employee component was 0.80% (1.34% x 60%) and the employer component was 0.54% (1.34% x 40%). Employers may elect to pay all or part of the employee contribution; however, the employer must pay all of the employer contribution. Each employer's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.54% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate, when combined with employee contributions, was expected to finance the costs of benefits payable during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the County were \$17,025 and \$15,522 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board professional group were \$27,012 and \$25,119 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively. Contributions to the Group Life Insurance Plan from the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group were \$3,903 and \$3,586 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

# GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the County reported a liability of \$237,308 for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups reported liabilities of \$391,676 and \$55,906, respectively, for its proportionate share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability. The Net GLI OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total GLI OPEB liability used to calculate the Net GLI OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The covered employer's proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability was based on the covered employer's actuarially determined employer contributions to the GLI Plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

employers. At June 30, 2020, the County's proportion was 0.01420% as compared to 0.01414% at June 30, 2019. At June 30, 2020, the Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional groups' proportion was 0.02350% and 0.00340%, respectively as compared to .02370% and .00350% respectively at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$12,878. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board professional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$14,630. For the year ended June 30, 2021, the Component Unit School Board nonprofessional group recognized GLI OPEB expense of \$948. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the GLI OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the employer reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB from the following sources:

		Primary Government		-	School Board ssional)	Component School Board (nonprofessional)		
	<u>.</u>	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Differences between expected and actual experience	ł \$	15,221 \$	2,132 \$	25,122	\$ 3,518	\$ 3,586	\$ 502	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on GLI OPEB plan investment		7,129	-	11,766	-	1,679	-	
Change in assumptions		11,868	4,955	19,588	8,178	2,796	1,167	
Changes in proportionate share		15,153	-	3,304	9,437	-	5,708	
Employer contributions subsequent	t	47.005		27.042		2.002		
to the measurement date	-	17,025		27,012	<u> </u>	3,903		
Total	\$	66,396 \$	7,087 \$	86,792	\$ 21,133	\$ 11,964	\$ 7,377	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

GLI OPEB Liabilities, GLI OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Group Life Insurance Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$17,025, \$27,012, and \$3,903, respectively, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB resulting from the County, Component Unit School Board professional and nonprofessional group's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net GLI OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the GLI OPEB will be recognized in the GLI OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	,	Primary Government	Component Unit School Board (professional)	 Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)
2022	\$	7,403 \$	5,593	\$ (342)
2023		9,416	8,916	133
2024		11,254	11,209	566
2025		10,987	10,735	585
2026		3,043	2,101	(206)
Thereafter		181	93	(52)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total GLI OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The assumptions include several employer groups. Salary increases and mortality rates included herein are for relevant employer groups. Information for other groups can be referenced in the VRS Annual Report.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation:	
Teachers	3.50%-5.95%
Locality - General employees	3.50%-5.35%
Locality - Hazardous Duty employees	3.50%-4.75%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 15-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

#### Mortality Rates - Teachers

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

## Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 90% of rates; females set forward 1 year.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year with 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set forward 3 years.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees (Continued)

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years; unisex using 100% male.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### **NET GLI OPEB Liability**

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the GLI Plan represents the plan's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of the measurement date of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the GLI Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

	 GLI OPEB Plan
Total GLI OPEB Liability	\$ 3,523,937
Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,855,102
Employers' Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$ 1,668,835
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total GLI OPEB Liability	 52.64%

The total GLI OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and each plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net GLI OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 15-Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

## Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.14%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total GLI OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that member contributions will be made per the VRS guidance and the employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the GLI OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly which was 100%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 15—Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Discount Rate (Continued)

of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the GLI OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total GLI OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity of the Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the employer's proportionate share of the net GLI OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	_		Rate		
	•	49/ Dograna	Current Discount		40/ Incresses
		1% Decrease	 Discount		1% Increase
		(5.75%)	(6.75%)		(7.75%)
County's proportionate share of the GLI Plan	•			-	
Net OPEB Liability	\$	311,960	\$ 237,308	\$	176,684
Component School Board (professional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan Net OPEB Liability	\$	514,888	\$ 391,676	\$	291,617
Component School Board (nonprofessional)'s proportionate share of the GLI Plan					
Net OPEB Liability	\$	73,493	\$ 55,906	\$	41,624

#### Group Life Insurance Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the Group Life Insurance Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

# **Plan Description**

The Virginia Retirement System (VRS) Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the Code of Virginia, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent (professional) employees of public school divisions are automatically covered by the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This is a cost-sharing multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

The specific information for the Teacher HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage, and benefits is described below:

#### Eligible Employees

The Teacher Employee Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired Teacher Employees covered under VRS who retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent (professional) salaried employees of public school divisions covered under VRS. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

#### **Benefit Amounts**

The Teacher Employee HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired teachers. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$4.00 per year of service per month with no cap on the benefit amount. For Teacher and other professional school employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is either: \$4.00 per month, multiplied by twice the amount of service credit, or \$4.00 per month, multiplied by the amount of service earned had the employee been active until age 60, whichever is lower.

# **HIC Plan Notes**

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

#### **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1401(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding provided to school divisions by the Virginia General Assembly. Each school division's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 1.21% of covered employee compensation for employees in the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the school division to

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# **Contributions (Continued)**

the VRS Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit Program were \$59,490 and \$57,966 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported a liability of \$718,789 for its proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB Liability. The Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was measured as of June 30, 2020 and the total VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB liability used to calculate the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020. The school division's proportion of the Net VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB Liability was based on the school division's actuarially determined employer contributions to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB plan for the year ended June 30, 2020 relative to the total of the actuarially determined employer contributions for all participating employers. At June 30, 2020, the school division's proportion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was 0.05510% as compared to 0.05540% at June 30, 2019.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the school division recognized VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$57,456. Since there was a change in proportionate share between measurement dates, a portion of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan Net OPEB expense was related to deferred amounts from changes in proportion.

At June 30, 2021, the school division reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the VRS Teacher Employee HIC OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	-	\$	9,598
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on Teacher HIC OPEB plan investments		3,185		-
Change in assumptions		14,209		3,927
Change in proportionate share		4,170		15,738
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date	_	59,490	_	
Total	\$	81,054	\$_	29,263

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liabilities, Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to the Teacher Employee HIC Plan OPEB (Continued)

\$59,490 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB resulting from the school division's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB will be recognized in the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

\$ (1,409)
(1,093)
(1,199)
(876)
(1,131)
(1,991)
\$

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation	2.50%
Salary increases, including inflation	3.50%-5.95%
Investment rate of return	6.75%, net of investment expenses, including inflation*

<sup>\*</sup>Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of OPEB liabilities.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

# **Mortality Rates - Teachers**

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 80, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 White Collar Employee Rates to age 49, White Collar Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 1% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90; females set back 3 years with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 65 to 70 and 2.0% increase compounded from ages 75 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Mortality Rates projected with scale BB to 2020; 115% of rates for males and females.

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability

The net OPEB liability (NOL) for the Teacher Employee HIC Plan represents the program's total OPEB liability determined in accordance with GASB Statement No. 74, less the associated fiduciary net position. As of June 30, 2020, NOL amounts for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan is as follows (amounts expressed in thousands):

		Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Plan
Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability	\$	1,448,676
Plan Fiduciary Net Position		144,160
Teacher Employee Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	\$	1,304,516
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage		
of the Total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Liability		9.95%

The total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is calculated by the System's actuary, and the plan's fiduciary net position is reported in the System's financial statements. The net Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability is disclosed in accordance with the requirements of GASB Statement No. 74 in the System's notes to the financial statements and required supplementary information.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the VRS System investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of VRS System investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	ic nominal return*	7.14%

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy and at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by each school division for the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 16—Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Discount Rate (Continued)

funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, all agencies are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the Teacher Employee HIC OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total Teacher Employee HIC OPEB liability.

# Sensitivity of the School Division's Proportionate Share of the Teacher Employee HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the school division's proportionate share of the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the school division's proportionate share of the net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

	 Rate						
	1% Decrease		Current Discount		1% Increase		
	(5.75%)		(6.75%)		(7.75%)		
School division's proportionate					_		
share of the VRS Teacher							
Employee HIC OPEB Plan							
Net HIC OPEB Liability	\$ 804,609	\$	718,789	\$	645,848		

# Teacher Employee HIC OPEB Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the VRS Teacher Employee HIC Program's Fiduciary Net Position is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

#### Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan):

#### **Plan Description**

The Political Subdivision Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan was established pursuant to §51.1-1400 et seq. of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, and which provides the authority under which benefit terms are established or may be amended. All full-time, salaried permanent employees of participating political subdivisions are automatically covered by the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan upon employment. This is an agent multiple-employer plan administered by the Virginia Retirement System (the System), along with pension and other OPEB plans, for public employer groups in the Commonwealth of Virginia. Members earn one month of service credit toward the benefit for each month they are employed and for which their employer pays contributions to VRS. The HIC is a tax-free reimbursement in an amount set by the General Assembly for each year of service credit against qualified health insurance premiums retirees pay for single coverage, excluding any portion covering the spouse or dependents. The credit cannot exceed the amount of the premiums and ends upon the retiree's death.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Plan Description (Continued)

The specific information about the Political Subdivision HIC Plan OPEB, including eligibility, coverage and benefits is described below:

#### Eligible Employees

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan was established July 1, 1993 for retired political subdivision employees of employers who elect the benefit and retire with at least 15 years of service credit. Eligible employees include full-time permanent salaried employees of the participating political subdivision who are covered under the VRS pension plan. These employees are enrolled automatically upon employment.

# **Benefit Amounts**

The Political Subdivision Retiree HIC Plan is a defined benefit plan that provides a credit toward the cost of health insurance coverage for retired political subdivision employees of participating employers. For employees who retire, the monthly benefit is \$1.50 per year of service per month with a maximum benefit of \$45.00 per month. For employees who retire on disability or go on long-term disability under the Virginia Local Disability Program (VLDP), the monthly benefit is \$45.00 per month.

#### **HIC Plan Notes**

The monthly HIC benefit cannot exceed the individual premium amount. There is no HIC for premiums paid and qualified under LODA; however, the employee may receive the credit for premiums paid for other qualified health plans. Employees who retire after being on long-term disability under VLDP must have at least 15 years of service credit to qualify for the HIC as a retiree.

#### **Employees Covered by Benefit Terms**

As of the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms of the HIC OPEB plan:

	Component Unit School Board Nonprofessional
Active members	33
Total covered employees	33

# **Contributions**

The contribution requirements for active employees is governed by §51.1-1402(E) of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>, as amended, but may be impacted as a result of funding options provided to political subdivisions by the Virginia General Assembly. The School Board's contractually required employer contribution rate for the year ended June 30, 2021 was 0.85% of covered employee compensation. This rate was based on an actuarially determined rate from an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019. The actuarially determined rate was expected to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. Contributions from the School Board to the HIC Plan were \$6,132 and \$0 for the years ended June 30, 2021 and June 30, 2020, respectively.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### **Net HIC OPEB Liability**

The School Board's net HIC OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2020. The total HIC OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation performed as of June 30, 2019, using updated actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total HIC OPEB liability was based on an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2019, using the Entry Age Normal actuarial cost method and the following assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement and rolled forward to the measurement date of June 30, 2020.

Inflation 2.50%

Salary increases, including inflation 3.50% - 5.35%

Investment rate of return 6.75%, net of investment

expenses, including inflation\*

\*Administrative expenses as a percent of the fair value of assets for the last experience study were found to be approximately 0.06% of the market assets for all of the VRS plans. This would provide an assumed investment return rate for GASB purposes of slightly more than the assumed 6.75%. However, since the difference was minimal, and a more conservative 6.75% investment return assumption provided a projected plan net position that exceeded the projected benefit payments, the long-term expected rate of return on investments was assumed to be 6.75% to simplify preparation of the OPEB liabilities.

#### Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

#### Pre-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 80, Healthy Annuitant Rates to 81 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males 95% of rates; females 105% of rates.

#### Post-Retirement:

RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 3 years; females 1.0% increase compounded from ages 70 to 90.

#### Post-Disablement:

RP-2014 Disability Life Mortality Table projected with scale BB to 2020; males set forward 2 years, 110% of rates; females 125% of rates.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

Actuarial Assumptions: (Continued)

# Mortality Rates - Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees (Continued)

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at
Withdrawal Rates	each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 17-Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Long-Term Expected Rate of Return

The long-term expected rate of return on the System's investments was determined using a log-normal distribution analysis in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of System's investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target asset allocation and best estimate of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class (Strategy)	Long-Term Target Asset Allocation	Arithmetic Long-term Expected Rate of Return	Weighted Average Long-term Expected Rate of Return*
Public Equity	34.00%	4.65%	1.58%
Fixed Income	15.00%	0.46%	0.07%
Credit Strategies	14.00%	5.38%	0.75%
Real Assets	14.00%	5.01%	0.70%
Private Equity	14.00%	8.34%	1.17%
MAPS - Multi-Asset Public Strategies	6.00%	3.04%	0.18%
PIP - Private Investment Partnership	3.00%	6.49%	0.19%
Total	100.00%		4.64%
		Inflation	2.50%
	Expected arithmet	7.14%	

<sup>\*</sup>The above allocation provides a one-year return of 7.14%. However, one-year returns do not take into account the volatility present in each of the asset classes. In setting the long-term expected return for the system, stochastic projections are employed to model future returns under various economic conditions. The results provide a range of returns over various time periods that ultimately provide a median return of 7.11%, including expected inflation of 2.50%. On October 10, 2019, the VRS Board elected a long-term rate of 6.75% which is roughly at the 40<sup>th</sup> percentile of expected long-term results of the VRS fund asset allocation. More recent capital market assumptions compiled for the FY2020 actuarial valuations provide a median return of 6.81%.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total HIC OPEB liability was 6.75%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employer contributions will be made in accordance with the VRS funding policy at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates adopted by the VRS Board of Trustees and the member rate. Through the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the rate contributed by the entity for the HIC OPEB will be subject to the portion of the VRS Board-certified rates that are funded by the Virginia General Assembly, which was 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rate. From July 1, 2020 on, employers are assumed to continue to contribute 100% of the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the HIC OPEB's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of eligible employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total HIC OPEB liability.

# Changes in Net HIC OPEB Liability

	Component School Board (Nonprofessiona						
	_	Increase (Decrease)					
		Total		Plan		Net	
		Pension		Fiduciary		Pension	
	_	Liability (a)		Net Position (b)		(a) - (b)	
Balances at June 30, 2019	\$_	-	\$	-	\$_		
Changes for the year:							
Benefit changes	\$	69,482	\$	-	\$	-	
Net changes	\$_	69,482	\$	-	\$	69,482	
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$_	69,482	\$	-	\$_	69,482	

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 17—Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Sensitivity of the School Board's HIC Net OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the School Board's HIC Plan net HIC OPEB liability using the discount rate of 6.75%, as well as what the School Board's net HIC OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (5.75%) or one percentage point higher (7.75%) than the current rate:

		Rate							
	·	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase					
	·	(5.75%)	(6.75%)	(7.75%)					
School division's proportion	ate								
share of the Net HIC									
OPEB Liability	\$	76,515 \$	69,482	\$ 63,387					

# HIC Plan OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to HIC Plan OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the School Board recognized HIC Plan OPEB expense of \$69,482. At June 30, 2021, the School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the School Board's HIC Plan from the following sources:

	_	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Employer contributions subsequent to the				
measurement date	\$_	6,132	\$_	<u>-</u>
Total	\$_	6,132	\$	-

\$6,132 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to the HIC OPEB resulting from the School Board's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the Net HIC OPEB Liability in the fiscal year ending June 30, 2022.

#### HIC Plan Data

Information about the VRS Political Subdivision HIC Plan is available in the separately issued VRS 2020 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (Annual Report). A copy of the 2020 VRS Annual Report may be downloaded from the VRS website at <a href="http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf">http://www.varetire.org/pdf/publications/2020-annual-report.pdf</a>, or by writing to the System's Chief Financial Officer at P.O. Box 2500, Richmond, VA, 23218-2500.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 18-Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan):

# Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

#### **Plan Description**

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 13 and other postemployment benefits previously described, the County administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The County of King and Queen Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the County's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 13 and other postemployment benefits previously described, the Component Unit School Board administers a single-employer defined benefit healthcare plan, The King and Queen County Public Schools Postretirement Benefits Plan. The plan provides postemployment health care benefits to all eligible permanent employees who meet the requirements under the School Board's pension plans. The plan does not issue a publicly available financial report.

#### **Benefits Provided**

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible retirees include medical, dental and disability insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees and spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the County who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. No benefits are provided to Medicare eligible retirees or their spouses. The retiree pays 100% of the medical and dental premiums unless certain conditions are met to include a minimum 30 years of service and minimum age of 50. If these requirements are met, the County pays up to \$56.71 for Family Dental coverage per month and up to \$1,571.74 for Family Medical coverage per month.

Postemployment benefits that are provided to eligible retirees include medical, dental and disability insurance. The benefits that are provided for active employees are the same for eligible retirees, spouses and dependents of eligible retirees. All permanent employees of the School Board who meet eligibility requirements of the pension plan are eligible to receive postemployment health care benefits. Retirees and spouses that became eligible for Medicare are no longer eligible to participate in the King and Queen County Public School's retiree healthcare plan. The retiree pays 100% of the medical or dental insurance premium for both the retiree and the spouse/dependent coverage.

# Plan Membership

At June 30, 2021 (measurement date for primary government) and at June 30, 2021 (measurement date for School Board), the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

	Primary	Component Unit
	Government	School Board
Total active employees with coverage	46	135
Total retirees with coverage	-	3
Total spouses of retirees		1
Total	46	139

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 18-Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

#### **Contributions**

The County nor the School Board pre-funds benefits; therefore, no assets are accumulated in a trust fund. The current funding policy is to pay benefits directly from general assets on a pay-as-you-go basis. The funding requirements are established and may be amended by the County or School Board. The amount paid by the County and the School Board for OPEB as the benefits came due during the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$0 and \$25,536.

# Total OPEB Liability

The County's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021 and the School Board's total OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2021. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by the Alternative Measurement Method as of June 30, 2021 for the County. The total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2021 for the School Board.

# **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2021 actuarial valuation for the County was determined using the following Alternative Measurement Methods, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method Entry Age Normal

Salary Increase Rate The salary increase rate was 5.00% per annum

Discount Rate 3.00% based on the 20-year tax exempt municipal bond yield

Healthcare Trend Rate Year 1 health care trend rates as follows: Medical 4.90%,

Pharmacy 5.90%, Dental 3.50% and Vision 3.00%.

Retirement Age The average age of retirement is 62

Mortality Rate The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was

calculated using the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with mortality improvement projected for

10 years.

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NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 18-Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

# Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)

The total OPEB liability in the January 1, 2021 actuarial valuation for the School Board was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement, unless otherwise specified:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Inflation Salary Increases	2.50% The salary increase rate was 5.35% per annum for Service Years 1 and 2 and declining thereafter to 3.50% for 20 or more years of service.
Discount Rate	2.16% rate used to measure the plan's June 30, 2020 Total OPEB liability based on the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.
Healthcare Trend Rate	5.80% to 4.00% over 52 years.

#### Discount Rate

The discount rate used when OPEB plan investments are insufficient to pay for future benefit payments is based on the 20-year tax-exempt municipal bond yield for the County and the Bond Buyer 20-year Bond GO Index for the School Board.

# Changes in Total OPEB Liability

		Primary Government	Component Unit School Board
	_	Total OPEB Liability	Total OPEB Liability
Balances at June 30, 2020	\$	663,552 \$	367,188
Changes for the year:			
Service cost		26,895	34,982
Interest		21,197	8,654
Effect of economic/demographic gains and losses		(114,272)	(15,821)
Changes in assumptions		5,337	40,397
Benefit payments		-	(21,324)
Net changes	\$	(60,843) \$	46,888
Balances at June 30, 2021	\$	602,709 \$	414,076

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 18—Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following amounts present the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current discount rate:

		Rate									
		1% Decrease (2.00%)		Current Discount Rate (3.00%)		1% Increase (4.00%)					
Primary Government:											
Total OPEB liability	\$	687,214	\$	602,709	\$	532,548					
		1% Decrease (1.16%)		Current Discount Rate (2.16%)		1% Increase (3.16%)					
Component Unit School Board	d:										
Total OPEB liability	\$	436,757	\$	414,076	\$	391,146					

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates

The following presents the total OPEB liability of the County and School Board, as well as what the total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare cost trend rates:

	_			Healthcare Cost		_		
				Trend				
		1% Decrease		Current		1% Increase		
	_	Rate		Rate		Rate		
Primary Government:	ć	F2F 440	ć	<b>/02 700</b>	÷	/OF /4F		
Total OPEB liability	\$	525,418	\$	602,709	\$	695,615		

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 18—Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

# Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

# Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates (Continued)

The healthcare trend rate baseline used in Year 1 was Medical at 4.90%, Pharmacy at 5.90%, Dental at 3.50% and Vision at 3.00%.

		Rates						
	Healthcare Cost							
		Trend						
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase					
	Rate	Rate	Rate					
Component Unit School Board:								
Total OPEB liability \$	366,600	\$ 414,076	\$ 469,644					

The healthcare trend rates used in the valuation were based on the long-term healthcare trend rates generated by the Getzen Model, Milliman's *Health Cost Guidelines*, and actuarial judgment.

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the County and the School Board recognized OPEB expense in the amount of (\$60,843) and \$64,449. At June 30, 2021, the County reported no deferred inflows or outflows of resources related to OPEB. The School Board reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources.

	_	Component Unit School Board						
	_	Deferred		Deferred				
		Outflows	Inflows					
	_	of Resouces		of Resources				
	_							
Differences between expected and actual								
experience	\$	27,772	\$	13,712				
Changes in assumptions		71,835		1,840				
Total	\$	99,607	\$	15,552				
	-							

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### Note 18—Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-as-You-Go (OPEB Plan): (Continued)

#### Primary Government and Component Unit School Board: (Continued)

# OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the Medical, Dental and Disability Pay-As-You Go (OPEB Plan) will be recognized in OPEB expense in future reporting periods as follows:

Year Ended June 30	Component Unit School Board
2022	\$ 20,813
2023	20,813
2024	21,733
2025	12,505
2026	3,277
Thereafter	4,914

Additional disclosures on changes in total OPEB liability and related ratios can be found in the required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements.

#### Note 19—Line of Duty Act (LODA) (OPEB Benefits):

The Line of Duty Act (LODA) provides death and healthcare benefits to certain law enforcement and rescue personnel, and their beneficiaries, who were disabled or killed in the line of duty. Benefit provisions and eligibility requirements are established by title 9.1 Chapter 4 of the <u>Code of Virginia</u>. Funding of LODA benefits is provided by employers in one of two ways: (a) participation in the Line of Duty and Health Benefits Trust Fund (LODA Fund), administered by the Virginia Retirement System (VRS) or (b) self-funding by the employer or through an insurance company.

The County has elected to provide LODA benefits through an insurance company. The obligation for the payment of benefits has been effectively transferred from the County to VACORP. VACORP assumes all liability for the County's LODA claims that are approved by VRS. The pool purchases reinsurance to protect the pool from extreme claims costs.

The current-year OPEB expense/expenditure for the insured benefits is defined as the amount of premiums or other payments required for the insured benefits for the reporting period in accordance with the agreement with the insurance company for LODA and a change in liability to the insurer equal to the difference between amounts recognized as OPEB expense and amounts paid by the employer to the insurer. The County's LODA coverage is fully covered or "insured" through VACORP. This is built into the LODA coverage cost presented in the annual renewals. The County's LODA premium for the year ended June 30, 2021 was \$28,749.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 20—Summary of Other Postemployment Benefit Plans:

#### Primary Government and Component Unit School Board

		Primary Government						Component Unit School Board								
	_	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB	-	Deferred		Deferred		Net OPEB		OPEB
	_	Outflows	_	Inflows	_	Liability	_	Expense	_	Outflows		Inflows		Liability	_	Expense
VRS OPEB Plans:																
GLI Plan (Note 15):																
County	\$	66,396	\$	7,087	\$	237,308	\$	12,878	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-
School Board Nonprofessional		-		-		-		-		11,964		7,377		55,906		948
School Board Professional		-		-		-		-		86,792		21,133		391,676		14,630
Teacher HIC Plan (Note 16)		-		-		-		-		81,054		29,263		718,789		57,456
Nonprofessional Teacher HIC Plan (Note 17)		-		-		-		-		6,132		-		69,482		69,482
County Stand-Alone Plan (Note 18)		-		-		602,709		(60,843)		-		-		-		-
School Stand-Alone Plan (Note 18)		-		-		-		-		99,607		15,552		414,076		64,449
Totals	\$	66,396	\$	7,087	\$_	840,017	\$_	(47,965)	\$	285,549	\$	73,325	\$	1,649,929	\$	206,965

#### Note 21—Adoption of Accounting Principles:

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 84, *Fiduciary Activities* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The implementation of this Statement resulted in the following restatement of net position:

		Component Unit	Component Unit		Primary Government - Custodial Fund
	_	School Board	Special Revenue Fund- School Activity	. <u>-</u>	Special Welfare
Net Position/Fund Balance, June 30, 2020, as previously stated	\$	(2,476,404) \$	-	\$	-
Restatement: Implementation of GASB 84	_	42,859	42,859	. <u>-</u>	14,896
Net Position/Fund Balance, July 1, 2020, as restated	\$_	(2,433,545) \$	42,859	\$	14,896

The County implemented provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 90, *Majority Equity Interests* during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. This statement provides guidance for reporting a government's majority equity interest in a legally separate organization and for reporting financial statement information for certain component units. No restatement was required as a result of this implementation.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

#### **Note 22—Upcoming Pronouncements:**

Statement No. 87, *Leases*, requires recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period, provides guidance for reporting capital assets and the cost of borrowing for a reporting period and simplifies accounting for interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2020.

Statement No. 91, Conduit Debt Obligations, provides a single method of reporting conduit debt obligations by issuers and eliminates diversity in practice associated with (1) commitments extended by issuers, (2) arrangements associated with conduit debt obligations, and (3) related note disclosures. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2021.

Statement No. 92, *Omnibus 2020*, addresses practice issues that have been identified during implementation and application of certain GASB Statements. This Statement addresses a variety of topics such as leases, assets related to pension and postemployment benefits, and reference to nonrecurring fair value measurements of assets or liabilities in authoritative literature. The effective dates differ by topic, ranging from January 2020 to periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 93, Replacement of Interbank Offered Rates, establishes accounting and financial reporting requirements related to the replacement of Interbank Offered Rates (IBORs) in hedging derivative instruments and leases. It also identifies appropriate benchmark interest rates for hedging derivative instruments. The requirements of this Statement, except for removal of London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) as an appropriate benchmark interest rate and the requirements related to lease modifications, are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2020. The removal of LIBOR as an appropriate benchmark interest rate is effective for reporting periods ending after December 31, 2021. All requirements related to lease modifications in this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability of Payment Arrangements, addresses issues related to public-private and public-public partnership arrangements. This Statement also provides guidance for accounting and financial reporting for availability payment arrangements. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements (SBITAs), (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset—an intangible asset—and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. The requirements of this Statement are effective for reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2022.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 22—Upcoming Pronouncements: (Continued)

Statement No. 97, Certain Component Unit Criteria, and Accounting and Financial Reporting for Internal Revenue Code (IRC) Section 457 Deferred Compensation Plans - an Amendment of GASB Statements No. 14 and No. 84, and a Supersession of GASB Statement. No 32, (1) increases consistency and comparability related to reporting of fiduciary component units in certain circumstances; (2) mitigates costs associated with the reporting of certain plans as fiduciary component units in fiduciary fund financial statements; and (3) enhances the relevance, consistency, and comparability of the accounting and financial reporting for Section 457 plans that meet the definition of a pension plan and for benefits provided through those plans. The effective dates differ based on the requirements of the Statement, ranging from June 2020 to reporting periods beginning after June 15, 2021.

Management is currently evaluating the impact these standards will have on the financial statements when adopted.

#### Note 23—COVID-19 Pandemic Funding and Subsequent Events:

The COVID-19 pandemic and its impact on operations continues to evolve. Specific to the County, COVID-19 impacted various parts of its 2021 operations and financial results including, but not limited to, costs for emergency preparedness and shortages of personnel. Federal relief has been received through various programs. Management believes the County is taking appropriate actions to mitigate the negative impact. The extent to which COVID-19 may impact operations in subsequent years remains uncertain, and management is unable to estimate the effects on future results of operations, financial condition, or liquidity for fiscal year 2022.

#### **CARES Act Funding**

On March 27, 2020, the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) was passed by the federal government to alleviate some of the effects of the sharp economic downturn due to the COVID-19 pandemic, which included direct aid for state and local governments from the federal Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF).

Each locality received its CRF allocations based on population in two equal payments, with the second and final round of funding being received during fiscal year 2021. The County received total CRF funding of \$1,225,808. In addition, the School Board received CRF funding from the Virginia Department of Education in the amount of \$140,385. As a condition of receiving CRF funds, any funds unexpended as of December 31, 2021 will be returned to the federal government. Unspent CRF funds in the amount of \$32,023 are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

# **ARPA Funding**

On March 11, 2021, the American Rescue Plan (ARPA) Act of 2021 was passed by the federal government. A primary component of the ARPA was the establishment of the Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Fund (CSLFRF). Local governments are to receive funds in two tranches, with 50% provided beginning in May 2021 and the balance delivered approximately 12 months later.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED) AS OF JUNE 30, 2021

# Note 23—COVID-19 Pandemic Funding and Subsequent Events: (Continued)

#### ARPA Funding (Continued)

In June 2021, the County received its share of the first half of the CSLFRF funds. As a condition of receiving CSLFRF funds, any funds unobligated by December 31, 2024, and unexpended by December 31, 2026, will be returned to the federal government. Unspent funds in the amount of \$682,262 from the initial allocation are reported as unearned revenue as of June 30.

# **ESF Funding**

The CARES Act also established the Education Stabilization Fund (ESF) and allocated \$30.75 billion to the U.S. Department of Education. The ESF is composed of three primary emergency relief funds: (1) a Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund, (2) an Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief (ESSER) Fund, and (3) a Higher Education Emergency Relief (HEER) Fund. The Coronavirus Response and Relief Supplemental Appropriations Act (CRRSA Act) was signed into law on December 27, 2020 and added \$81.9 billion to the ESF. In March 2021, the American Rescue Plan Act (ARP Act), in support of ongoing state and institutional COVID-19 recovery efforts, added more than \$170 billion to the ESF. The School Board is receiving this funding from the Virginia Department of Education on a reimbursement basis.

# County of King and Queen, Virginia General Fund

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	Budgeted Amounts				-	Actual Amounts		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
REVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		Amounts		(Negative)	
General property taxes	\$	7,302,529	\$	7,302,529	\$	7,663,772	\$	361,243	
Other local taxes	Ţ	672,000	ڔ	672,000	ڔ	838,416	٠	166,416	
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses		65,820		65,820		118,812		52,992	
Fines and forfeitures		179,500		179,500		218,547		39,047	
Revenue from the use of money and property		500,890		500,890		209,554		(291,336)	
Charges for services		1,957,800		1,957,800		2,398,614		440,814	
Miscellaneous		100,000		100,000		16,871		(83,129)	
Recovered costs		-		-		5,450		5,450	
Intergovernmental:						5, 155		3, .53	
Commonwealth		2,291,312		2,456,061		2,521,778		65,717	
Federal		1,855,572		1,954,363		1,884,989		(69,374)	
Total revenues	\$	14,925,423	\$	15,188,963	\$	15,876,803	\$	687,840	
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
General government administration	\$	1,573,492	\$	1,593,829	\$	1,508,732	\$	85,097	
Judicial administration	ڔ	590,537	ڔ	601,377	ڔ	584,665	ڔ	16,712	
Public safety		5,008,996		5,367,893		4,758,167		609,726	
Public works		744,898		815,039		757,363		57,676	
Health and welfare		2,411,398		2,411,398		1,311,784		1,099,614	
Education		4,303,596		4,303,596		4,015,943		287,653	
Parks, recreation, and cultural		188,975		188,975		194,266		(5,291)	
Community development		334,952		1,318,364		1,237,169		81,195	
Nondepartmental		233,687		265,204		48,748		216,456	
Total expenditures	\$	15,390,531	\$	16,865,675	\$	14,416,837	\$	2,448,838	
·							-		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)									
expenditures	\$	(465,108)	\$	(1,676,712)	\$	1,459,966	\$	3,136,678	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	_	\$	48,396	Ś	48,396	
Transfers out	*	(395,149)	*	(395,149)	*	(1,709,642)	*	(1,314,493)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(395,149)	\$	(395,149)	\$	(1,661,246)	\$	(1,266,097)	
Net change in fund balances	\$	(860,257)	\$	(2,071,861)	\$	(201,280)	\$	1,870,581	
Fund balances - beginning		860,257		2,071,861		24,021,455		21,949,594	
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	23,820,175	\$	23,820,175	

# Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Special Revenue Fund

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual	Fi	riance with inal Budget Positive
REVENUES		<u>Oi igiliat</u>		rillat	Actual		(Negative)	
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	_	\$	_	\$	4,256	Ś	4,256
Charges for services	Ψ.	38,000	Ψ.	38,000	~	56,080	~	18,080
Miscellaneous		10,000		10,000		25,386		15,386
Intergovernmental:		,		,				,
Commonwealth		526,378		526,378		282,474		(243,904)
Federal		-		-		2,438		2,438
Total revenues	\$	574,378	\$	574,378	\$	370,634	\$	(203,744)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Public safety	\$	50,907	\$	61,907	\$	81,707	\$	(19,800)
Public works		150,000		150,000		-		150,000
Health and welfare		771,527		771,527		414,511		357,016
Total expenditures	\$	972,434	\$	983,434	\$	496,218	\$	487,216
Evenes (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under) expenditures	\$	(398,056)	ċ	(409,056)	ċ	(125,584)	ċ	283,472
expenditures	<del></del>	(370,030)	٠	(407,030)	٠	(123,304)	٠	203,472
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	395,149	\$	395,149	\$	279,599	\$	(115,550)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	395,149	\$	395,149	\$	279,599	\$	(115,550)
Net change in fund balances	\$	(2,907)	\$	(13,907)	\$	154,015	\$	167,922
Fund balances - beginning		2,907		13,907		3,071,020		3,057,113
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,225,035	\$	3,225,035

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019
Total pension liability			
Service cost	\$	379,642 \$	298,824
Interest		761,938	728,937
Changes in benefit terms		-	41,062
Difference between expected and actual experience		(190,267)	47,134
Changes of assumptions		-	322,733
Benefit payments		(633,361)	(494,831)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	317,952 \$	943,859
Total pension liability - beginning		11,604,654	10,660,795
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	11,922,606 \$	11,604,654
Plan fiduciary net position  Contributions - employer	\$	213,219 \$	203,333
Contributions - employee	7	140,718	133,413
Net investment income		218,608	718,162
Benefit payments		(633,361)	(494,831)
Administrator charges		(7,446)	(7,097)
Other		(255)	(453)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(68,517) \$	552,527
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		11,360,223	10,807,696
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	11,291,706 \$	11,360,223
County's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) - (b)	\$	630,900 \$	244,431
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of			
the total pension liability		94.71%	97.89%
Covered payroll	\$	2,927,364 \$	2,767,873
County's net pension liability (asset)		21.55%	8.83%
as a percentage of covered payroll		21.33%	0.03%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 14

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	266,695 \$	268,433 \$	272,024 \$	272,591 \$	273,272
٠	700,407	693,483	673,052	643,099	608,529
	700,407	-	073,032	0-13,077	-
	(50,261)	(297,323)	(179,149)	(50,915)	-
	(30,201)	(56,188)	-	(30,713)	-
	(523,715)	(495,260)	(452,877)	(420,871)	(355,006)
s	393,126 \$	113,145 \$	313,050 \$	443,904 \$	526,795
•	10,267,669	10,154,524	9,841,474	9,397,570	8,870,775
\$ <sup>_</sup>	10,660,795 \$	10,267,669 \$	10,154,524 \$	9,841,474 \$	9,397,570
=					
\$	183,197 \$	173,073 \$	219,632 \$	226,362 \$	277,164
	121,698	112,839	111,772	115,782	116,205
	755,530	1,131,245	160,893	410,701	1,226,442
	(523,715)	(495,260)	(452,877)	(420,871)	(355,006)
	(6,573)	(6,600)	(5,793)	(5,614)	(6,516)
	(671)	(1,004)	(68)	(87)	65
\$	529,466 \$	914,293 \$	33,559 \$	326,273 \$	1,258,354
	10,278,230	9,363,937	9,330,378	9,004,105	7,745,751
\$	10,807,696 \$	10,278,230 \$	9,363,937 \$	9,330,378 \$	9,004,105
\$	(146,901) \$	(10,561) \$	790,587 \$	511,096 \$	393,465
	101.38%	100.10%	92.21%	94.81%	95.81%
\$	2,469,470 \$	2,335,442 \$	2,282,652 \$	2,331,298 \$	2,324,553
	-5.95%	-0.45%	34.63%	21.92%	16.93%

Schedule of Changes in Net Pension Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

		2020	2019
Total pension liability	_		
Service cost	\$	56,231 \$	63,043
Interest		174,712	176,437
Differences between expected and actual experience		30,150	(106,932)
Changes of assumptions		-	67,995
Benefit payments		(133,794)	(131,701)
Net change in total pension liability	\$	127,299 \$	68,842
Total pension liability - beginning		2,655,216	2,586,374
Total pension liability - ending (a)	\$	2,782,515 \$	2,655,216
	=		
Plan fiduciary net position			
Contributions - employer	\$	2,381 \$	2,317
Contributions - employee		31,302	31,071
Net investment income		63,820	213,884
Benefit payments		(133,794)	(131,701)
Administrator charges		(2,218)	(2,172)
Other		(75)	(134)
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$	(38,584) \$	113,265
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		3,362,678	3,249,413
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$	3,324,094 \$	3,362,678
	-		
School Division's net pension liability (asset) - ending (a) -			
(b)	\$	(541,579) \$	(707,462)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of			
the total pension liability		119.46%	126.64%
·			
Covered payroll	\$	689,531 \$	686,284
School Division's net pension liability (asset)			
as a percentage of covered payroll		-78.54%	-103.09%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Exhibit 15

	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
\$	65,157 \$	71,749 \$	67,233 \$	78,636 \$	83,825
	159,345	168,841	173,499	168,533	155,717
	153,214	(139,423)	(142,957)	(95,608)	-
	-	(57,474)	-	-	-
_	(135,410)	(223,268)	(105,376)	(55,859)	(57,070)
\$	242,306 \$	(179,575) \$	(7,601) \$	95,702 \$	182,472
_	2,344,068	2,523,643	2,531,244	2,435,542	2,253,070
\$	2,586,374 \$	2,344,068 \$	2,523,643 \$	2,531,244 \$	2,435,542
=					
\$	635 \$	726 \$	37,702 \$	38,613 \$	38,354
	32,862	32,518	33,316	34,218	36,252
	229,153	344,536	51,284	129,766	382,078
	(135,410)	(223,268)	(105,376)	(55,859)	(57,070)
	(2,022)	(2,114)	(1,828)	(1,734)	(2,021)
	(202)	(305)	(22)	(25)	20
\$	125,016 \$	152,093 \$	15,076 \$	144,979 \$	397,613
	3,124,397	2,972,304	2,957,228	2,812,249	2,414,636
\$	3,249,413 \$	3,124,397 \$	2,972,304 \$	2,957,228 \$	2,812,249
_					
\$	(663,039) \$	(780,329) \$	(448,661) \$	(425,984) \$	(376,707)
	125.64%	133.29%	117.78%	116.83%	115.47%
\$	706,967 \$	683,420 \$	685,441 \$	686,083 \$	732,850
	-93.79%	-114.18%	-65.46%	-62.09%	-51.40%

Schedule of Employer's Share of Net Pension Liability VRS Teacher Retirement Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 through June 30, 2020

	_	2020	2019
Employer's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)		0.05470%	0.05528%
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability			
(Asset)	\$	7,957,376 \$	7,275,162
Employer's Covered Payroll		4,830,504	4,475,485
Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of its Covered Payroll		164.73%	162.56%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		71.47%	73.51%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2014 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become

Exhibit 16

_	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
	0.05668%	0.05630%	0.05593%	0.05960%	0.06336%
\$	6,666,000 \$	6,924,000 \$	7,838,000 \$	7,502,000 \$	7,657,000
	4,507,047	4,449,529	4,543,421	4,400,310	4,613,774
	147.90%	155.61%	172.51%	170.49%	165.96%
	74.81%	72.92%	68.28%	70.68%	70.88%

# Schedule of Employer Contributions Pension Plans

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

D. A.		Contractually Required Contribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution		Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	ı	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll
Date Primary Go	<u> </u>	(1)		(2)	•	(3)	_	(4)	(5)
2021	\$	260,350	ς	260,350	ς	_	\$	3,139,484	8.29%
2020	7	212,990	~	212,990	~	_	7	2,927,364	7.28%
2019		203,421		203,421		_		2,767,873	7.35%
2018		183,049		183,049		-		2,469,470	7.41%
2017		178,428		178,428		-		2,335,442	7.64%
2016		219,632		219,632		-		2,282,652	9.62%
2015		227,068		227,068		-		2,331,298	9.74%
2014		275,696		275,696		-		2,324,583	11.86%
2013		275,443		275,443		-		2,322,458	11.86%
2012		198,307		198,307		-		2,228,174	8.90%
Component	t Unit	School Board (	nor	nprofessional)					
2021	\$	-	\$	. ,	\$	-	\$	721,445	0.00%
2020		-		-		-		689,531	0.00%
2019		785		785		-		686,284	0.11%
2018		(1,642)		(1,642)		-		706,967	-0.23%
2017		957		957		-		683,420	0.14%
2016		37,702		37,702		-		685,441	5.50%
2015		38,695		38,695		-		686,083	5.64%
2014		55,330		38,768		16,562		732,850	5.29%
2013		55,135		38,631		16,504		730,262	5.29%
2012		37,477		37,477		-		712,487	5.26%
Component	t Unit	School Board (	pro	ofessional)					
2021		783,067	-	•	\$	-	\$	4,916,539	15.93%
2020		726,655		726,655		-		4,830,504	15.04%
2019		701,756		701,756		-		4,475,485	15.68%
2018		735,550		735,550		-		4,507,047	16.32%
2017		652,301		652,301		-		4,449,529	14.66%
2016		638,805		638,805		-		4,543,421	14.06%
2015		638,045		638,045		-		4,400,310	14.50%
2014		537,966		537,966		-		4,613,774	11.66%
2013		543,843		543,843		-		4,664,177	11.66%
2012		284,876		284,876		-		4,500,411	6.33%

# Notes to Required Supplementary Information Pension Plans For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

# All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Non-Hazardous Duty:

•
Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
2020
Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from
70 to 75
Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
service through 9 years of service
Lowered rates
No change
Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### All Others (Non-10 Largest) - Hazardous Duty:

` <u> </u>	•
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates, and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

# Component Unit School Board - Professional Employees:

•	, ,
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to
retirement healthy, and disabled)	2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from
	70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and
	service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of County's Share of Net OPEB Liability Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2020

Date (1)	Employer's Proportion of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (2)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) (3)		Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net GLI OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4) (5)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total GLI OPEB Liability (6)							
Primary Government:													
2020	0.01420%	\$ 237,308	\$	2,927,364	8.11%	52.64%							
2019	0.01414%	230,096		2,771,993	8.30%	52.00%							
2018	0.01301%	198,000		2,473,042	8.01%	51.22%							
2017	0.01274%	192,000		2,349,450	8.17%	48.86%							
Component Unit School Board (professional):													
2020	0.02350%	\$ 391,676	\$	4,830,504	8.11%	52.64%							
2019	0.02370%	385,662		4,646,533	8.30%	52.00%							
2018	0.02430%	369,000		4,620,280	7.99%	51.22%							
2017	0.02417%	364,000		4,457,709	8.17%	48.86%							
Component Unit School Board (nonprofessional):													
2020	0.00340%	\$ 55,906	\$	689,531	8.11%	52.64%							
2019	0.00350%	56,954		686,284	8.30%	52.00%							
2018	0.00385%	59,000		731,402	8.07%	51.22%							
2017	0.00372%	56,000		685,313	8.17%	48.86%							

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

# Schedule of Employer Contributions Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

Date	R	ntractually equired ntribution (1)	Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution (2)	Contribution Deficiency (Excess) (3)	Employer's Covered Payroll (4)	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll (5)
Primary C	overnm			 , ,	 , ,	
2021	\$	17,025	\$ 17,025	\$ -	\$ 3,152,728	0.54%
2020		15,222	15,222	-	2,927,364	0.52%
2019		14,414	14,414	-	2,771,993	0.52%
2018		12,860	12,860	-	2,473,042	0.52%
2017		12,217	12,217	-	2,349,450	0.52%
2016		10,818	10,818	-	2,253,828	0.48%
2015		10,866	10,866	-	2,263,650	0.48%
2014		10,833	10,833	-	2,256,935	0.48%
2013		10,823	10,823	-	2,254,810	0.48%
2012		6,060	6,060	-	2,164,355	0.28%
Compone	nt Unit S	School Boar	rd (professional):			
2021	\$	27,012	\$ 27,012	\$ -	\$ 5,002,275	0.54%
2020		25,119	25,119	-	4,830,504	0.52%
2019		24,162	24,162	-	4,646,533	0.52%
2018		24,025	24,025	-	4,620,280	0.52%
2017		23,180	23,180	-	4,457,709	0.52%
2016		20,469	20,469	-	4,264,474	0.48%
2015		21,269	21,269	-	4,431,041	0.48%
2014		22,242	22,242	-	4,633,732	0.48%
2013		22,688	22,688	-	4,726,659	0.48%
2012		12,655	12,655	-	4,519,737	0.28%
Compone	nt Unit S	School Boar	rd (nonprofessional):			
2021	\$	3,903	\$ 3,903	\$ -	\$ 722,755	0.54%
2020		3,586	3,586	-	689,531	0.52%
2019		3,569	3,569	-	686,284	0.52%
2018		3,803	3,803	-	731,402	0.52%
2017		3,564	3,564	-	685,313	0.52%
2016		3,296	3,296	-	686,708	0.48%
2015		3,293	3,293	-	686,083	0.48%
2014		3,518	3,518	-	732,850	0.48%
2013		3,505	3,505	-	730,262	0.48%
2012		1,995	1,995	-	712,487	0.28%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Group Life Insurance (GLI) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### **Teachers**

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

, <b>g</b> , <b>, ,</b>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected
retirement healthy, and disabled)	to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - Hazardous Duty Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post- retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Increased age 50 rates and lowered rates at older ages
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Decreased rate from 60.00% to 45.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

Schedule of School Board's Share of Net OPEB Liability Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Measurement Dates of June 30, 2017 through 2020

Date	Employer's Proportion of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset)	Employer's Covered Payroll	Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net HIC OPEB Liability (Asset) as a Percentage of Covered Payroll (3)/(4)	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of Total HIC OPEB Liability
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)
2020	0.05510% \$	718,789 \$	4,830,504	14.88%	9.95%
2019	0.05540%	725,240	4,646,533	15.61%	8.97%
2018	0.05671%	720,000	4,586,510	15.70%	8.08%
2017	0.05618%	713,000	4,434,033	16.08%	7.04%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2017 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

#### Schedule of Employer Contributions

#### Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

		Contributions in			
		<b>Relation to</b>			Contributions
	Contractually	Contractually	Contribution	Employer's	as a % of
	Required	Required	Deficiency	Covered	Covered
	Contribution	Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll
Date	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
2021	\$ 59,490 \$	59,490 \$	- \$	4,916,539	1.21%
2020	57,966	57,966	-	4,830,504	1.20%
2019	55,758	55,758	-	4,646,533	1.20%
2018	56,414	56,414	-	4,586,510	1.23%
2017	49,218	49,218	-	4,434,033	1.11%
2016	45,203	45,203	-	4,264,474	1.06%
2015	46,969	46,969	-	4,431,041	1.06%
2014	51,434	51,434	-	4,633,732	1.11%
2013	51,772	51,772	-	4,664,173	1.11%
2012	27,003	27,003	-	4,500,418	0.60%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Teacher Employee Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered rates at older ages and changed final retirement from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted rates to better fit experience at each year age and service through 9 years of service
Disability Rates	Adjusted rates to better match experience
Salary Scale	No change
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Schedule of Changes in Net OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

For the Measurement Date of June 30, 2020

	2020
Total HIC OPEB Liability	
Changes in benefit terms	\$ 69,482
Net change in total HIC OPEB liability	\$ 69,482
Total HIC OPEB Liability - beginning	 -
Total HIC OPEB Liability - ending (a)	\$ 69,482
Plan fiduciary net position	
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	\$ -
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	-
Plan fiduciary net position - ending (b)	\$ -
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability - ending (a) - (b)	\$ 69,482
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total HIC OPEB liability	0.00%
Covered payroll	\$ -
School Board's net HIC OPEB liability as a percentage of covered payroll	0.00%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Information prior to the 2020 valuation is not available. However, additional years will be included as they become available.

Schedule of Employer Contributions Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan

Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional)

For the Years Ended June 30, 2012 through June 30, 2021

	F	ntractually Required ntribution		Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contribution	_	ontributior Deficiency (Excess)	1	Employer's Covered Payroll	Contributions as a % of Covered Payroll	
Date		(1)		(2)		(3)		(4)	(5)	
Component	Unit Sch	ool Board (	Nonp	rofessional)				_		
2021	\$	6,132	\$	6,132	\$	-	\$	721,445	0.85%	ó

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. 2021 was the initial year for the nonprofessional plan at King and Queen School Board.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Health Insurance Credit (HIC) Plan Component Unit School Board (Nonprofessional) For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

**Changes of benefit terms** - There have been no actuarially material changes to the System benefit provisions since the prior actuarial valuation.

Changes of assumptions - The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2019 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period from July 1, 2012 through June 30, 2016, except the change in the discount rate, which was based on VRS Board action effective as of July 1, 2019. Changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of the experience study and VRS Board action are as follows:

#### Non-Largest Ten Locality Employers - General Employees

Mortality Rates (pre-retirement, post-retirement healthy, and disabled)	Updated to a more current mortality table - RP-2014 projected to 2020
Retirement Rates	Lowered retirement rates at older ages and extended final retirement age from 70 to 75
Withdrawal Rates	Adjusted termination rates to better fit experience at each age and service year
Disability Rates	Lowered disability rates
Salary Scale	No change
Line of Duty Disability	Increased rate from 14.00% to 15.00%
Discount Rate	Decreased rate from 7.00% to 6.75%

#### Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Primary Government

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability					
Service cost	\$	26,895 \$	37,083 \$	18,536 \$	18,536
Interest		21,197	28,047	24,466	24,063
Effect of economic/demographic gains and losses		(114,272)	(288,099)	162,690	-
Changes in assumptions	_	5,337	10,018	213,353	
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	(60,843) \$	(212,951) \$	419,045 \$	42,599
Total OPEB liability - beginning		663,552	876,503	457,458	414,859
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$_	602,709 \$	663,552 \$	876,503 \$	457,458
Covered payroll	\$	3,139,484 \$	2,927,364 \$	2,767,873 \$	2,469,470
County's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		19.20%	22.67%	31.67%	18.52%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

#### Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability (Asset) and Related Ratios Component Unit School Board

For the Years Ended June 30, 2018 through June 30, 2021

		2021	2020	2019	2018
Total OPEB liability	_				
Service cost	\$	34,982 \$	23,027 \$	18,707 \$	17,244
Interest		8,654	12,045	11,424	8,592
Changes in assumptions		40,397	23,890	40,156	(5,520)
Effect of liability gains and losses		(15,821)	-	51,574	-
Benefit payments		(21,324)	(25,536)	(25,802)	(21,541)
Net change in total OPEB liability	\$	46,888 \$	33,426 \$	96,059 \$	(1,225)
Total OPEB liability - beginning		367,188	333,762	237,703	238,928
Total OPEB liability - ending	\$	414,076 \$	367,188 \$	333,762 \$	237,703
Covered payroll	\$	5,613,162 \$	5,386,929 \$	5,386,929 \$	5,213,200
School Board's total OPEB liability (asset) as a percentage of covered payroll		7.38%	6.82%	6.20%	4.56%

Schedule is intended to show information for 10 years. Additional years will be included as they become available.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information County Postretirement Benefits Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 6/30/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	3.00% based on the 20-year tax exempt municipal bond yield
Healthcare Trend Rate	Year 1 health care trend rates as follows: Medical 4.90%, Pharmacy 5.90%, Dental 3.50% and Vision 3.00%.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate was 5.00% per annum
Retirement Age	The average age of retirement is 62
Mortality Rates	The mortality rates for active and healthy retirees was calculated using the Pub-2010 Public Retirement Plans Mortality Tables with mortality improvement projected for 10 years.

#### Notes to Required Supplementary Information Component Unit School Board Postretirement Benefit Plan For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Valuation Date: 1/1/2021 Measurement Date: 6/30/2021

No assets are accumulated in a trust that meets the criteria in GASB 75 to pay related benefits.

#### Methods and assumptions used to determine OPEB liability:

Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Discount Rate	2.16% rate used to measure the plan's June 30, 2021 Total OPEB liability based on the Bond Buyers General Obligation 20-Bond Municipal Index.
Inflation	2.50%
Healthcare Trend Rate	5.80% to 4.00% over 52 years.
Salary Increase Rates	The salary increase rate was 5.35% per annum for Service Years 1 and 2 and declining thereafter to 3.50% for 20 or more years of service.
Mortality Rates	RP-2014 Employee Rates to age 49, Healthy Annuitant Rates at ages 50 and older projected with Scale BB to 2020; males set forward 1 year; females setback 1 year with 1.5% increase compounded from ages 70 to 85.

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia Capital Projects Fund

### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

<u>_</u>	Budgeted Original	Am	nounts <u>Final</u>	Actual <u>Amounts</u>	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property \$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,474	\$	1,474		
Intergovernmental:								
Commonwealth	-		2,020,291	344,553		(1,675,738)		
Federal	299,350		299,350	-		(299,350)		
Total revenues \$	299,350	\$	2,319,641	\$ 346,027	\$	(1,973,614)		
EXPENDITURES								
Capital projects \$	1,625,350	\$	5,717,156	\$ 1,496,987	\$	4,220,169		
Total expenditures \$	1,625,350	\$	5,717,156	\$ 1,496,987	\$	4,220,169		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures \$ (	(1,326,000)	\$	(3,397,515)	\$ (1,150,960)	\$	2,246,555		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in \$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,430,043	\$	1,430,043		
Transfers out	-		-	(48,396)		(48,396)		
Total other financing sources (uses) \$	-	\$	-	\$ 1,381,647	\$	1,381,647		
	(1,326,000) 1,326,000	\$	(3,397,515) 3,397,515	\$ 230,687 479,935	\$	3,628,202 (2,917,580)		
Fund balances - ending \$	-	\$	-,-,,-,-	\$ 710,622	\$	710,622		

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Combining Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board June 30, 2021

June 30	, 2021					
	School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School afeteria <u>Fund</u>	School Activity <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total vernmental <u>Funds</u>
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 695,562	\$	70,619	\$ 36,943	\$	803,124
Receivables (net of allowance for uncollectibles):						
Due from other funds	3,300		-	-		3,300
Due from other governmental units	523,490		20,563		_	544,053
Total assets	\$ 1,222,352	\$	91,182	\$ 36,943	\$	1,350,477
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$ 310,406	\$	1,693	\$ -	\$	312,099
Accrued liabilities	911,946		27,921	-		939,867
Due to other funds	<u> </u>		-	3,300		3,300
Total liabilities	\$ 1,222,352	\$	29,614	\$ 3,300	\$	1,255,266
FUND BALANCES						
Restricted	\$ -	\$	61,568	\$ 33,643	\$	95,211
Total fund balances	\$ -	\$	61,568	\$ 33,643	\$	95,211
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 1,222,352	\$	91,182	\$ 36,943	\$	1,350,477
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement	of net position (Ex	hibit	1) are diff	erent beca	use:	
Total fund balances per above					\$	95,211
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial are not reported in the funds.	resources and, the	erefore	e,			5,971,087
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-per therefore, are deferred in the funds.  Net pension asset	iod expenditures a	nd,				541,579
Deferred outflows of resources are not available to pay for current and therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items  OPEB related items	rent period expenc		2,101,884 285,549	_		2,387,433
Long-term liabilities, including compensated absences, are not period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Compensated absences  Net pension liability  Conital losses	due and payable i	\$ (7	(133,086) 7,957,376)			
Capital lease		(1	,091,920)			
Accrued interest payable Net OPEB liabilities		(1	(12,489) ,649,929)			(10,844,800)
Deferred inflows of resources are not due and payable in the country and therefore, are not reported in the funds.  Pension related items	urrent period		,049,929 <u>)</u> (704,164)	-		(10,844,800)
OPEB related items		•	(73,325)			(777,489)
		-	. , -,	-	٠	<u> </u>
Net position of governmental activities					<del>-</del>	(2,626,979)

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances Governmental Funds - Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board

For the Year Ended Jun	e 30,	2021						
	(	School Operating <u>Fund</u>		School afeteria <u>Fund</u>		School Activity <u>Fund</u>	Go	Total overnmental <u>Funds</u>
REVENUES								
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$	27	\$	-	\$	27
Charges for services		-		13,628		-		13,628
Miscellaneous		16,017		-		23,342		39,359
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		4,009,523		-		-		4,009,523
Commonwealth		6,835,488		3,195		-		6,838,683
Federal	_	967,435	_	341,489	_	- 22.242	_	1,308,924
Total revenues	<u> </u>	11,828,463	\$	358,339	\$	23,342	\$	12,210,144
EXPENDITURES								
Current:				~ · · · · · ·				10 00= 011
Education	\$	11,642,316	\$	361,067	\$	32,558	\$	12,035,941
Debt service:		77.003						77.000
Principal retirement		77,083		-		-		77,083
Interest and other fiscal charges  Total expenditures	Ċ	59,064 11,778,463	Ċ	361,067	Ċ	22 559	Ċ	59,064 12,172,088
	<u> </u>	11,770,403	ڔ	301,007	ڔ	32,336	٠	12,172,000
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	50,000	\$	(2,728)	Ş	(9,216)	\$	38,056
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers in	\$	-	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	50,000
Transfers out		(50,000)		-		-		(50,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(50,000)	\$	50,000	\$	-	\$	-
Net change in fund balances	\$	-	\$	47,272	\$	(9,216)	\$	38,056
Fund balances - beginning, as restated		-		14,296		42,859		57,155
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	61,568	\$	33,643	\$	95,211
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activ	ities	(Exhibit 2) ar	e d	different b	ec	ause:		
Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds - per above							\$	38,056
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which depreciation in the current period. The following is a summary of items supporting Capital outlays  Depreciation expense  Some expenses reported in the statement of activities do not require to	useful exceeng thi	lives and re eded capital s adjustment e of current	poi ou :: \$	tlays 269,196 (489,892)				(220,696)
financial resources and, therefore are not reported as expenditures The following is a summary of items supporting this adjustment: Change in compensated absences Change in pension related items (Increase) decrease in capital lease	in go	vernmental 1		(17,763) 18,045 77,083				
Change in OPEB related items				(89,040)				(10.704)

881

(10,794)

(193,434)

Decrease (increase) in accrued interest payable

Change in net position of governmental activities

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

				School Ope	rat	ing Fund		
								riance with inal Budget
		Budgeted	An	nounts	_			Positive
		Original		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>	<u>(</u>	(Negative)
REVENUES								
Miscellaneous	\$	37,700	\$	12,880	\$	16,017	\$	3,137
Intergovernmental:								
Local government		4,297,176		4,297,176		4,009,523		(287,653)
Commonwealth		6,300,698		6,789,714		6,835,488		45,774
Federal		573,145		928,373		967,435		39,062
Total revenues	\$	11,208,719	\$	12,028,143	\$	11,828,463	\$	(199,680)
EXPENDITURES								
Current:								
Education	\$	11,092,261	\$	11,866,143	\$	11,642,316	\$	223,827
Debt service:								
Principal retirement		77,083		77,083		77,083		-
Interest and other fiscal charges		34,917		34,917		59,064		(24, 147)
Total expenditures	\$	11,204,261	\$	11,978,143	\$	11,778,463	\$	199,680
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)								
expenditures	\$	4,458	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	-
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out	\$	(4,458)	Ś	(50,000)	Ś	(50,000)	Ś	-
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	(4,458)		(50,000)	\$	(50,000)		-
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	_	\$	-
Fund balances - beginning	7	-	4	_	4	-	Ψ	_
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	_	\$	-	\$	_
<u> </u>			•		_ '		•	

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Budget and Actual Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

	School Cafeteria Fund											
								riance with				
							F	inal Budget				
		Budgeted	Am				Positive					
DEVENUES		<u>Original</u>		<u>Final</u>		<u>Actual</u>		(Negative)				
REVENUES	<b>,</b>		Ļ		,	27	,	27				
Revenue from the use of money and property	\$	-	\$		\$	27	\$	27				
Charges for services		83,000		83,000		13,628		(69,372)				
Intergovernmental:		2.450		2.450		2.405		24				
Commonwealth		3,159		3,159		3,195		36				
Federal	_	260,000	<u>,                                      </u>	260,000		341,489		81,489				
Total revenues	\$	346,159	\$	346,159	\$	358,339	\$	12,180				
EXPENDITURES												
Current:												
Education	\$	350,617	\$	350,617	\$	361,067	\$	(10,450)				
Total expenditures	\$	350,617	\$	350,617	\$	361,067	\$	(10,450)				
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (under)												
expenditures	\$	(4,458)	\$	(4,458)	\$	(2,728)	\$	1,730				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)												
Transfers in	\$	4,458	\$	4,458	\$	50,000	\$	45,542				
Total other financing sources (uses)	\$	4,458	\$	4,458	\$	50,000	\$	45,542				
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$	_	\$	47,272	\$	47,272				
Fund balances - beginning	~	-	•	-	~	14,296	~	14,296				
Fund balances - ending	\$	-	\$	-	\$	61,568	\$	61,568				

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Net Position

### Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority June 30, 2021

Current assets:       \$ 89,946         Investments       153,862         Total current assets       \$ 243,808         Noncurrent assets:       ***         Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):       ***         Land and land improvements       \$ 516,019         Buildings and improvements       \$ 527,981         Total net capital assets       \$ 527,981         Total noncurrent assets       \$ 527,981         Total assets       \$ 771,789         LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:       \$ 75,000         Total current liabilities       \$ 75,000         Total liabilities       \$ 75,000         NET POSITION         Investment in capital assets       \$ 527,981         Unrestricted       \$ 168,808		
Cash       \$ 89,946         Investments       153,862         Total current assets       \$ 243,808         Noncurrent assets:       ***         Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):       ***         Land and land improvements       \$ 516,019         Buildings and improvements       11,962         Total net capital assets       \$ 527,981         Total noncurrent assets       \$ 527,981         Total assets       \$ 771,789         LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:       \$ 75,000         Accrued liabilities       \$ 75,000         Total current liabilities       \$ 75,000         Total liabilities       \$ 75,000         NET POSITION         Investment in capital assets       \$ 527,981         Unrestricted       168,808	ASSETS	
Investments         153,862           Total current assets         243,808           Noncurrent assets:         ***           Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):         ***           Land and land improvements         \$ 516,019           Buildings and improvements         11,962           Total net capital assets         \$ 527,981           Total noncurrent assets         \$ 527,981           Total assets         \$ 771,789           LIABILITIES         ***           Current liabilities:         \$ 75,000           Total current liabilities         \$ 75,000           Total current liabilities         \$ 75,000           Total liabilities         \$ 75,000           NET POSITION           Investment in capital assets         \$ 527,981           Unrestricted         \$ 527,981	Current assets:	
Total current assets         \$ 243,808           Noncurrent assets:         Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):           Land and land improvements         \$ 516,019           Buildings and improvements         11,962           Total net capital assets         \$ 527,981           Total noncurrent assets         \$ 527,981           Total assets         \$ 771,789           LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:           Accrued liabilities         \$ 75,000           Total current liabilities         \$ 75,000           Total liabilities         \$ 75,000           NET POSITION         \$ 527,981           Investment in capital assets         \$ 527,981           Unrestricted         168,808	Cash	\$ 89,946
Noncurrent assets:  Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):  Land and land improvements \$ 516,019 Buildings and improvements \$ 11,962 Total net capital assets \$ 527,981 Total noncurrent assets \$ 527,981 Total assets \$ 771,789  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accrued liabilities \$ 75,000 Total current liabilities \$ 75,000 Total current liabilities \$ 75,000  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 527,981	Investments	153,862
Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):  Land and land improvements \$ 516,019 Buildings and improvements 11,962 Total net capital assets \$ 527,981 Total noncurrent assets \$ 527,981 Total assets \$ 771,789  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities: Accrued liabilities \$ 75,000 Total current liabilities \$ 75,000 Total current liabilities \$ 75,000  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 527,981	Total current assets	\$ 243,808
Land and land improvements       \$ 516,019         Buildings and improvements       11,962         Total net capital assets       \$ 527,981         Total noncurrent assets       \$ 527,981         Total assets       \$ 771,789         LIABILITIES         Current liabilities:       \$ 75,000         Accrued liabilities       \$ 75,000         Total current liabilities       \$ 75,000         NET POSITION         Investment in capital assets       \$ 527,981         Unrestricted       168,808	Noncurrent assets:	
Buildings and improvements Total net capital assets Total noncurrent assets Total assets  S 527,981 Total assets  S 771,789  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities: Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Total current liabilities Total liabilities S 75,000 Total current liabilities S 75,000 Total remains S 75,000 Total liabilities S 75,000	Capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation):	
Buildings and improvements Total net capital assets Total noncurrent assets Total assets  S 527,981 Total assets  S 527,981 Total assets  S 771,789  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities: Accrued liabilities  Accrued liabilities  Total current liabilities  Total current liabilities  Total liabilities  S 75,000 Total liabilities  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  S 527,981 Unrestricted	Land and land improvements	\$ 516,019
Total net capital assets Total noncurrent assets Total noncurrent assets S 527,981 Total assets S 771,789  LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accrued liabilities Accrued liabilities Total current liabilities S 75,000 Total current liabilities S 75,000 Total liabilities S 75,000  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Unrestricted S 527,981 Unrestricted	·	11,962
Total noncurrent assets Total assets  LIABILITIES  Current liabilities:  Accrued liabilities  Accrued liabilities  Total current liabilities  Total liabilities  NET POSITION  Investment in capital assets  Unrestricted  \$ 527,981 527,981 527,981		\$
Total assets \$ 771,789  LIABILITIES Current liabilities: Accrued liabilities \$ 75,000 Total current liabilities \$ 75,000 Total liabilities \$ 75,000  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 168,808	•	\$ 
Current liabilities:  Accrued liabilities  Total current liabilities  Total liabilities  S  75,000  Total liabilities  \$  75,000  NET POSITION  Investment in capital assets  \$  527,981  Unrestricted	Total assets	\$
Current liabilities:  Accrued liabilities  Total current liabilities  Total liabilities  S  75,000  Total liabilities  \$  75,000  NET POSITION  Investment in capital assets  \$  527,981  Unrestricted		
Accrued liabilities \$ 75,000 Total current liabilities \$ 75,000 Total liabilities \$ 75,000  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 168,808	LIABILITIES	
Total current liabilities \$ 75,000 Total liabilities \$ 75,000  NET POSITION Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 168,808	Current liabilities:	
Total liabilities \$\frac{75,000}{\text{NET POSITION}}\$ Investment in capital assets \$\frac{527,981}{168,808}\$	Accrued liabilities	\$ 75,000
NET POSITION Investment in capital assets Unrestricted \$ 527,981 168,808	Total current liabilities	\$ 75,000
Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 168,808	Total liabilities	\$ 75,000
Investment in capital assets \$ 527,981 Unrestricted \$ 168,808		
Unrestricted 168,808	NET POSITION	
Unrestricted 168,808	Investment in capital assets	\$ 527,981
<u> </u>	·	•
	Total net position	\$ 696,789

# County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Net Position Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

OPERATING REVENUES	
Charges for services:	
Rent	\$ 30,052
Miscellaneous	70
Total operating revenues	\$ 30,122
OPERATING EXPENSES	
Rent	\$ 15,594
Website development	1,364
Repairs and maintenance	8,100
Insurance	2,638
Other charges	91
Depreciation	3,987
Total operating expenses	\$ 31,774
Operating income (loss)	\$ (1,652)
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES)	
Interest income	\$ 292
COVID-19 CARES federal pass-through grant income	57,032
COVID-19 CARES federal pass-through grant expense	 (57,032)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	\$ 292
Change in net position	\$ (1,360)
Total net position - beginning	698,149
Total net position - ending	\$ 696,789

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Statement of Cash Flows

#### Discretely Presented Component Unit - Industrial Development Authority For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Receipts from customers and users	\$	30,052
Payments to suppliers		(26,059)
Other receipts		70
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	4,063
CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
COVID-19 CARES federal pass-through grant income	\$	57,032
COVID-19 CARES federal pass-through grant expense		(57,032)
Net cash provided by (used for) noncapital financing activities	\$	-
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES		
Interest income	\$	42
Net cash provided by (used for) investing activities	\$	42
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	\$	4,105
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning		85,841
Cash and cash equivalents - ending	\$	89,946
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash		
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Operating income (loss)	Ś	(1,652)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash	·	(1)-1-1
provided by (used for) operating activities:		
Depreciation	\$	3,987
(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		1,728
Total adjustments	\$	5,715
Net cash provided by (used for) operating activities	\$	4,063

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	Actual		Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
General Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
General property taxes:								
Real property taxes	\$	4,632,865	\$	4,632,865	\$	4,831,056	\$	198,191
Real and personal public service corporation taxes		170,219		170,219		181,865		11,646
Personal property taxes		2,022,528		2,022,528		2,092,755		70,227
Mobile home taxes		25,630		25,630		26,581		951
Machinery and tools taxes		292,055		292,055		336,741		44,686
Merchant's capital taxes		44,232		44,232		41,153		(3,079)
Penalties		75,000		75,000		105,621		30,621
Interest		40,000		40,000		48,000		8,000
Total general property taxes	\$	7,302,529	\$	7,302,529	\$	7,663,772	\$	361,243
Other local taxes:								
Local sales and use taxes	\$	210,000	\$	210,000	\$	332,861	\$	122,861
Consumers' utility taxes		185,000		185,000		189,860		4,860
Business license taxes		25,000		25,000		25,330		330
Motor vehicle licenses		195,000		195,000		211,527		16,527
Bank stock taxes		7,000		7,000		5,867		(1,133)
Taxes on recordation and wills		50,000		50,000		72,971		22,971
Total other local taxes	\$	672,000	\$	672,000	\$	838,416	\$	166,416
Permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses:								
Dog licenses	\$	5,000	\$	5,000	Ś	4,002	Ś	(998)
Land use application fees	•	6,500	•	6,500	•	17,560	•	11,060
Transfer fees		320		320		375		55
Permits and other licenses		54,000		54,000		96,875		42,875
Total permits, privilege fees, and regulatory licenses	\$	65,820	\$	65,820	\$	118,812	\$	52,992
Fines and forfeitures:								
Court fines and forfeitures	\$	179,500	\$	179,500	\$	218,547	\$	39,047
Revenue from use of money and property:								
Revenue from use of money	\$	445,000	\$	445,000	\$	150,180	\$	(294,820)
Revenue from use of property		55,890		55,890		59,374		3,484
Total revenue from use of money and property	\$	500,890	\$	500,890	\$	209,554	\$	(291,336)
Charges for services:								
Sheriff's fees	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	447	\$	(553)
Court costs		5,000		5,000		1,736		(3,264)
Courthouse maintenance fees		5,000		5,000		6,868		1,868
Charges for Commonwealth's Attorney		1,000		1,000		1,438		438
Charges for EMS support		125,000		125,000		227,539		102,539
Landfill host fees		1,820,000		1,820,000		2,139,187		319,187
Public safety radio		-		-		20,430		20,430
Charges for correction and detention		800		800		969		169
Total charges for services	\$	1,957,800	\$	1,957,800	\$	2,398,614	\$	440,814

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source	Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund: (Continued)					
Revenue from local sources: (Continued)					
Miscellaneous:					
Miscellaneous	\$ 100,000	\$ 100,000	\$ 16,871	\$	(83,129)
Recovered costs:					
Health department	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,987	\$	1,987
Drug enforcement restitution	-	-	1,211		1,211
Circuit court	-	-	2,252		2,252
Total recovered costs	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 5,450	\$	5,450
Total revenue from local sources	\$ 10,778,539	\$ 10,778,539	\$ 11,470,036	\$	691,497
Intergovernmental:					
Revenue from the Commonwealth:					
Noncategorical aid:					
Mobile home titling tax	\$ 15,000	\$ 15,000	\$ 17,123	\$	2,123
Communications tax	160,000	160,000	129,287		(30,713)
ATV and moped sales tax	-	-	96		96
Auto rental tax	-	-	73		73
Spay and neuter programs	-	-	2		2
Additional tax on deeds	12,000	12,000	20,151		8,151
State recordation tax	15,000	15,000	-		(15,000)
Games of skill	-	-	1,872		1,872
Animal friendly plates	-	-	17		17
Personal property tax relief funds	840,000	840,000	846,328		6,328
Total noncategorical aid	\$ 1,042,000	\$ 1,042,000	\$ 1,014,949	\$	(27,051)
Categorical aid:					
Shared expenses:					
Commonwealth's attorney	\$ 151,788	\$ 151,788	\$ 151,708	\$	(80)
Sheriff	490,949	490,949	493,783		2,834
Commissioner of revenue	73,472	77,240	73,407		(3,833)
Treasurer	72,615	72,615	74,927		2,312
Registrar/electoral board	32,000	32,000	37,593		5,593
Clerk of the Circuit Court	145,219	154,070	165,800		11,730
Total shared expenses	\$ 966,043	\$ 978,662	\$ 997,218	\$	18,556
Other categorical aid:					
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 314,652	\$	314,652
Emergency services grant	7,500	159,630	-		(159,630)
F 044	40.000	40.000	44.450		4 450

40,000

1,000

50,000

500

40,000

1,000

50,000

500

44,459

1,000

5,608

39,437

4,459

5,108

(10,563)

E-911 wireless grant

Forest reserve funds

Arts grant

Litter control

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the	Year	<b>Ended</b>	June	30,	2021
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Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original Budget		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fi	riance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
General Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental: (Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Other categorical aid: (Continued)	ċ	23,000	÷	22 000	خ	20,000	ċ	7 000
Fire programs fund  Records reformatting grant	\$	11,269	\$	23,000 11,269	\$	30,000 11,269	\$	7,000
Four for Life funds		10,000		10,000		8,642		(1,358)
School resource officer grant		140,000		140,000		54,544		(85,456)
Total other categorical aid	\$	283,269	\$	435,399	\$	509,611	\$	74,212
Total categorical aid	\$	1,249,312	\$	1,414,061	\$	1,506,829	\$	92,768
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	2,291,312	\$	2,456,061	\$	2,521,778	\$	65,717
Revenue from the federal government:								
Noncategorical aid:								
COVID-19 CARES	\$	-	\$	98,791	\$	1,194,168	\$	1,095,377
Categorical aid:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	1,808,072	\$	1,808,072	\$	657,110	\$	(1,150,962)
Transportation safety		47,500		47,500		26,400		(21,100)
Emergency management planning grant	<u> </u>	1 055 572	٠	1 055 572	,	7,311	,	7,311
Total categorical aid	\$	1,855,572	\$	1,855,572	\$	690,821	\$	(1,164,751)
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	1,855,572	\$	1,954,363	Ş	1,884,989	\$	(69,374)
Total General Fund	\$	14,925,423	\$	15,188,963	\$	15,876,803	\$	687,840
Special Revenue Fund:								
Revenue from local sources:								
Revenue from use of money and property:	ċ		ċ		۲	4 257	٠	4.257
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$	-	\$	4,256	\$	4,256
Charges for services:	<b>,</b>	20.000	,	20.000	,	F.( 000	,	40.000
Court security fees	\$	38,000	\$	38,000	\$	56,080	\$	18,080
Miscellaneous:								
Miscellaneous	\$	10,000	\$	10,000	\$	25,386		15,386
Total revenue from local sources	\$	48,000	\$	48,000	\$	85,722	\$	37,722
Intergovernmental:								
Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Categorical aid:	<b>,</b>	F27 270	,	F24 270	,	202 474	,	(2.42.00.4)
Children's Services Act	\$	526,378	\$	526,378	\$	282,474	\$	(243,904)
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	526,378	\$	526,378	\$	282,474	\$	(243,904)
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Other categorical aid: Children's Services Act	ċ		ċ		ċ	2 420	ċ	2 420
	<u>\$</u>	-	\$	-	\$	2,438	\$	2,438
Total Gravital Reviews Fund	\$		\$		\$	2,438	\$	2,438
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$	574,378	\$	574,378	\$	370,634	\$	(203,744)

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Total revenue from the Commonwealth   S	Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>			ariance with nal Budget - Positive (Negative)
Revenue from the use of money         \$         \$         \$         1,474         \$         1,475         3									
Revenue from the use of money and property   S									
Total revenue from use of money and property   S				_					
Reverue from the Commonwealth:   Categorical aid:	•	\$	-	\$	-	<u>\$</u>			
Categorical aid:   Telework grant   Separate   Separa	Total revenue from use of money and property	<u>Ş</u>	-	\$	-	Ş	1,474	\$	1,474
Categorical aid:         Telework grant         \$         \$         47,855         947,955         947,955         947,955         947,955         947,955         947,955         947,955         947,955	Intergovernmental:								
Telework grant	Revenue from the Commonwealth:								
Telework grant	Categorical aid:								
Fiber broadband Total categorical aid         - 2,020,291         296,698         (1,723,593)           Total revenue from the Commonwealth         2 - 2,020,291         3 44,553         2 (1,675,788)           Revenue from the Federal government:           Categorical aid:           Telework grant         2 299,350         2 299,350         2 299,350         3 46,007         2 (299,350)           Total capital Projects Fund         2 299,350         2 299,350         3 46,007         2 (299,350)           Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board:         2 299,350         3 18,082,982         3 46,007         3 (1,983,614)           Revenue from local sources           Size et al Miscellaneous           Miscellaneous         3 37,00         3 18,082,982         3 16,017         3 3,137           Revenue from local sources         3 37,00         3 12,880         3 16,017         3 3,137           Intergovernments:           Revenue from local sources         3 37,00         3 12,880         3 16,017         3 3,137           Intergovernments:           Revenue from local governments:         3 2,00         3 2,00         3 2,00         3 2,00         3 2,00         3 2,00         3 2,00		\$	-	\$	-	\$	47,855	\$	47,855
Total categorical aid			-		2,020,291		· ·		· ·
Revenue from the federal government:  Categorical aid:  Telework grant \$ 299,350 \$ 299,350 \$ \$ . \$ (299,350)  Total categorical aid \$ 299,350 \$ 299,350 \$ . \$ (299,350)  Total revenue from the federal government \$ 299,350 \$ 299,350 \$ . \$ (299,350)  Total Capital Projects Fund \$ 299,350 \$ 2,319,641 \$ 346,027 \$ (1,973,614)  Total Primary Government \$ 15,799,151 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,593,464 \$ (1,489,518)  Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:  Miscellaneous \$ 37,700 \$ 12,880 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137 \$ 18,082,982 \$ 18,082,98	Total categorical aid	\$	-	\$		\$	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	\$	(1,675,738)
Categorical aid:           Telework grant         \$ 299,350	Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	-	\$	2,020,291	\$	344,553	\$	(1,675,738)
Telework grant	_								
Total categorical aid   \$ 299,350   \$ 299,350   \$ .		\$	299,350	\$	299,350	\$	_	\$	(299,350)
Total revenue from the federal government   \$ 299,350   \$ 299,350   \$ 346,027   \$ (299,350)   \$ 299,350   \$ 2,319,641   \$ 346,027   \$ (1,973,614)   \$ 10,000   \$ 10	_	\$	•		,		-		
Total Primary Government   \$ 15,799,151   \$ 18,082,982   \$ 16,593,464   \$ (1,489,518)	Total revenue from the federal government	\$	299,350	\$	299,350	\$	-	\$	(299,350)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund:   Revenue from local sources:	Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	299,350	\$	2,319,641	\$	346,027	\$	(1,973,614)
School Operating Fund:           Revenue from local sources:         Miscellaneous:         Sara,700         \$ 12,880         \$ 16,017         \$ 3,137           Miscellaneous         \$ 37,700         \$ 12,880         \$ 16,017         \$ 3,137           Total revenue from local sources         \$ 37,700         \$ 12,880         \$ 16,017         \$ 3,137           Intergovernmental:         Revenues from local governments:           Contribution from County of King and Queen         \$ 4,297,176         \$ 4,297,176         \$ 4,009,523         \$ (287,653)           Revenue from the Commonwealth:         Sevenue from the Commonwealth:           Share of state sales tax         \$ 1,040,151         \$ 1,128,632         \$ 1,127,632         \$ (1,000)           Basic school aid         2,821,023         2,966,987         2,966,987         -           ISAEP (GED program)         8,387         8,387         -           Special education regional payments         50,000         76,317         75,736         (581)           At risk payments         286,924         298,530         298,530         -           At risk payments         286,924         298,530         298,530         -           Early reading intervention         25,003         25,003	Total Primary Government	\$	15,799,151	\$	18,082,982	\$	16,593,464	\$	(1,489,518)
Total revenue from local sources \$ 37,700 \$ 12,880 \$ 16,017 \$ 3,137    Intergovernmental:  Revenues from local governments:  Contribution from County of King and Queen \$ 4,297,176 \$ 4,297,176 \$ 4,009,523 \$ (287,653)    Revenue from the Commonwealth:  Categorical aid:  Share of state sales tax \$ 1,040,151 \$ 1,128,632 \$ 1,127,632 \$ (1,000)    Basic school aid \$ 2,821,023 \$ 2,966,987 \$ 2,966,987 \$ -    ISAEP (GED program) \$ - 8,387 \$ 8,387 \$ -    Special education regional payments \$ 50,000 \$ 76,317 \$ 75,736 \$ (581)    At risk payments \$ 286,924 \$ 298,530 \$ 298,530 \$ -    At risk four-year olds \$ 92,692 \$ 140,891 \$ 140,891 \$ -    Early reading intervention \$ 25,003 \$ 25,003 \$ 25,003 \$ -    ESL \$ 7,991 \$ 7,325 \$ 7,325 \$ -    Gifted and talented \$ 23,195 \$ 24,104 \$ 24,104 \$ -	School Operating Fund: Revenue from local sources:								
Intergovernmental:   Revenues from local governments:   Contribution from County of King and Queen   \$ 4,297,176   \$ 4,297,176   \$ 4,009,523   \$ (287,653)     Revenue from the Commonwealth:   Categorical aid:   Share of state sales tax   \$ 1,040,151   \$ 1,128,632   \$ 1,127,632   \$ (1,000)     Basic school aid   2,821,023   2,966,987   2,966,987   -     ISAEP (GED program)   - 8,387   8,387   -     Special education regional payments   50,000   76,317   75,736   (581)     At risk payments   286,924   298,530   298,530   -     At risk four-year olds   92,692   140,891   140,891   -     Early reading intervention   25,003   25,003   25,003   -     ESL   7,991   7,325   7,325   -     Gifted and talented   23,195   24,104   24,104   -	Miscellaneous	\$	37,700	\$	12,880	\$	16,017	\$	3,137
Revenues from local governments:       \$ 4,297,176       \$ 4,297,176       \$ 4,009,523       \$ (287,653)         Revenue from the Commonwealth:       Categorical aid:         Share of state sales tax       \$ 1,040,151       \$ 1,128,632       \$ 1,127,632       \$ (1,000)         Basic school aid       2,821,023       2,966,987	Total revenue from local sources	\$	37,700	\$	12,880	\$	16,017	\$	3,137
Contribution from County of King and Queen         \$ 4,297,176         \$ 4,297,176         \$ 4,009,523         \$ (287,653)           Revenue from the Commonwealth:         Categorical aid:           Share of state sales tax         \$ 1,040,151         \$ 1,128,632         \$ 1,127,632         \$ (1,000)           Basic school aid         2,821,023         2,966,987         2,966,987         2,966,987         2,966,987         - 2,966,9	_								
Categorical aid:         Share of state sales tax       \$ 1,040,151       \$ 1,128,632       \$ 1,127,632       \$ (1,000)         Basic school aid       2,821,023       2,966,987       2,966,987       -         ISAEP (GED program)       -       8,387       8,387       -         Special education regional payments       50,000       76,317       75,736       (581)         At risk payments       286,924       298,530       298,530       -         At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -	_	\$	4,297,176	\$	4,297,176	\$	4,009,523	\$	(287,653)
Share of state sales tax       \$ 1,040,151       \$ 1,128,632       \$ 1,127,632       \$ (1,000)         Basic school aid       2,821,023       2,966,987       2,966,987       -         ISAEP (GED program)       -       8,387       8,387       -         Special education regional payments       50,000       76,317       75,736       (581)         At risk payments       286,924       298,530       298,530       -         At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -									
Basic school aid       2,821,023       2,966,987       2,966,987       -         ISAEP (GED program)       -       8,387       8,387       -         Special education regional payments       50,000       76,317       75,736       (581)         At risk payments       286,924       298,530       298,530       -         At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -		\$	1.040.151	\$	1.128.632	\$	1.127.632	\$	(1.000)
ISAEP (GED program)       -       8,387       8,387       -         Special education regional payments       50,000       76,317       75,736       (581)         At risk payments       286,924       298,530       298,530       -         At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -		*		7		_		~	(.,000)
Special education regional payments       50,000       76,317       75,736       (581)         At risk payments       286,924       298,530       298,530       -         At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -									_
At risk payments       286,924       298,530       298,530       -         At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -	, ,		50,000						(581)
At risk four-year olds       92,692       140,891       140,891       -         Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -			-						-
Early reading intervention       25,003       25,003       25,003       -         ESL       7,991       7,325       7,325       -         Gifted and talented       23,195       24,104       24,104       -			-						_
ESL 7,991 7,325 - Gifted and talented 23,195 24,104 -									_
Gifted and talented 23,195 24,104 24,104 -			-		· ·				_
									_
	Lottery		200,000		90,909		40,927		(49,982)

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final Budget		<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive Negative)
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Conf	inued)							
School Operating Fund: (Continued)								
Intergovernmental:(Continued)								
Revenue from the Commonwealth: (Continued)								
Categorical aid: (Continued)								
Homebound	\$	3,694	\$	1,884	\$	1,884	\$	-
Career and technical education		2,554		23,743		-		(23,743)
SOL Algebra readiness		10,475		12,629		12,629		-
Mentor teacher program		421		1,351		1,351		-
Remedial education		100,059		103,979		103,979		-
Special education - foster children		4,268						-
School fringes		567,608		588,848		589,844		996
Primary class size reduction		206,875		88,149		96,964		8,815
Special education		470,277		488,700		488,700		-
Project graduation		3,529		3,529		3,529		- (0.045)
Technology initiative		128,000		312,089		303,274		(8,815)
Textbook payment		48,879		50,794		50,794		-
School security grant		72.000		32,147		32,147		70.074
Medicaid		72,000		38,276		118,237		79,961
Grow your own teacher		-		7,500		7,500		-
Learning loss		-		42,296		42,296		407 705
Preschool Vision associate		-		-		107,705		107,705
Vision screening		-		400.004		581		581
Infrastructure		125.000		109,091		18,182		(90,909)
Vocational education	_	135,080	Ċ	117,624	<u>,</u>	140,370	<u>,</u>	22,746
Total categorical aid	<u> </u>	6,300,698	\$	6,789,714	\$	6,835,488	\$	45,774
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	6,300,698	\$	6,789,714	\$	6,835,488	\$	45,774
Revenue from the federal government:								
Categorical aid:								
Title I	\$	202,308	\$	209,169	\$	209,169	\$	-
Vocational education		17,324		17,867		17,867		-
Title IV - Part A		15,364		22,172		22,192		20
Title VIB		230,181		222,662		222,662		-
Preschool grant		17,272		16,967		16,967		-
ESSER		-		210,893		210,893		-
COVID-19 CARES		-		140,385		140,385		-
TANF		-		-		33,186		33,186
Title II - Part A		31,151		28,960		28,960		-
Title III		1,815		1,768		1,768		-
JROTC grant		57,730		57,530		63,386		5,856
Total categorical aid	\$	573,145	\$	928,373	\$	967,435	\$	39,062
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	573,145	\$	928,373	\$	967,435	\$	39,062
Total School Operating Fund	\$	11,208,719	\$	12,028,143	\$	11,828,463	\$	(199,680)

### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Revenues - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund, Major and Minor Revenue Source		Original <u>Budget</u>	Final <u>Budget</u>	<u>Actual</u>	Fin	riance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: (Continue	d)					
Special Revenue Funds:						
School Cafeteria Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Revenue from use of money and property:						
Revenue from the use of money	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 27	\$	27
Charges for services:						
Cafeteria sales	\$	83,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 13,628	\$	(69,372)
Total revenue from local sources	\$	83,000	\$ 83,000	\$ 13,655	\$	(69,345)
Intergovernmental:						
Revenue from the Commonwealth:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$	3,159	\$ 3,159	\$ 3,195	\$	36
Total revenue from the Commonwealth	\$	3,159	\$ 3,159	\$ 3,195	\$	36
Revenue from the federal government:						
Categorical aid:						
School food program grant	\$	260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ -	\$	(260,000)
Summer food program		-	-	328,649		328,649
Commodities		-	-	12,840		12,840
Total categorical aid	\$	260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 341,489	\$	81,489
Total revenue from the federal government	\$	260,000	\$ 260,000	\$ 341,489	\$	81,489
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	346,159	\$ 346,159	\$ 358,339	\$	12,180
School Activity Fund:						
Revenue from local sources:						
Miscellaneous revenue:						
Other miscellaneous	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 23,342	\$	23,342
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 23,342	\$	23,342
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School						
Board	\$	11,554,878	\$ 12,374,302	\$ 12,210,144	\$	(164,158)

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year	Ended June	30, 2021
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Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fina	iance with al Budget - Positive <u>Negative)</u>
General Fund:								
General government administration:								
Legislative:								
Board of supervisors	\$	83,383	\$	83,383	\$	75,824	\$	7,559
General and financial administration:			-	,	-	,		<u> </u>
	\$	182,006	ċ	192.006	ċ	172 102	ċ	0 013
County atterney	Ş	=	\$	182,006	\$	173,193	\$	8,813
County attorney Commissioner of revenue		157,300		157,300		150,932		6,368
Finance		216,965 131,986		219,773 133,492		217,101		2,672
		•		•		101,234 243,169		32,258
Treasurer		251,823		253,147		•		9,978
Management information systems		127,074		127,074		111,285		15,789
Other general and financial administration	_	251,700	,	266,399	,	290,542		(24,143)
Total general and financial administration	\$	1,318,854	\$	1,339,191	\$	1,287,456	\$	51,735
Board of elections:								
Electoral board and officials	\$	66,791	\$	66,791	\$	50,761	\$	16,030
Registrar		104,464		104,464		94,691		9,773
Total board of elections	\$	171,255	\$	171,255	\$	145,452	\$	25,803
Total general government administration	\$	1,573,492	\$	1,593,829	\$	1,508,732	\$	85,097
Judicial administration:								
Courts:								
Circuit court	\$	2,220	\$	2,220	\$	1,320	\$	900
General district court		10,070		10,070		6,977		3,093
Special Magistrates		500		500		-		500
Juvenile and domestic relations court		4,168		4,168		4,368		(200)
Ninth District Court services unit		79,632		79,632		62,304		17,328
Victim witness assistance		5,615		5,615		8,728		(3,113)
Clerk of the circuit court		254,890		264,932		266,530		(1,598)
Total courts	\$	357,095	\$	367,137	\$	350,227	\$	16,910
Commenced table attacks				,	•	,	•	
Commonwealth's attorney: Commonwealth's attorney	\$	233,442	\$	234,240	\$	234,438	\$	(198)
Total judicial administration	\$	590,537	\$	601,377	\$	584,665	\$	16,712
•								,
Public safety:								
Law enforcement and traffic control:								
Sheriff	\$	1,675,817	\$	1,825,558	\$	1,682,156	\$	143,402
E-911	_	139,444		139,444		66,344		73,100
Total law enforcement and traffic control	\$	1,815,261	\$	1,965,002	\$	1,748,500	\$	216,502
Fire and rescue services:								
Fire department	\$	111,000	\$	111,000	\$	126,732	\$	(15,732)
Ambulance and rescue services		30,200		30,200		22,874		7,326
Rescue services		1,412,427		1,620,607		1,559,889		60,718
Radio communications		387,896		387,896		328,126		59,770
Emergency medical services		1,110		1,110		902		208
Forestry services		11,101		11,101		11,101		
Total fire and rescue services	\$	1,953,734	\$	2,161,914	\$	2,049,624	\$	112,290
	129							

# County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original <u>Budget</u>		Final <u>Budget</u>		<u>Actual</u>	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
General Fund: (Continued) Public safety: (Continued)								
Correction and detention:		4.4.475		4 4 4 7 5		44 475		2 000
Probation and pretrial services	\$	•	\$	14,175	\$	11,175	\$	3,000
Payments to Regional Jail  Total correction and detention	\$	875,000	\$	875,000	\$	634,424 645,599	\$	240,576
Total correction and detention	_\$	889,175	Ş	889,175	Ş	043,399	Ş	243,576
Inspections:								
Building	\$	116,979	\$	117,955	\$	100,219	\$	17,736
Other protection:								
Animal control and shelter	\$	175,465	\$	175,465	\$	166,501	\$	8,964
Emergency services		58,182		58,182		47,584		10,598
Medical examiner		200		200		140		60
Total other protection	\$	233,847	\$	233,847	\$	214,225	\$	19,622
Total public safety	\$	5,008,996	\$	5,367,893	\$	4,758,167	\$	609,726
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Refuse disposal	\$	443,612	\$	443,612	\$	445,955	\$	(2,343)
Maintenance of general buildings and grounds:								
General properties	\$	301,286	\$	371,427	\$	311,408	\$	60,019
Total public works	\$	744,898	\$	815,039	\$	757,363	\$	57,676
Health and welfare:		,		,		,		•
Health:								
Supplement of local health department	\$	61,605	\$	61,605	\$	61,605	\$	-
Montal harlth and montal retaindation.								
Mental health and mental retardation:	ċ	22 000	ċ	22 000	ċ	22 000	Ļ	
Community services board	_\$_	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	32,000	\$	
Welfare:								
Public assistance and welfare administration	\$	2,280,342	\$	2,280,342	\$	1,150,177	\$	1,130,165
Rental assistance payments		3,438		3,438		3,438		-
Central Virginia Health Services		6,510		6,510		6,510		-
Tax relief for the elderly		-		-		41,285		(41,285)
Bay Aging		12,291		12,291		5,557		6,734
Contributions		15,212		15,212		11,212		4,000
Total welfare	\$	2,317,793	\$	2,317,793	\$	1,218,179	\$	1,099,614
Total health and welfare	\$	2,411,398	\$	2,411,398	\$	1,311,784	\$	1,099,614
Education:								
Other instructional costs:								
Contribution to Community College	\$	6,420	\$	6,420	\$	6,420	\$	-
Contribution to County School Board	•	4,297,176	•	4,297,176	•	4,009,523	•	287,653
Total education	\$	4,303,596	\$	4,303,596	\$	4,015,943	\$	287,653

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

General Fund: (Continued)           Parks, recreation, and cultural:           Cultural enrichment:           Mattaponi pier         \$ 3,840         \$ 3,840         \$ 3,222         \$ 61           Library:           Contribution to County library         \$ 185,135         \$ 191,044         \$ 61,090           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and Zoning         \$ 178,631         \$ 191,877         \$ 155,665         \$ 36,21           Wetlands board         3,138         3,138         214         2,92           Board of zoning appeals         4,038         4,038         5,75         3,46           Industrial Development Authority         2,707         2,707         1,102         1,60           Airport authority         5,000         65,000         65,000         65,000         66,872         3,73           Economic development         21,139         5,130         16,16         6         7970,166         970,166         970,166         970,166         970,166         970,166         970,166         970,166         970,166	Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)	
Parks, recreation, and cultural:   Cultural enrichment:   Mattaponi pier   \$ 3,840   \$ 3,840   \$ 3,222   \$ 61     Library:   Contribution to County library   \$ 185,135   \$ 185,135   \$ 191,044   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 188,975   \$ 194,266   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 188,975   \$ 194,266   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 188,975   \$ 194,266   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 188,975   \$ 194,266   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 188,975   \$ 194,266   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 188,975   \$ 194,266   \$ (5,90     Total parks, recreation, and cultural   \$ 188,975   \$ 191,877   \$ 155,665   \$ 36,21     Planning and community development:  Planning and community development:  Planning and community development   \$ 191,877   \$ 155,665   \$ 36,21     Wetlands board   \$ 3,138   \$ 3,138   \$ 214   \$ 2,92     Board of zoning appeals   \$ 4,038   \$ 4,038   \$ 277   \$ 3,46     Industrial Development Authority   \$ 2,707   \$ 2,707   \$ 1,102   \$ 1,60     Airport authority   \$ 65,000   \$ 65,000   \$ 68,782   \$ 3,338     Economic development   \$ 21,198   \$ 21,198   \$ 5,000   \$ 16,16     CARES expenses   \$ 2,707   \$ 9,70,166   \$ 970,166										
Cultural enrichment:										
Mattaponi pier   Sa,840   Sa,840   Sa,222   Sa,61										
Contribution to County library		ċ	3 840	ċ	3 840	ċ	2 222	ċ	619	
Contribution to County library         \$ 185,135         \$ 185,135         \$ 191,044         \$ 0,500           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 188,975         \$ 188,975         \$ 194,266         \$ 0,529           Community development:           Planning and community development:           Planning and zoning         \$ 178,631         \$ 191,877         \$ 155,665         \$ 36,21           Wettands board         3,138         3,138         214         2,29           Board of zoning appeals         4,038         4,038         575         3,46           Industrial Development Authority         2,707         2,707         1,102         1,60           Airport authority         65,000         65,000         68,782         3,78           Economic development         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         970,166         970,166         970,166           Planning commission         12,730         12,730         3,445         9,28           Total planning and community development         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 120,497         \$ 12           Environmental management:         \$ 10,174 <td< td=""><td>массароні ріеі</td><td>٠</td><td>3,040</td><td>ڔ</td><td>3,040</td><td>٠</td><td>3,222</td><td>٠</td><td>010</td></td<>	массароні ріеі	٠	3,040	ڔ	3,040	٠	3,222	٠	010	
Contribution to County library         \$ 185,135         \$ 185,135         \$ 191,044         \$ 0,500           Total parks, recreation, and cultural         \$ 188,975         \$ 188,975         \$ 194,266         \$ 0,529           Community development:           Planning and community development:         \$ 178,631         \$ 191,877         \$ 155,665         \$ 36,21           Wetlands board         3,138         3,138         214         2,92           Board of zoning appeals         4,038         4,038         575         3,46           Industrial Development Authority         2,707         2,707         1,102         1,60           Airport authority         65,000         65,000         68,782         3,78           Economic development         21,198         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         970,166         970,	Library:									
Community development:   Planning and community development:   Planning and community development:   Planning and community development:   Planning and zoning   \$ 178,631 \$ 191,877 \$ 155,665 \$ 36,21     Wetlands board   3,138   3,138   214   2,92     Board of zoning appeals   4,038   4,038   575   3,46     Industrial Development Authority   2,707   2,707   1,102   1,60     Airport authority   65,000   65,000   68,782   (3,78     Economic development   21,198   21,198   5,030   16,16     CARES expenses   - 970,166   970,166     Planning commission   12,730   12,730   3,445   9,28     Total planning and community development   \$ 287,442   \$ 1,270,854   \$ 1,204,979   \$ 65,87     Environmental management:   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674     Litter control program   500   500   372   12     Total environmental management   \$ 10,174   \$ 10,174   \$ 10,046   \$ 12     Cooperative extension program:   \$ 334,952   \$ 1,318,364   \$ 1,237,169   \$ 81,19     Nondepartmental:   \$ 233,687   \$ 265,204   \$ 48,748   \$ 216,45     Total General Fund   \$ 15,390,531   \$ 16,865,675   \$ 14,416,837   \$ 2,448,83     Special Revenue Fund:   \$ 200,000   19,815   1,188     Fullic Safety:   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   1,200,000   19,815   1,188   1,188   1,90   1,100   1,1	-	\$	185,135	\$	185,135	\$	191,044	\$	(5,909)	
Community development:   Planning and community development:   Planning and community development:   Planning and community development:   Planning and zoning   \$ 178,631 \$ 191,877 \$ 155,665 \$ 36,21     Wetlands board   3,138   3,138   214   2,92     Board of zoning appeals   4,038   4,038   575   3,46     Industrial Development Authority   2,707   2,707   1,102   1,60     Airport authority   65,000   65,000   68,782   (3,78     Economic development   21,198   21,198   5,030   16,16     CARES expenses   - 970,166   970,166     Planning commission   12,730   12,730   3,445   9,28     Total planning and community development   \$ 287,442   \$ 1,270,854   \$ 1,204,979   \$ 65,87     Environmental management:   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674     Litter control program   500   500   372   12     Total environmental management   \$ 10,174   \$ 10,174   \$ 10,046   \$ 12     Cooperative extension program:   \$ 334,952   \$ 1,318,364   \$ 1,237,169   \$ 81,19     Nondepartmental:   \$ 233,687   \$ 265,204   \$ 48,748   \$ 216,45     Total General Fund   \$ 15,390,531   \$ 16,865,675   \$ 14,416,837   \$ 2,448,83     Special Revenue Fund:   \$ 200,000   19,815   1,188     Fullic Safety:   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   1,200,000   19,815   1,188   1,188   1,90   1,100   1,1	Total parks, recreation, and cultural	\$	188,975	\$	188,975	\$	194,266	\$	(5,291)	
Planning and community development:           Planning and zoring         \$ 178,631         \$ 191,877         \$ 155,665         \$ 36,21           Wetlands board         3,138         3,138         214         2,92           Board of zoning appeals         4,038         4,038         575         3,46           Industrial Development Authority         2,707         2,707         1,102         1,60           Airport authority         65,000         65,000         68,782         (3,78           Economic development         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         -         970,166         970,166           Planning commission         12,730         12,730         3,445         9,28           Total planning and community development         \$ 287,442         \$ 1,270,854         \$ 1,204,979         \$ 65,87           Environmental management:         S 200         500         372         12           Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 10,046         \$ 12           Total environmental management         \$ 337,336         \$ 37,336         \$ 22,144         \$ 15,19           Total community d										
Planning and zoning   \$ 178,631   \$ 191,877   \$ 155,665   \$ 36,21     Wetlands board   3,138   3,138   214   2,292     Board of zoning appeals   4,038   4,038   575   3,46     Industrial Development Authority   2,707   2,707   1,102   1,60     Airport authority   65,000   65,000   68,782   (3,78     Economic development   21,198   21,198   5,030   16,16     CARES expenses   7970,166   970,166     Planning commission   12,730   12,730   3,445   9,28     Total planning and community development   \$ 287,442   \$ 1,270,854   \$ 1,204,979   \$ 65,87     Environmental management:   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674   \$ 9,674   \$ 1,204,979   \$ 65,87     Environmental management   \$ 10,174   \$ 10,174   \$ 10,046   \$ 12     Total environmental management   \$ 334,952   \$ 1,318,364   \$ 1,237,169   \$ 81,19     Nondepartmental:   \$ 233,687   \$ 265,204   \$ 48,748   \$ 216,45     Total General Fund   \$ 15,390,531   \$ 16,865,675   \$ 14,416,837   \$ 2,448,83     Special Revenue Fund:   \$ 10,000   21,000   19,815   \$ 1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   19,815   1,18     K-9 unit   \$ 40,907   \$ 40,907   \$ 61,260   \$ (20,35   E summons   10,000   21,000   1,200   1,200   1,200   1,200										
Wetlands board         3,138         3,138         2,14         2,92           Board of zoning appeals         4,038         4,038         575         3,46           Industrial Development Authority         2,707         2,707         1,102         1,60           Airport authority         65,000         66,700         68,782         (3,78           Economic development         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         -         970,166         970,166         970,166           Planning commission         12,730         12,730         3,445         9,28           Total planning and community development         \$ 287,442         \$ 1,270,854         \$ 1,204,979         \$ 65,87           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 10,046         \$ 12           Cooperative extension program         5 00         500         372         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12         12	Planning and community development:									
Board of zoning appeals	Planning and zoning	\$	178,631	\$	191,877	\$	155,665	\$	36,212	
Industrial Development Authority	Wetlands board		3,138		3,138		214		2,924	
Airport authority         65,000         65,000         68,782         (3,78)           Economic development         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         -         970,166         970,166         970,166           Planning commission         12,730         12,730         3,445         9,28           Total planning and community development         \$ 287,442         \$ 1,270,854         \$ 1,204,979         \$ 65,87           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 1,204,979         \$ 65,87           Environmental management:         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 10,046         \$ 12           Cooperative extension program:         \$ 10,174         \$ 10,174         \$ 10,046         \$ 12           Cooperative extension program:         \$ 334,952         \$ 1,318,364         \$ 1,237,169         \$ 81,19           Nondepartmental:         \$ 233,687         \$ 265,204         \$ 48,748         \$ 216,45           Total General Fund         \$ 15,390,531         \$ 16,865,675         \$ 14,416,837         \$ 2,448,83           Special Revenue Fund: <td< td=""><td>Board of zoning appeals</td><td></td><td>4,038</td><td></td><td>4,038</td><td></td><td>575</td><td></td><td>3,463</td></td<>	Board of zoning appeals		4,038		4,038		575		3,463	
Airport authority         65,000         65,000         68,782         (3,78)           Economic development         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         -         970,166         970,166         970,166           Planning commission         12,730         12,730         3,445         9,28           Total planning and community development         \$ 287,442         \$ 1,270,854         \$ 1,204,979         \$ 65,87           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 1,204,979         \$ 65,87           Environmental management:         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 9,674         \$ 10,046         \$ 12           Cooperative extension program:         \$ 10,174         \$ 10,174         \$ 10,046         \$ 12           Cooperative extension program:         \$ 334,952         \$ 1,318,364         \$ 1,237,169         \$ 81,19           Nondepartmental:         \$ 233,687         \$ 265,204         \$ 48,748         \$ 216,45           Total General Fund         \$ 15,390,531         \$ 16,865,675         \$ 14,416,837         \$ 2,448,83           Special Revenue Fund: <td< td=""><td>Industrial Development Authority</td><td></td><td>2,707</td><td></td><td>2,707</td><td></td><td>1,102</td><td></td><td>1,605</td></td<>	Industrial Development Authority		2,707		2,707		1,102		1,605	
Economic development         21,198         21,198         5,030         16,16           CARES expenses         -         970,166         970,166         970,166           Planning commission         12,730         12,730         3,445         9,28           Total planning and community development         \$287,442         \$1,270,854         \$1,204,979         \$65,87           Environmental management:         Contribution to soil and water conservation district         \$9,674         \$9,674         \$9,674         \$9,674         \$9,674         \$10,046         \$12           Litter control program         500         500         372         12           Total environmental management         \$10,174         \$10,174         \$10,046         \$12           Cooperative extension program:           Extension office         \$37,336         \$37,336         \$22,144         \$15,19           Total community development         \$334,952         \$1,318,364         \$1,237,169         \$81,19           Nondepartmental:         \$233,687         \$265,204         \$48,748         \$216,45           Total General Fund         \$15,390,531         \$16,865,675         \$14,416,837         \$2,448,83           Special Revenue Fund:           <	•						•		(3,782)	
CARES expenses       1       970,166       970,100       970,100       970,100       970,100       970,166       970,100			•		,		•		16,168	
Planning commission	·		-		•		•		-	
Total planning and community development   \$ 287,442 \$ 1,270,854 \$ 1,204,979 \$ 65,87			12.730				•		9.285	
Contribution to soil and water conservation district Litter control program	_	\$		\$	•	\$		\$	65,875	
Contribution to soil and water conservation district Litter control program	Environmental management									
Litter control program 500 500 372 12 Total environmental management \$10,174 \$ 10,174 \$ 10,046 \$ 12  Cooperative extension program: Extension office \$37,336 \$ 37,336 \$ 22,144 \$ 15,19  Total community development \$334,952 \$ 1,318,364 \$ 1,237,169 \$ 81,19  Nondepartmental: Contingencies \$233,687 \$ 265,204 \$ 48,748 \$ 216,45  Total General Fund \$15,390,531 \$ 16,865,675 \$ 14,416,837 \$ 2,448,83  Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Other protection: Court security \$40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35 E summons 10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18 K-9 unit 632 (63)	_	ċ	0 674	ċ	0.674	ċ	0 674	ċ		
Total environmental management \$ 10,174 \$ 10,174 \$ 10,046 \$ 12  Cooperative extension program: Extension office \$ 37,336 \$ 37,336 \$ 22,144 \$ 15,19  Total community development \$ 334,952 \$ 1,318,364 \$ 1,237,169 \$ 81,19  Nondepartmental: Contingencies \$ 233,687 \$ 265,204 \$ 48,748 \$ 216,45  Total General Fund \$ 15,390,531 \$ 16,865,675 \$ 14,416,837 \$ 2,448,83  Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Other protection: Court security \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35) E summons 10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18 K-9 unit 632 (63)		ڔ	•	ڔ	•	ڔ	•	ڔ	128	
Cooperative extension program: Extension office \$ 37,336 \$ 37,336 \$ 22,144 \$ 15,19  Total community development \$ 334,952 \$ 1,318,364 \$ 1,237,169 \$ 81,19  Nondepartmental: Contingencies \$ 233,687 \$ 265,204 \$ 48,748 \$ 216,45  Total General Fund \$ 15,390,531 \$ 16,865,675 \$ 14,416,837 \$ 2,448,83  Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Other protection: Court security \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35) E summons 10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18 K-9 unit 632 (63)		<u></u>		ċ		ċ		<u>,</u>		
Extension office   \$ 37,336 \$ 37,336 \$ 22,144 \$ 15,19	Total environmental management	<u> </u>	10,174	Ş	10,174	Ş	10,046	Ş	120	
Total community development \$ 334,952 \$ 1,318,364 \$ 1,237,169 \$ 81,19  Nondepartmental: Contingencies \$ 233,687 \$ 265,204 \$ 48,748 \$ 216,45  Total General Fund \$ 15,390,531 \$ 16,865,675 \$ 14,416,837 \$ 2,448,83  Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Other protection: Court security \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35) E summons \$ 10,000 \$ 21,000 \$ 19,815 \$ 1,18 K-9 unit \$ 632 \$ (63)	Cooperative extension program:									
Nondepartmental: Contingencies \$ 233,687 \$ 265,204 \$ 48,748 \$ 216,45  Total General Fund \$ 15,390,531 \$ 16,865,675 \$ 14,416,837 \$ 2,448,83  Special Revenue Fund: Public Safety: Other protection: Court security \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35) E summons 10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18 K-9 unit 632 (63)	Extension office	\$	37,336	\$	37,336	\$	22,144	\$	15,192	
Contingencies         \$ 233,687         \$ 265,204         \$ 48,748         \$ 216,45           Total General Fund           \$ 15,390,531         \$ 16,865,675         \$ 14,416,837         \$ 2,448,83           Special Revenue Fund:           Public Safety:           Other protection:         Court security         \$ 40,907         \$ 40,907         \$ 61,260         \$ (20,35)           E summons         10,000         21,000         19,815         1,18           K-9 unit         -         -         -         632         (63)	Total community development	\$	334,952	\$	1,318,364	\$	1,237,169	\$	81,195	
Contingencies         \$ 233,687         \$ 265,204         \$ 48,748         \$ 216,45           Total General Fund           \$ 15,390,531         \$ 16,865,675         \$ 14,416,837         \$ 2,448,83           Special Revenue Fund:           Public Safety:           Other protection:         Court security         \$ 40,907         \$ 40,907         \$ 61,260         \$ (20,35)           E summons         10,000         21,000         19,815         1,18           K-9 unit         -         -         -         632         (63)										
Total General Fund \$ 15,390,531 \$ 16,865,675 \$ 14,416,837 \$ 2,448,83  Special Revenue Fund:  Public Safety: Other protection: Court security \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35) E summons 10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18 K-9 unit 632 (63)	·			_		_	40		<b>6.4</b> := :	
Special Revenue Fund:         Public Safety:         Other protection:         Court security       \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35 to 10,000)         E summons       10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18         K-9 unit       632 (63)	Contingencies	<u>\$</u>	233,687	\$	265,204	\$	48,748	\$	216,456	
Public Safety:         Other protection:         Court security       \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35 10,000 19,815 1,18 10,000 10,000 19,815 1,18 10,000 1	Total General Fund	\$	15,390,531	\$	16,865,675	\$	14,416,837	\$	2,448,838	
Public Safety:         Other protection:         Court security       \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35 10,000 19,815 1,18 10,000 10,000 19,815 1,18 10,000 1	Special Revenue Fund:									
Other protection:         Court security       \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35)         E summons       10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18         K-9 unit       632 (63)										
Court security       \$ 40,907 \$ 40,907 \$ 61,260 \$ (20,35)         E summons       10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18         K-9 unit       - 632 (63)										
E summons 10,000 21,000 19,815 1,18 K-9 unit 632 (63	•	\$	40,907	\$	40,907	\$	61,260	\$	(20,353)	
K-9 unit 632 (63)		•	•	•		•	•	•	1,185	
<u></u>			-		-		•		(632)	
וסנגער ב ייסנגער	Total public safety	\$	50,907	\$	61,907	\$	81,707	\$	(19,800)	

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures - Budget and Actual Governmental Funds

For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Fund, Function, Activity and Element		Original Budget		Final Budget		Actual	Fir	riance with nal Budget - Positive Negative)
Special Revenue Fund: (Continued)		<u></u>					د	<u>-</u>
Public works:								
Sanitation and waste removal:								
Landfill contingency	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	150,000
Total public works	\$	150,000	\$	150,000	\$	-	\$	150,000
Health and Welfare:								
Welfare:								
Children's Services Act	\$	771,527	\$	771,527	\$	414,511	\$	357,016
Total Health and Welfare	\$	771,527	\$	771,527	\$	414,511	\$	357,016
Total Special Revenue Fund	\$	972,434	\$	983,434	\$	496,218	\$	487,216
Capital Projects Fund:								
Capital projects:								
General government	\$	1,625,350	\$	5,717,156	\$	1,494,336	\$	4,222,820
School capital projects		-		-		2,651		(2,651)
Total Capital Projects Fund	\$	1,625,350	\$	5,717,156	\$	1,496,987	\$	4,220,169
Total Primary Government	\$	17,988,315	\$	23,566,265	\$	16,410,042	\$	7,156,223
Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board: School Operating Fund: Education:								
Instruction costs	\$	8,268,820	\$	8,858,679	\$	8,772,157	\$	86,522
Administration, health and attendance		869,871		880,609		805,014		75,595
Pupil transportation		1,049,541		1,103,459		1,087,197		16,262
Operation and maintenance of school plant	_	904,029	_	1,023,396	_	977,948	_	45,448
Total education	\$	11,092,261	\$	11,866,143	\$	11,642,316	\$	223,827
Debt service:								
Principal retirement	\$	77,083	\$	77,083	\$	77,083	\$	- (2.4.4.47)
Interest and other fiscal charges  Total debt service	\$	34,917 112,000	\$	34,917 112,000	\$	59,064 136,147	\$	(24,147)
Total School Operating Fund	\$	11,204,261	\$		\$		\$	199,680
Special Revenue Funds:	<del></del>	11,204,201	ڔ	11,770,143	ڔ	11,770,403	ڔ	177,000
School Cafeteria Fund: Education: School food services:								
Administration of school food program	\$	350,617	\$	350,617	\$	361,067	\$	(10,450)
Total School Cafeteria Fund	\$	350,617	\$	350,617		361,067	\$	(10,450)
School Activity Fund: Education: Instruction:		,		,	•	,	•	
Elementary and secondary schools	\$	<u>-</u>	\$	-	\$	32,558	\$	(32,558)
Total education		-		-		32,558		(32,558)
Total School Activity Fund	\$	-	\$	-	\$	32,558	\$	(32,558)
Total Discretely Presented Component Unit - School Board	\$ 137	11,554,878	\$	12,328,760	\$	12,172,088	\$	156,672

Fiscal	G	General overnment		Judicial	Public	Public		Health and	
Year	Adı	ministration	Adı	ministration	Safety	Works		Welfare	Education
2012	\$	1,226,149	\$	613,685	\$ 2,751,138	\$ 554,107	\$	2,078,523	\$ 4,156,243
2013		1,203,043		616,327	2,919,101	626,842		1,935,820	4,439,670
2014		1,290,245		629,013	2,842,676	642,818		1,593,694	4,655,236
2015		1,221,463		624,839	2,701,437	567,403		1,872,983	3,710,080
2016		1,246,630		612,550	2,986,517	629,972		1,851,649	3,920,447
2017		1,425,004		649,427	2,959,753	595,720		1,545,003	3,923,334
2018		1,282,392		607,044	3,822,281	664,226		1,518,721	4,557,794
2019		1,446,801		629,357	4,158,939	(1,351,672)		1,699,109	5,569,287
2020		1,245,092		660,957	4,990,245	671,619		1,732,518	4,640,286
2021		2,733,985		703,618	5,255,477	759,400		1,761,474	4,018,594

Table 1

Parks, ecreation, d Cultural	Interest Community on Long Development Term Del				Service Authority	Total
\$ 248,605 181,060 182,296 165,790 318,082 166,173 180,484 185,149 171,742 194,414	\$	485,371 537,440 298,958 744,192 316,566 321,750 417,948 325,637 367,425 1,234,643	\$	106,139 80,972 57,134 14,080 23,472 - -	\$ 94,618 256,794 213,425 191,944 194,391 194,760 180,188 191,040 184,431	\$ 12,219,960 12,634,893 12,448,864 11,835,692 12,097,829 11,780,555 13,245,650 12,842,795 14,670,924 16,846,036

		P	ROG	RAM REVENUE	GENERAL REVENUES						
			Operating			Capital					
	Charges		Grants		Grants		General			Other	
Fiscal	Fiscal for		and		and		Property			Local	
Year	r Services		Contributions		Contributions		Taxes			Taxes	
2012	\$	3,216,698	\$	2,539,732	\$	-	\$	5,671,926	\$	620,996	
2013		2,896,267		2,719,685		-		6,376,738		656,466	
2014		2,475,864		2,466,019		14,700		6,532,057		655,146	
2015		1,496,483		2,622,086		-		6,792,526		645,179	
2016		1,847,583		2,551,365		107,362		6,870,777		555,889	
2017		2,614,006		2,379,986		-		7,092,765		626,359	
2018		3,243,054		2,428,003		378,263		7,088,719		681,774	
2019		3,261,253		2,611,459		256,804		7,433,096		715,421	
2020		2,910,765		2,564,893		-		7,525,429		719,051	
2021		2,913,973		4,021,283		-		7,637,383		838,416	

Table 2

		Grants and										
				ontributions								
Un	restricted		Not Restricted									
In	vestment		to Specific									
E	Earnings	Miscellaneous			Programs	Total						
\$	71,039	\$	121,403	\$	1,049,684	\$	13,291,478					
	77,878		125,138		1,038,100		13,890,272					
	98,527		128,806		907,582		13,278,701					
	112,107		146,769		945,964		12,761,114					
	149,616		134,151		1,000,757		13,217,500					
	364,614		184,024		1,061,913		14,323,667					
	407,903		112,484		1,285,109		15,625,309					
656,487			157,171		1,036,085		16,127,776					
	566,402		160,945		1,119,293		15,566,778					
	215,322		42,257		1,014,949		16,683,583					

General													
	Fiscal	Government		Judicial		Public		Public		Health and			
	Year	r Administration		Administration		Safety		Works		Welfare		Education (2)	
	2012	\$	1,219,064	\$	494,712	\$	2,406,039	\$	606,855	\$	2,071,568	\$	11,096,194
	2013		1,167,386		503,509		2,758,906		602,076		1,923,722		11,681,192
	2014		1,224,648		510,798		2,644,137		659,260		1,590,812		10,556,133
	2015		1,194,338		516,483		2,342,193		651,611		1,891,822		9,732,140
	2016		1,263,888		517,169		2,646,102		627,584		1,878,226		9,915,432
	2017		1,244,354		587,171		2,707,378		594,972		1,555,901		10,183,846
	2018		1,253,741		505,564		3,765,212		671,105		1,544,331		10,623,525
	2019		1,336,459		541,802		3,793,061		633,263		1,751,518		10,955,992
	2020		1,442,733		569,688		4,140,073		671,567		1,785,932		11,036,864
	2021		1,508,732		584,665		4,839,874		757,363		1,726,295		12,042,361

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excludes Capital Projects expenditures.

Table 3

	Parks,							
Recreation,		Community		Non-			Debt	
and Cultural		Development		departmental			Service	Total
								_
\$	248,605	\$	475,388	\$	7,495	\$	646,481	\$ 19,272,401
	181,060		770,018		28,373		531,778	20,148,020
	182,296		296,148		17,133		499,048	18,180,413
	165,790		751,644		18,393		901,381	18,165,795
	318,082		319,760		30,166		-	17,516,409
	166,173		322,366		31,401		101,270	17,494,832
	175,984		326,122		42,030		103,853	19,011,467
	185,149		323,279		47,937		106,834	19,675,294
	177,545		373,275		60,490		109,742	20,367,909
	194,266		1,237,169		48,748		136,147	23,075,620

		General		Other	Pı	Permits, rivilege Fees,		Fines		Revenue from the Use of	Charges		
Fiscal	Fiscal Property		Local	Regulatory		and		Money and			for		
Year	Taxes			Taxes		Licenses		Forfeitures		Property		Services	
2012	\$	5,547,286	\$	620,996	\$	61,305	\$	148,693	\$	70,073	\$	3,006,700	
2013		6,320,017		656,466		67,785		128,578		76,630		2,685,995	
2014		6,560,390		655,146		75,948		137,889		97,590		2,274,719	
2015		6,839,256		645,179		32,467		174,516		111,066		1,238,497	
2016		6,738,931		555,889		46,465		115,251		146,225		1,584,546	
2017		7,039,695		626,359		75,492		126,345		226,906		2,311,083	
2018		7,100,602		681,774		40,256		129,866		407,823		2,969,694	
2019		7,445,991		715,421		112,557		232,417		635,627		2,826,855	
2020		7,644,893		719,051		79,501		165,978		547,416		2,595,075	
2021		7,663,772		838,416		118,812		218,547		213,837		2,468,322	

<sup>(1)</sup> Includes General and Special Revenue funds of the Primary Government and its Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

<sup>(2)</sup> Excludes contribution from Primary Government to Discretely Presented Component Unit School Board.

Table 4

		Recovered			Inter-				
Mis	cellaneous	Costs		go	governmental (2)		Total		
\$	121,403	\$	25,839	\$	10,658,460	\$	20,260,755		
	114,768		11,082		11,081,156		21,142,477		
	241,343		27,162		9,411,401		19,481,588		
	195,198		25,871		9,592,652		18,854,702		
	282,055		14,684		9,567,814		19,051,860		
	301,999		17,520		9,767,231		20,492,630		
	234,999		14,412		10,509,123		22,088,549		
	254,828		24,729		10,552,873		22,801,298		
	211,041		15,049		10,365,159		22,343,163		
	81,616		5,450		12,839,286		24,448,058		

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Property Tax Levies and Collections Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Total Tax Levy (1)	Current Tax Collections (1)	Percent of Levy Collected	Delinquent Tax Collections (1)	Total Tax Collections	Percent of Total Tax Collections to Tax Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes (1,2)	Percent of Delinquent Taxes to Tax Levy
2012	\$ 6,361,823	\$ 6,201,968	97.49%	\$ 136,888	\$ 6,338,856	99.64%	\$ 318,242	5.00%
2013	7,154,945	6,928,385	96.83%	152,813	7,081,198	98.97%	337,926	4.72%
2014	7,346,800	7,142,854	97.22%	162,645	7,305,499	99.44%	344,648	4.69%
2015	7,462,951	7,261,520	97.30%	196,812	7,458,332	99.94%	339,885	4.55%
2016	7,538,777	7,248,757	96.15%	182,224	7,430,981	98.57%	483,608	6.41%
2017	7,773,000	7,489,813	96.36%	274,044	7,763,857	99.88%	520,914	6.70%
2018	7,940,634	7,673,480	96.64%	265,213	7,938,693	99.98%	510,367	6.43%
2019	7,998,056	7,735,983	96.72%	214,491	7,950,474	99.41%	471,468	5.89%
2020	8,174,315	7,790,709	95.31%	282,183	8,072,892	98.76%	364,399	4.46%
2021	8,384,225	8,169,769	97.44%	186,710	8,356,479	99.67%	515,106	6.14%

<sup>(1)</sup> Exclusive of penalties and interest.

<sup>(2)</sup> Includes three most current delinquent tax years.

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Assessed Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Real Estate (1)	Personal Property and Mobile Homes (1)	Machinery and Tools	Merchant's Capital	Public Utility (2)  Real Estate	Total
2012	\$ 789,498,710	\$ 68,688,278	\$ 16,700,580	\$ 4,580,483	\$ 22,917,533	\$ 902,385,584
2013	838,291,612	73,948,213	16,121,740	4,729,556	27,120,435	960,211,556
2014	838,941,658	74,051,309	18,834,615	4,367,467	26,982,342	963,177,391
2015	845,030,681	70,865,142	21,508,080	5,224,061	25,554,964	968,182,928
2016	844,188,081	77,906,672	22,452,515	5,497,176	26,983,745	977,028,189
2017	849,148,802	80,425,745	23,003,172	8,166,404	29,634,827	990,378,950
2018	892,880,323	81,506,537	25,620,340	7,713,894	31,363,930	1,039,085,024
2019	890,594,464	81,522,847	25,600,250	7,072,758	33,414,919	1,038,205,238
2020	900,896,646	85,893,437	26,550,338	6,804,866	32,026,052	1,052,171,339
2021	910,238,353	91,623,597	30,590,455	6,363,584	34,300,705	1,073,116,694

<sup>(1)</sup> Real estate and personal property are assessed at 100% of fair market value.

<sup>(2)</sup> Assessed values are established by the State Corporation Commission.

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Property Tax Rates (1) Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Rea	ıl Estate	Personal Property	Merchant's Capital	Machinery and Tools
2012	\$	0.48 \$	3.94	\$ 0.65	\$ 1.10
2013		0.52	3.94	0.65	1.10
2014		0.54	3.94	0.65	1.10
2015		0.54	3.94	0.65	1.10
2016		0.54	3.94	0.65	1.10
2017		0.55	3.94	0.65	1.10
2018		0.53	3.94	0.65	1.10
2019		0.53	3.94	0.65	1.10
2020		0.53	3.94	0.65	1.10
2021		0.53	3.94	0.65	1.10

<sup>(1)</sup> Per \$100 of assessed value.

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Ratio of Net General Bonded Debt to Assessed Value and Net Bonded Debt Per Capita Last Ten Fiscal Years

Fiscal Year	Population (1)		Assessed Value (2)		Gross Bonded Debt (3)		Net Bonded Debt	Ratio of Net Bonded Debt to Assessed Value		Net Bonded Debt per Capita
2012	6,945	\$	902,385,584	\$	499,362	Ś	499,362	0.06%	\$	72
2013	6,945	·	960,211,556	•	240,000	·	240,000	0.02%	•	35
2014	6,945		963,177,391		-		-	N/A		N/A
2015	6,945		968,182,928		-		-	N/A		N/A
2016	6,945		977,028,189		-		-	N/A		N/A
2017	6,945		990,378,950		-		-	N/A		N/A
2018	6,945		1,039,085,024		-		-	N/A		N/A
2019	6,945		1,038,205,238		-		-	N/A		N/A
2020	6,945		1,052,171,339		-		-	N/A		N/A
2021	6,940		1,073,116,694		-		-	N/A		N/A

<sup>(1)</sup> Weldon Cooper Center for Public Service 2010 Census and 2020 Estimate.

<sup>(2)</sup> From Table 6.

<sup>(3)</sup> Includes all long-term general obligation bond, bonded anticipation notes, and literary fund loans. Excludes revenue bonds, capital leases, and compensated absences.



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of King and Queen King and Queen, Virginia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the *Specifications for Audits of Counties, Cities, and Towns*, issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts of the Commonwealth of Virginia, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of County of King and Queen, Virginia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise County of King and Queen, Virginia's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 3, 2021.

## Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

## **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether County of King and Queen, Virginia's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia

Robinson, Farma Cox assocites

December 3, 2021



# ROBINSON, FARMER, COX ASSOCIATES, PLLC

Certified Public Accountants

# Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance for Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance Required by the Uniform Guidance

To the Honorable Members of the Board of Supervisors County of King and Queen King and Queen, Virginia

#### Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited County of King and Queen, Virginia's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of County of King and Queen, Virginia's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021. County of King and Queen, Virginia's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

## Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

## Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of County of King and Queen, Virginia's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about County of King and Queen, Virginia's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of County of King and Queen, Virginia's compliance.

## Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, County of King and Queen, Virginia complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2021.

## Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of County of King and Queen, Virginia is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of County of King and Queen, Virginia's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

Richmond, Virginia December 3, 2021

Robinson, Farma Cox assocites

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	_	Federal enditures
Department of Health and Human Services:				
Direct Payments: COVID-19 - Provider Relief Fund	93.498	Not available	\$	6,062
	73.170	110t available	<del></del>	0,002
Pass-Through Payments: Virginia Department of Education:				
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400120/0400121		33,186
Virginia Department of Social Services:	70.000	0.00.20.0.00.2.		33,.33
Temporary Assistance for Needy Families	93.558	0400120/0400121		92,801
	Total ALN 9	3.558	\$	125,987
MaryLee Allen Promoting Safe and Stable Families Program Refugee and Entrant Assistance State/Replacement Designee	93.556	0950120/0950121	\$	3,382
Administered Programs	93.566	0500121		204
Low-Income Home Energy Assistance	93.568	0600420/0600421		15,031
Child Care Mandatory and Matching Funds of the Child Care and				
Development Fund (CCDF Cluster)	93.596	0760120/0760121		19,718
Stephanie Tubbs Jones Child Welfare Services Program	93.645	0900120/0900121		55
Foster Care - Title IV-E	93.658	1100120/1100121		62,809
Adoption Assistance	93.659	1120120/1120121		72,744
Social Services Block Grant	93.667	1000120/1000121		73,746
John H. Chafee Foster Care Program for Successful Transition to	02.474	045040040450404		0.40
Adulthood	93.674	9150120/9150121		948
Children's Health Insurance Program	93.767	0540120/0540121		1,542
Medical Assistance Program (Medicaid Cluster) Total Department of Health and Human Services-pass through	93.778	1200120/1200121	\$	135,550 385,729
Total Department of Health and Human Services			\$	517,778
United States Department of Agriculture:				
Pass-Through Payments:				
Virginia Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services: Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.555	Not available	ċ	12 520
			\$	12,529
Food Distribution (Child Nutrition Cluster) Virginia Department of Education:	10.559	Not available	\$	311
COVID-19 - Summer Food Service Program for Children				
(Child Nutrition Cluster)	10.559	Not available		30,543
Summer Food Service Program for Children (Child Nutrition				,
Cluster)	10.559	Not available		298,106
	Total ALN 1	0.559	\$	328,960
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			\$	341,489
Virginia Department of Social Services:				
State Administrative Matching Grants for the Supplemental		0010120/0010121/00		
Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP Cluster)	10.561	40120/0050121	\$	181,019
Total United States Department of Agriculture			\$	522,508

## County of King and Queen, Virginia Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

Federal Grantor/State Pass - Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
Department of Justice: Pass-Through Payments: Virginia Department of Criminal Justice Services: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Emergency Supplemental Funding Program	16.034	N/A	\$ 17,277
Election Assistance Commission: Pass-Through Payments: Virginia Department of Elections: COVID-19 - HAVA Election Security Grants	90.404	53505-50797	\$ 43,041
Department of Transportation: Pass-Through Payments: Department of Motor Vehicles: State and Community Highway Safety (Highway Safety Cluster)	20.600	6050700-53454	\$ 26,400
Department of Defense: Direct payments: Junior ROTC	12.xxx	N/A	\$ 63,385
Department of Homeland Security: Pass-Through Payments: Virginia Department of Emergency Management: Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042	7750100-62744	\$ 7,311
Department of the Treasury: Pass-Through Payments: Virginia Department of Accounts: COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF)	21.019	10110-728021	\$ 1,133,849
Virginia Department of Education:  COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund (CRF) - Schools	21.019 Total ALN 2	10110-728021	140,385
Department of Education: Pass-Through Payments: Virginia Tech, University Controller:			
English Language Acquisition State Grants Virginia Department of Education:	84.365	17901-60512	1,768
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Special Education - Grants to States (Special Education Cluster) Special Education - Preschool Grants (Special Education Cluster) Total Special Education Cluster	84.010 84.027 84.173	17901-42901 17901-43071 17901-62521	209,169 222,663 16,967 \$ 239,630
Career and Technical Education - Basic Grants to States COVID-19 - Governor's Emergency Education Relief (GEER) Fund COVID-19 - Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief	84.048 84.425C	17901-61095/61159 Not available	17,867 31,654
(ESSER) Fund	84.425D Total ALN 8	Not available 4.425	179,239 \$ 210,893
Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Student Support and Academic Enrichment Program	84.367 84.424	17901-61480 Not available	28,960 22,192
Total Department of Education Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 730,479 \$ 3,202,413

#### County of King and Queen, Virginia

## Notes to Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

#### Note 1 - Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the Schedule) includes the federal grant activity of the County of King and Queen, Virginia under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2021. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements of Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County of King and Queen, Virginia, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County of King and Queen, Virginia.

#### Note 2 - Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

- (1) Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement.
- (2) Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available.

#### Note 3 - Food Donation

The value of federal awards expended in the form of noncash assistance for food commodities is reported in the schedule.

#### Note 4 - Relationship to Financial Statements

Primary government:

For fiscal years ended (FYE) on or before June 29, 2021, no Provider Relief Fund (PRF) expenditures (including lost revenue) should have been reported on the SEFA. Due to guidance available when the FYE 2020 report was issued, the entity reported \$6,062 of PRF expenditures on the FYE 2020 SEFA with no significant impact on the SEFA. Based on current guidance from the Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), PRF expenditures (including lost revenue) are to be reported on the SEFA based upon PRF reports submitted through the Health Resources and Services Administration (HRSA) reporting portal. Therefore, the amount of PRF expenditures included on the FYE June 30, 2021 SEFA is based upon the PRF reporting portal guidelines for Period 1, as specified by HHS.

Intergovernmental federal revenues per the basic financial statements:

General Fund	\$ 1,884,989
Children's Services Act Fund	2,438
Total primary government	\$ 1,887,427
Component Unit School Board:	
School Operating Fund	\$ 967,435
School Cafeteria Fund	341,489
Total Component Unit School Board	\$ 1,308,924
Add: FY 2020 Provider Relief Funds - Period 1	\$ 6.062

Total federal expenditures per basic financial statements	\$ 3,202,413

Total federal expenditures per the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards \$ 3,202,413

#### Note 5 - Subrecipients

No awards were passed through to subrecipients.

#### Note 6 - De Minimis Cost Rate

The County did not elect to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under Uniform Guidance.

#### Not 7 - Loan Balances

The County has no loans or loan guarantees which are subject to reporting requirements for the current year.

## County of King & Queen, Virginia Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs For the Year Ended June 30, 2021

## **Section I-Summary of Auditors' Results**

There were no prior year audit findings.

<u>Financial Statements</u>	
Type of auditor's report issued:	<u>unmodified</u>
Internal control over financial reporting:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes✓ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes none reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	yes✓no
Federal Awards	
Internal control over major programs:	
Material weakness(es) identified?	yes✓ no
Significant deficiency(ies) identified?	yes none reported
Type of auditors' report issued on compliance	
for major programs:	<u>unmodified</u>
Any findings disclosed that are required to be	
reported in accordance with 2 CFR section 200.5	yes √ no
Identification of major programs:	
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster
21.019	COVID-19 - Coronavirus Relief Fund
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A	
and type B programs:	\$750,000
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	✓ yesno
Section II-Financial Statement Findings	
None	
Section III-Federal Award Findings and Questioned Co	<u>osts</u>
None	
Section IV-Status of Prior Audit Findings	

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